Société d'Investissement à Capital Variable (SICAV)

Annual Report and audited financial statements as at 31/12/24

R.C.S. Luxembourg N B186113

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Organisation and administration

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Board of Directors of the Company Mrs. Sabrina EL ABBADI,

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(until 30 April 2024)

Mr. Thomas ALAMEDDINE

Director,

Tikehau Investment Management, Luxembourg Branch

(since 30 April 2024)

Mr. Jean-Marc DELFIEUX,

Portfolio manager of open-ended funds, Tikehau Investment Management

Mr. Bertrand GIBEAU, Independant director

Report of the Board of Directors

Tikehau Fund - Tikehau SubFin Fund

Postmortem 20241

Looking back at the macroeconomic landscape of 2024, the year was characterized by a steady battle between inflation management and economic resilience. Central banks across the globe faced the delicate task of navigating these opposing forces, often leaning toward caution and waiting for more definitive signals before adjusting their monetary policies. The US economy defied expectations of a sharp economic slowdown, as evidenced by robust growth figures throughout the year. Despite inflation figures still above target, especially in the first half of the year, the Federal Reserve (Fed) appeared increasingly dovish as it balanced the need for continued inflation control with signs of an economic cooldown, notably visible in the job market. While the Fed's path to rate cuts was slower than originally anticipated, it became clearer over the Summer, leading to more optimism in the markets. However, following a -50bps cut in September scepticism about a rapid additional rate cut increased as the Fed had been facing robust economic figures, adverse inflation numbers and uncertainties related to future politics of D. Trump after his election in November. On the other side of the Atlantic, the Eurozone had a more difficult time with economic growth and inflation with increasingly divergent data and thus monetary policy compared to the US. Although the region avoided falling into recession, growth remained weak, and inflationary pressures, while gradually decreasing, were still present notably on the services front. The European Central Bank (ECB) debated the possibility of rate cuts for much of the first semester but kept a cautious approach and held off until June, where a shift towards less restrictive monetary policy seemed more likely based on subdued economic activity and more positive underlying inflation trend. Geopolitical risks, notably from tensions in the Middle East and in Ukraine, political instability in major European economies like France and Germany, US presidential election and shifting policies on tariffs added uncertainty to the economic and inflation outlook. Globally, central banks seemed to take a broadly similar stance, waiting for clearer evidence that inflation was on a sustainable downward trajectory before committing to rate cuts. However, despite this cautious approach, market expectations of a rapid reduction in rates were consistently revised downward as the year unfolded. The combination of resilient economic growth in some areas and the ongoing fight against inflation meant that central banks had to balance competing priorities. As such, most of 2024 was about waiting and watching for central banks and the path forward has remained subject to a fragile balance of political risks, geopolitical tensions, and economic uncertainties.

In 2024, European banks have demonstrated remarkable resilience with only specific areas requiring increased attention (Commercial real Estate, UK Motor Finance). The sector continued to benefit from higher for longer interest rates: although interest revenues have now peaked in most geographies, they have remained largely ahead compared to the period preceding the latest rates hike cycle. Moreover, revenue from fees and commissions remained robust and should represent an attractive growth driver going forward, supporting revenue diversification. Costs management was effective despite the inflationary context and continued investments within the sector, and while provisions increased slightly in some cases loan portfolios have remained healthy with low default rates overall. As a result, profitability has been solid. Southern Europe overperformed with credit fundamentals continuing to converge towards Eurozone average. Greek banks for instance were a strong showcase, which resulted in ratings upgrades to Investment Grade at the Senior level and ability to resume dividend payments - a sign of the region's normalization since the 2008 financial crisis. M&A activity picked up drastically: in the UK Nationwide acquired Virgin Money and Coventry purchased Coop Bank, in Spain BBVA has launched a hostile takeover approach on Sabadell, UniCredit took a significant stake in Commerzbank while formally offering to acquire Banco BPM, among other smaller transactions and bolt-on investments across Europe. 2024 also saw significant capital markets activity, particularly in the Additional Tier 1 (AT1) segment with close to €47bn new issues (+54% compared to 2023) and notably a record-setting month of September. Strong fundamentals, attractive all-in yield and relative value (compared to Tier 2/Senior and High Yield corporates), high cash balances in the market supported by continued inflows and limited net supply given continued tender offers and calls (all AT1 with first call dates in 2024 were redeemed), are all drivers behind very favourable market conditions and solid performance of the Subordinated Financials debt asset class as a whole. The ICE BofA Contingent Capital Index (Coco Index) posted a +11.0% performance in 2024 (total return, EUR hedged) and the ICE BofA Euro Financial Subordinated & Lower Tier 2 Index (Tier 2 Index) a +6.8% performance (total return).

2025 Outlook ²

We remain very confident with the fundamentals of the European banking sector. Q3 2024 results were very good: profitability was slightly up thanks to 1) resilient interest income, 2) good costs management and 3) new risk provisions reducing compared to previous quarter on aggregate and therefore still at low levels; asset quality was very robust and capital ratios remained at their highest level. The European Central Bank highlighted the good health of the sector in its 2024 prudential assessment. On the other hand, we remain more cautious about institutions with high exposure to commercial real estate, where the risks of deterioration and/or defaults within loan portfolios are still important. In our view, the market risks are therefore greater, in particular the risk of increased interest rates volatility which, as we often pointed out throughout the year, was the driver behind the main corrections in risky assets in 2024. Market expectations around future rate cuts by central banks were often too optimistic in 2024 in our view, sustaining the risk of interest rates volatility in a context where risk premiums had otherwise tightened almost continuously since the end of 2023. This is why we remain cautious about interest rate duration risk (particularly on the USD side, where spreads are tighter than in the EUR universe), and therefore about longer bonds (AT1 with first call date in 2030 or longer, Tier 2 and Senior with final maturity or call date in 2030 or longer). We also remain defensive towards French bonds (AT1, RT1, Tier 2 and Senior) given the level of political uncertainty and the potential economic and fiscal consequences for the country; we believe that the OAT is likely to remain under pressure in the short/medium term.

In this context, we see the most value in high-coupon bonds with low-to-moderate interest rate duration risk, issued in EUR and by fundamentally sound institutions. In terms of instruments, AT1 bonds remain attractive when applying these filters, in our view, with a more attractive yield relative to the rest of the capital structure and an additional risk/return premium over the High Yield corporate universe. We believe this segment offers the most attractive risk/return profile at the moment.

In terms of capital markets activity, we expect another substantial year of supply in 2025, although likely down from the large amounts issued in 2024 – taking into consideration the level of early pre-refinancing completed in 2024 as markets have been very receptive to new transactions. We expect a lower level of gross AT1 issuance around €35-40bn (with limited but positive net supply up to €5bn), Bank Tier 2 over €40bn and Bank Senior in the €260bn area (broadly balanced between Preferred/Non-Preferred). Subordinated Insurance should remain in the €10-15bn range while issuers should continue to look at the RT1 market given large issuance capacity in this segment and upcoming end of Solvency II

¹ Tikehau Investment Management / Bloomberg as of 31.12.2024

² Tikehau Investment Management / European Central Bank as of 31.12.2024

Report of the Board of Directors

grandfathering period in 2025 (we could see possibly up to €5bn gross new issuance depending on market conditions). We will continue to apply a rigorous selection process for our participation into new primary transactions.

Tikehau Subfin Fund³

The fund reported a +11.2% performance on the I-ACC-EUR share in 2024, overperforming its composite benchmark by +3.8pts over the period while also managing volatility as illustrated by a 3.4% Sharpe ratio (+2.2pts compared to composite benchmark). Banks contributed +13.2% total, notably driven by the AT1 bucket (+9.2%) thanks to allocation effect (60% average weight in 2024), selection effect (strong credit convictions) and strategy based on carry, moderate duration and selective participation into new primary transactions. Tier 2 (Banks and Insurance) contributed +2.1% supported by a geographical bias towards South Europe and very granular coverage of the Financials sector. Legacy instruments contributed +1.1% with the broader asset class gradually disappearing in line with regulatory evolution. Banks Senior contributed close to +1.0%, a positive contribution from a more defensive exposure with investments in smaller domestic retail banks in southern and central Europe. Insurance RT1 contributed +0.8%. More generally, our strong convictions towards domestic "local" retail institutions, through instruments with good technical aspects (large coupons and resets, short to moderate duration), contributed strongly to performance in 2024. Our exposures to southern Europe (banks from Spain, Italy, Portugal, Greece and Cyprus) performed very well, contributing +5.6% to the portfolio over the period. These institutions benefited from a continued tightening of risk premiums through their capital structure, thanks to solid operating performance and convergence of key credit indicators towards European averages. UK banks also performed well (+2.8% contribution), benefiting in part from 1) some reallocation from France, where the political situation has deteriorated sharply since the dissolution of the Assemblée Nationale in June, and where the horizon remains highly uncertain, and 2) favourable technical support on the AT1 segment for USD and GBP issues by domestic issuers (in addition to a positive scarcity effect on the GBP portion). In terms of duration: the 3-5 year segment contributed +6.5% in 2024, the 1-3 year segment +4.8% and the longer segments (5+ years) +1.4%.

We gradually positioned the fund more defensively towards the end of 2024 given strong spread tightening since the end of 2023 especially within the AT1 segment. We have maintained an overweight position on AT1 given a yield judged to be attractive on an absolute basis in our view compared to the other parts of the capital structure (Tier 2, Senior). That being said, a decent amount of the AT1 bucket is invested in bonds with 2025-2026 first call dates as of 31/12/2024 and the bulk of exposures have moderate rate duration risk (i.e. investments in 2027-2029 call dates). Longer AT1 bonds are mostly new issues we participated in in 2024. We are comfortable with this construction of the AT1 layer of the portfolio going into 2025 (i.e. focus on carry and moderate interest rate duration), with easy reallocation possible into selective new primary transactions if and where we see value and/or in case of unjustified market sell-off. We will also continue to implement arbitrage and optimization trades in the secondary market when we see opportunities judged to be interesting. More generally, the moderate duration approach is also reflected at broader portfolio level with an interest rate duration that has remained below 2.5 years. Exposure to Tier 2 and Bank Senior bonds i.e. more defensive pockets of the portfolio, have remained broadly stable with a continued geographical bias towards southern Europe (Spain, Italy, Portugal, Greece, Cyprus) where we continue to implement a granular, bottom-up approach to issuer and bond selection. The Legacy segment has continued to contribute to portfolio resilience while underlying instruments have been gradually disappearing. Most recent actions from European banks (e.g. BFCM, AIB, CIC) and insurance companies (e.g. SCOR, Achmea) along with renewed calls from both the Bank Of England and the European Banking Authorities for banks to address the "infection" risk posed by remaining instruments comfort our view that these should be addressed in the near term – also noting the June 20

As of 31/12/2024, the metrics were the following:

Yield to worst: 5.52%
Yield to maturity: 5.83%
Rates duration: 2.49y
Spread duration: 2.73y
Average coupon: 6.89%
Average rating: BB+
Average spread: 383bps
High Yield exposure: 58.66%

Subordinated Financials exposure: 87.82% of which 61.06% AT1 and 5.18% RT1

³ Tikehau Investment Management / Bloomberg as of 31.12 .2024 Past performance does not predict future return.

Report of the Board of Directors

Tikehau Fund - Tikehau Short Duration

Post mortem 2024⁴

The first half of 2024 was marked by a mix of economic resilience, shifting monetary policies, and political turbulence.

Global markets started strong, buoyed by optimism over soft landings in major economies despite lingering geopolitical tensions, such as Houthi rebel attacks disrupting shipping routes in January. Inflation trends varied regionally, with the Eurozone seeing disinflation progress, while the U.S. maintained a cautious stance on rate cuts. Equity markets surged early in the year, reaching new highs, driven by strong corporate earnings (e.g., Nvidia) and Al-related enthusiasm. However, the momentum slowed by April as inflation stabilized above targets, particularly in the Eurozone, where the ECB adopted a wait-and-see approach. Bond markets experienced significant volatility, reflecting evolving rate expectations. May saw renewed optimism as inflation eased in the U.S., but hawkish rhetoric from central banks tempered enthusiasm. By June, political risk resurfaced, with France dissolving its National Assembly, U.K. elections signalling a Labour victory, and uncertainty over U.S. presidential candidates. The ECB and Fed maintained cautious stances, citing persistent core inflation, while global growth showed signs of slowing. Despite political uncertainty and inflation challenges, markets displayed resilience, driven by robust economic data, a tightening labour market, and an active credit market, particularly in Europe's high-yield space. However, the semester closed with elevated volatility, reflecting the complex interplay of economic, monetary, and political forces.

The second semester of 2024 was marked by significant economic, political, and financial developments across the globe. The period began with concerns over inflation, economic slowdown, and unemployment in the US, while Europe experienced moderate inflation and sluggish growth. Central banks, including the Fed and ECB, shifted from rate hikes to cuts, attempting to balance inflationary pressures with weakening economic activity. In the US, a cooling labour market and declining inflation led the Fed to implement a 50 bps rate cut in September, sparking optimism of a soft landing. Europe saw similar moves, although its economic recovery lagged behind. Political developments, such as the delicate parliamentary situation in France, geopolitical tensions in the Middle East, and the US presidential election in November, heavily influenced market sentiment. Donald Trump's victory and his trade tariffs sparked mixed reactions, boosting US equity markets while raising concerns over trade relations and inflation. Market performance varied, with US equities outperforming European counterparts in November, only for Europe to regain ground in December. Bond markets experienced volatility, influenced by shifting monetary policy and fiscal uncertainties. High-yield credit outperformed investment-grade assets, benefiting from falling rates earlier in the semester but facing challenges as rates rebounded toward the year-end. Overall, 2024's second half was characterized by economic divergence between the US and Europe, monetary policy recalibration, and heightened political uncertainty, all contributing to fluctuating markets and cautious investor sentiment.

Table Main Market Performance Recap 20245

| Index | 2024 perf |
|-------------------------|--------------|
| Euro IG (ER00) | 4.67% |
| Euro HY (HECO) | 8.63% |
| Fin Senior (EB00) | 5.28% |
| CoCo index (EUR hedged) | 11.02% |
| Tier 2 Index | 6.81% |
| S&P 500 | 24.77% |
| S&P 500 Financials | 30.22% |
| Stoxx 600 | 9.54% |
| Stoxx 600 Banks | 35.03% |

Tikehau Short Duration

2024 review and 2025 outlook⁶

The I-ACC-EUR class ended the year with a 5.12% YTD performance, the R-ACC-EUR class showed a 4.55% performance, while the EUR IG 1-3Y index ER01 did a +4.62% performance in 2024.

In 2024, risky assets continued their upward trend, driven by:

- i. Ongoing disinflation on both sides of the Atlantic, fuelling the current cycle of interest rate cuts;
- ii.A macroeconomic environment that proved resilient overall, particularly in the United States;
- iii. Positive fundamentals, although progressively normalizing;
- iv. Monetary and fiscal stimulus measures deployed worldwide.

Although the main performance drivers remain in place (monetary and fiscal stimulus, ongoing disinflation, macroeconomic resilience and earnings growth deemed attractive), some uncertainties persist in markets marked with high valuations.

In this context, Tikehau Short Duration's duration currently stands at 0.9 year, consistent with the portfolio's defensive positioning, which is designed to limit duration to a maximum of 1 year in accordance with the constraints set out in the prospectus. We intend to maintain the portfolio's duration at this level for the foreseeable future, as we maintain the view that the short-end of the curve remains attractive due to the anticipated monetary and fiscal uncertainties that will likely drive significant rates volatility in 2025.

⁴ Tikehau Investment Management - 31.12.2024

⁵ Bloomberg, ICE - 31.12.2024

⁶ Tikehau Investment Management, Bloomberg, ICE - 31.12.2024

Report of the Board of Directors

Furthermore, the portfolio's beta stands at 0.90 relative to the IG 1-3 Year Index (ER01®) and 0.53 relative to an index composed of 65% IG 1-3 Year Index (ER01®) and 35% HY 1-3 Year Index (H1EC®), used for information purpose only. Our current exposure to the high-yield segment is 31%, with 22% allocated to non-financial issuers. This exposure is concentrated in securities for which we anticipate refinancing within the next 18 months, even in the event of tightening market conditions and rising interest rates.

Consistent with the end of 2024, we are maintaining our exposure to subordinated financials above 20% and have increased the allocation to AT1s to half of this exposure. This decision reflects our strong conviction in this segment, particularly for the shorter maturities, where we believe bonds exhibit very low extension risk while providing a yield premium relative to equivalent-rated corporate bonds, making them particularly attractive. Regarding senior financials, currently at 23%, we favour exposure to "peripheral" banks that are leaders in their respective markets. This strategy aims to diversify our exposure from core senior banks while seeking more attractive yields, with risk premiums ranging between 100 and 200 bps, for high-quality banks with Investment Grade ratings.

However, this more defensive positioning in terms of beta and duration does not suggest lower yield prospects, particularly due to our selectivity and portfolio construction, which incorporates a diverse range of asset classes.

Report of the Board of Directors

Tikehau Fund - Tikehau International Cross Assets

I. Market review⁷

In 2024, risky assets continued their upward trend, buoyed by: I) ongoing disinflation on both sides of the Atlantic, fuelling the current cycle of falling interest rates; II) a macroeconomic environment that proved resilient overall, particularly in the USA; III) fundamentals that remained positive, albeit in the process of normalizing; IV) monetary and fiscal stimulus deployed worldwide.

In credit markets, we saw technical support for European High Yield, as well as fundamentals that remained generally positive, albeit normalizing. As a result, credit risk premiums tightened on both sides of the Atlantic, and High Yield outperformed Investment Grade in both Europe and the USA

The last quarter was marked by increased volatility in equity markets, influenced by several factors: on the one hand, significant interest rate tensions on both sides of the Atlantic, and on the other, generally positive economic indicators, particularly in the United States. At the same time, despite inflation indexes stagnating at above-target levels, some central banks cut their key rates. Finally, the election of Donald Trump as President of the United States also contributed to this instability.

The tension on interest rates is mainly due to the sharp reduction in the Fed's rate cut expectations for 2025. The Federal Reserve will have to juggle between persistently high services inflation, the perceived restrictive nature of current monetary policy, and the economic priorities of the new US presidential administration.

II. Tikehau International Cross Assets ("InCA")

Information on the financial performance of each share class is disclosed in the dedicated section of this annual report.

1. The Equity Component 8

1.1 Performance contribution 9

Since the beginning of 2024, the equity bucket of the fund (excluding derivatives) has been a positive contributor to performance before fees (+2.6% gross contribution). Our equity portfolio remains concentrated, with an average of 30 stocks in various sectors and geographical zones.

The main contributing sector to the performance of the equity portfolio was the technology sector. At the end of the year, this exposure represented 19% of the equity portfolio. This segment represents a major opportunity for expansion according to our analysis, with many companies posting double-digit growth rates, particularly those in the Cloud and Software sub-sectors, the main areas of exposure for the Tikehau International Cross Assets equity portfolio.

The consumer discretionary sector also made a positive contribution. Our exposure in this sector is diversified, with investments in luxury goods, e-commerce, US housing construction and tourism. We made no significant changes to our portfolio of investments in this sector during the period.

We continue to see value in a number of companies in the consumer staples sector, but their contribution to performance remains negative overall. The operating performance of many companies remains weak due to weak consumer spending in several key regions2 (China, USA, Europe), as consumers continue to absorb several years of inflation-driven price rises.

Main positive contributors for 2024

- Arista Networks +0.81%
- Amazon +0.70%
- Alphabet +0.53%

The marked appreciation in Arista Networks' (Network Equipment) share price in 2024 has been underpinned by strong results: significant investments in the Cloud by its customers, together with market share gains, continue to drive firm expansion in sales and margins in 2024. The group's AI solutions are also showing promising signs as an additional growth driver from 2025 onwards; Arista management expects AI-related revenues to reach \$1.5 billion next year.

Our investment in Amazon (e-commerce and Cloud) has appreciated since the beginning of the year, underpinned by continued solid sales growth in its key divisions (e-commerce, AWS and digital advertising) and by margin expansion resulting from management's increased focus on cost efficiency after several years of overinvestment.

Alphabet's performance (Digital Advertising and Cloud) was underpinned by several favorable dynamics. The Group's pace of growth has accelerated significantly across all major divisions, and efforts to streamline its cost base are beginning to bear fruit, leading to a notable increase in the Group's growth expectations. Alphabet's steady progress in developing its artificial intelligence solutions has also reassured observers of the Group's competitiveness in this key area.

⁷ Source: Bloomberg

⁸ Data as of 31/12/2024. Past performance does not predict future return. Information relating to issuers and, where applicable, their financial instruments or financial instruments in this section is provided for information purposes only and is not intended as advice or a recommendation in respect of any investment product, strategy, issuer and/or its financial instruments, investment characteristic or for any other purpose in any jurisdiction, nor as a commitment by the fund to (re)participate in any of the transactions mentioned. It contributes to illustrate the contribution of the fund's performance over the period in question and is not necessary representative of the exact composition of the portfolio at the end of the said period. Sources: Tikehau Investment Management, Bloomberg.

⁹ Data as of 31/12/2024. Past performance does not predict future return. Sources: Tikehau Investment Management, Bloomberg.

Report of the Board of Directors

Top 3 negative contributors in 2024:

- Davide Campari -0.49%
- Starbucks -0.27%
- Pernod Ricard -0.21%

Davide Campari (Consumer Staples) has been the biggest detractor from the performance of the equity portfolio since the beginning of the year. The share price has been adversely affected by several factors, starting with the dilution associated with the capital increase to finance the acquisition of Courvoisier. The uncertain short-term outlook for growth in demand for spirits in the industry also continued to weigh. Finally, the sudden departure of the recently appointed CEO has raised questions about the Group's strategy.

Starbucks (Consumer Discretionary) corrected after a second quarter deemed disappointing, particularly in the US, where comparable sales growth declined, with management justifications we consider unconvincing. We still consider the asset attractive, but have decided to sell our investment in Starbucks due to the lack of visibility on the evolution of the strategy.

Pernod Ricard (Consumer Staples) suffered from concerns about weak demand for spirits, mainly in the USA and China, two countries accounting for around 30% of its sales. The risk of Chinese customs duties on Pernod's cognac and Martell brand, the group's biggest brand in China, also weighed on the share price.

1.2 Main movements within the equity component

Since the beginning of the year, we have invested in several companies: Zoetis (Healthcare), a leader in animal health, which is exposed to the structural trend towards the humanization of pets and the increase in healthcare expenditure linked to dogs and cats in particular, and Pernod Ricard (Consumer Staples), a leader in the spirits industry, which we believe should benefit from the premiumization of spirits consumption and the penetration potential of international brands in emerging countries such as China and India. EssilorLuxottica (healthcare) an eyewear market leader (dominant market share), active in the manufacture of lenses (Essilor) and frames (Ray-Ban and many others), and with an extensive store network.

We have also invested in several companies which we believe will benefit from the energy transition, and which had recently underperformed: Terna (utilities), a monopoly in electricity transmission in Italy, with a track record of large, complex investments; and Iberdrola (utilities), a major player in the infrastructure theme of the energy transition, with 80% of its activities regulated.

Finally, at the end of the year, we initiated exposure to the US banking sector, which should benefit from persistently high interest rates and the prospect of deregulation by the new US administration, according to our analysis.

We sold our investment in Heineken (consumer staples) following a disappointing operating performance, in order to reallocate to companies in the same sector that we consider to be of better quality. We also sold our investment in Colgate (consumer staples) after the stock performed well, reducing the attractiveness of its risk/return profile. We also sold our investment in Reckitt (consumer staples) due to weak operating performance and increased regulatory risks. As mentioned above, we also sold our investment in Starbucks (consumer discretionary).

The Credit component 10

2.1 Performance contribution 11

The gross performance of the credit bucket since the start of the year has been significant (+5.9%, representing 72% of the gross performance of the fund), underpinned by strong performances from both subordinated financial bonds and non-financial High Yield issuers, which account for 88% of credit exposure.

Our exposure to subordinated financial bonds was the biggest contributor to the fund's performance during this period (+2.9% gross contribution). Senior financial bonds also made a positive contribution (0.7% gross). At the end of 2024, 48.4% of the fund's credit portfolio was exposed to financial bonds (39% to subordinated financial bonds and 9.4% to senior financial bonds). This reflects our conviction in the banking sector, whose 3rd quarter results published in the autumn confirmed its strong operating trend (return on equity up to 11.1%) and its fundamental soundness, underlined by the ECB during its annual risk control exercise (SREP). Interest income remained resilient despite the start of rate cuts, while costs remained under control despite inflation. Asset quality remained solid, with a non-performing loan ratio of only 1.9%. The average capitalization ratio (Core Equity Tier 1 at 16%) remains at a high level, while the Total Capital ratio reached an all-time high of 20.1%.

Exposure to the Corporate High Yield segment, which rose steadily over the year (from 44.6% at end-September to 48.7% at end-December), made a positive contribution to fund performance (+2.3%). Indeed, risk premiums on the European High Yield index (ICE BofA Euro High Yield Constrained Index®) narrowed by 30 basis points (from 367 bps to 337 bps) for a performance of 1.77% over the 4th quarter, and by 85 basis points for a performance of 8.61% over the full year . At the same time, the European High Yield market once again benefited from strong technical support (inflows into a contracting European High Yield market, a primary market focused on refinancing solutions, more and more refinancing through syndicated loans, and more rising stars than fallen angels) and fundamentals that remained positive overall, albeit normalizing.

The 3 main positive contributors for 2024 are:

- Piraeus +0.23%
- Unicredit +0.19%

¹⁰ Data as of 31/12/2024. Past performance does not predict future return. Information relating to issuers and, where applicable, their financial instruments or financial instruments in this section is provided for information purposes only and is not intended as advice or a recommendation in respect of any investment product, strategy, issuer and/or its financial instruments, investment characteristic or for any other purpose in any jurisdiction, nor as a commitment by the fund to (re)participate in any of the transactions mentioned. It contributes to illustrate the contribution of the fund's performance over the period in question and is not necessary representative of the exact composition of the portfolio at the end of the said period. Sources: Tikehau Investment Management, Bloomberg.

11 Data as of 31/12/2024. Past performance does not predict future return. Sources: Tikehau Investment Management, Bloomberg

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■ BCP +0.17%

The top three contributors to the credit bucket over 2024 are all banks located in Europe's so-called "peripheral" countries (Greece, Italy, Portugal), underlining the significant progress made by these issuers over the last few years, both in terms of operations and balance sheet strength. Investors were not mistaken, and demand for these issuers was strong throughout the year, supported by the significant fall in the credit risk premium in peripheral countries.

PIRAEUS (Senior Preferred 6.75% 2029, Dated Subordinated 7.25% 2034 and Perpetual Subordinated 8.75% AT1 call 2026 and 9.75% AT1 call 2024): These securities benefited from Piraeus Bank's (Greece's largest bank) ongoing efforts to improve asset quality, profitability and regulatory capitalization. The enhanced profile of the issuer and of the Greek banking sector as a whole has been reaffirmed by an upward revision of credit ratings, once again in 2024.

UniCredit Perpetual Bonds (CASHES perpetual debt, not rated by rating agencies; perpetual bonds AT1 calls 2024, 2027 and 2031): The Unicredit CASHES perpetual bond is one of the best contributors to performance within subordinated financials in 2024: +29%.11 AT1 subordinated instruments were supported by this positive operating trend and strong investor appetite for exposure to Italy and other peripheral countries.

BCP (Banco Comercial Português, subordinated bonds dated 2027 and 2030, perpetual bond AT1 call 2029): This Portuguese bank remains one of the strongest contributors to year-to-date performance. The bank, like Piraeus and other peripheral banks, has benefited from years of improvement in its risk profile (capitalization, profitability, asset enhancement), but also from the fall in Portugal's risk premium.

The 3 main negative contributors for 2024 are:

- iQera -0.20%
- Garfunkelux -0.06%
- Reno de Medici -0.02%

The fund's exposure to the Debt Collectors Agencies sector was low in the portfolio (1%). However, movements of bonds in this sector were significant, and two members of this segment (iQera 27 and Garfunkel 25) represented the two biggest detractors from the fund's performance over the year.

iQera FRN 2027 (Financial Services, S&P rating CCC+). A debt restructuring agreement was reached in the fourth quarter between lenders and shareholders. An Accelerated Safeguard Plan was opened in December 2024 to support the implementation of the restructuring. One of the industry's leading players (Arrow) has taken shareholder control of the company.

Garfunkel 6.75% 2025 (Financial Services, S&P rating CCC+). Garfunkel is experiencing a similar development to iQera. The company announced a refinancing in December (which is a restructuring and extension of existing bonds) that was accepted by over 50% of bondholders. The borrower is now in discussions with senior creditors and is expected to execute its refinancing in the first quarter of 2025.

Reno de Medici (SAFFA Float 04/15/29) also made a negative contribution to the fund's performance in 2024. While commodities rebounded faster than expected, the company published forecasts at the time of issue in March indicating a price increase which the management team was ultimately unable to see through. The remaining exposure to this issuer was sold in September, mainly due to pressure on margins, which led to a decline in liquidity to levels deemed too low, creating a liquidity risk according to our analysis

2.2 Main movements within the credit component

Credit exposure remained significant and stable (between 60% and 65% of the portfolio) throughout 2024. While the disinflation process in Europe appears to be underway, the prospect of further cuts in key ECB interest rates has boosted risky assets and should continue to support financial markets and economic activity over the coming quarters.

The fund's exposure to credit reflects the team's strong convictions in the High Yield and subordinated financial bonds segments. These two segments account for the bulk of exposure, and their combined weight has been gradually increased throughout the year (69% of the credit bucket at the end of December 2023, 79% in March 2024, 83% in June, 84% in September, 88% in December), against a backdrop of weak but steady economic growth in Europe, strong momentum in allocation flows to these two segments, and lower refinancing rates enabling issuers to refinance short-term maturities.

Overall exposure to financial bonds (senior and subordinated) was stable over the year (between 48% and 52%), while allocation to the High Yield segment saw the biggest increase (+13 percentage points, from 35% of bond exposure to 48.7% in December 2024) at the expense of Investment Grade bonds.

3. Hedging 12

We end 2024 with a negative performance of -0.6% for equity derivatives, i.e. 23% of the 2.6% return on equities. By way of comparison, from 2019 to 2023 the negative performance of derivative positions represented between 31% and 102% of the performance of the equity bucket. The relatively low cost of hedging in 2024 testifies to the increasingly frequent and effective use of options to bring positive asymmetry to the portfolio and thus a more efficient yield/cost ratio.

¹² Data as of 31/12/2024. Past performance does not predict future return. The information relating to financial instruments in section does not constitute investment advice or a recommendation for investment. It represents the contribution of financial instruments to the fund's performance over the period in question and is not necessary representative of the exact composition of the portfolio at the end of the said period. Sources: Tikehau Investment Management, Bloomberg.

Report of the Board of Directors

In addition, we were agile in our use of derivatives to gain exposure to rising markets when we felt it was appropriate. For example, following profit-taking on derivative strategies from August 1 to August 5, we set up a short position on the VIX, on which we took significant profits. Overall, the derivatives segment made a positive contribution of 29 basis points in August.

4. Positionning 13

Net exposure management

Net equity exposure has been significantly increased since the beginning of the year, rising from 19% in December 2023 to 32% in December 2024, with a peak exposure of 38% during the fourth quarter. The investment environment continues to be underpinned by expectations of rate cuts in Europe and the feeling that the new US administration's economic program is favorable to growth, perhaps at the risk of lower inflation and therefore a much more measured pace of Fed rate cuts. This increase in exposure has been achieved through a combination of reducing market hedges and adding new stocks to the portfolio in sectors sensitive to rate cuts in Europe, such as real estate and utilities, and in sectors that could benefit from an extended economic cycle in the US and market rates remaining higher for longer (cyclical industrials, banks).

Equity portfolio positioning

At a time when US equities present historically high multiples and the risk of higher interest rates in the US for longer is heightened by the outcome of the US presidential election, we have shifted the portfolio's geographical exposure towards US/Europe parity (the US had accounted for the majority of our exposure over the year, at around 60%). European exposure is still disfavoured by investors, as valuation multiples already incorporate many of the risks identified by investors, and are a record 40% lower than in the US.15 According to our analysis, Europe could benefit from decreasing political risk (Germany, France), a possible economic stimulus from the next German government, and potentially from the Chinese domestic economic support program. In addition, we identify major trends in Europe, such as the strengthening of defence capabilities, a theme we expect to continue for several years.

We have also reduced our exposure to the Consumer Staples sector, which in our view still offer attractive valuations and prospects, but which are not supported by investor buying momentum.

Exposure to the technology sector was slightly reduced from the second quarter onwards to take account of the strong performance at the start of the year, but remains significant. As mentioned above, we have increased our exposure to US financials, particularly the big banks, which should benefit from persistently high rates, steeper yield curves and lighter regulation.

Credit portfolio positioning.

Credit risk premiums have tightened since the beginning of the year, and are now at historically less attractive levels. However, yields across the different segments of the credit market remain among the highest of the last 10 years (excluding the Covid period), making credit a sought-after product for its overall, above-inflation return.

The portfolio's sensitivity to interest-rate risk was lowered throughout the year to reflect the significant fall in risk-free rates during this period (2.4 years at end-December 2023, 2.1 years at end-September 2024, 2.2 years at the end of December 2024) and kept at a fairly low level, to take account of the risk of less monetary easing in the United States and the possibility of a rebuilding of the term premium on the long maturities of sovereign debt (large public deficits in Western countries, which will have to be financed by an increase in public debt). The significant rise in US and European interest rates since mid-December 2024 reflects these two market fears, and could lead us to tactically increase our interest-rate sensitivity.

Our credit exposure at the end of September reflects our two unchanged convictions: a preference for financial bonds, in particular subordinated financial bonds (48.4% of the credit bucket, of which 39% is subordinated), and European High Yield (48.7% of the credit bucket at end 2024).

At 31/12/2024, the metrics were the following:

Yield to worst: 5.5%Rates duration: 2.2ySpread duration: 2.5yAverage maturity: 4.1

Average rating: BB-

¹³ Data as of 31/12/2024. Sources: Tikehau Investment Management, Bloomberg.

Report of the Board of Directors

Tikehau Fund - Tikehau Impact Credit

Post mortem 2024¹⁴

The first half of 2024 was marked by a mix of economic resilience, shifting monetary policies, and political turbulence.

Global markets started strong, buoyed by optimism over soft landings in major economies despite lingering geopolitical tensions, such as Houthi rebel attacks disrupting shipping routes in January. Inflation trends varied regionally, with the Eurozone seeing disinflation progress, while the U.S. maintained a cautious stance on rate cuts. Equity markets surged early in the year, reaching new highs, driven by strong corporate earnings (e.g., Nvidia) and Al-related enthusiasm. However, the momentum slowed by April as inflation stabilized above targets, particularly in the Eurozone, where the ECB adopted a wait-and-see approach. Bond markets experienced significant volatility, reflecting evolving rate expectations. May saw renewed optimism as inflation eased in the U.S., but hawkish rhetoric from central banks tempered enthusiasm. By June, political risk resurfaced, with France dissolving its National Assembly, U.K. elections signalling a Labour victory, and uncertainty over U.S. presidential candidates. The ECB and Fed maintained cautious stances, citing persistent core inflation, while global growth showed signs of slowing. Despite political uncertainty and inflation challenges, markets displayed resilience, driven by robust economic data, a tightening labour market, and an active credit market, particularly in Europe's high-yield space. However, the semester closed with elevated volatility, reflecting the complex interplay of economic, monetary, and political forces.

The second semester of 2024 was marked by significant economic, political, and financial developments across the globe. The period began with concerns over inflation, economic slowdown, and unemployment in the US, while Europe experienced moderate inflation and sluggish growth. Central banks, including the Fed and ECB, shifted from rate hikes to cuts, attempting to balance inflationary pressures with weakening economic activity. In the US, a cooling labour market and declining inflation led the Fed to implement a 50 bps rate cut in September, sparking optimism of a soft landing. Europe saw similar moves, although its economic recovery lagged behind. Political developments, such as the delicate parliamentary situation in France, geopolitical tensions in the Middle East, and the US presidential election in November, heavily influenced market sentiment. Donald Trump's victory and his trade tariffs sparked mixed reactions, boosting US equity markets while raising concerns over trade relations and inflation. Market performance varied, with US equities outperforming European counterparts in November, only for Europe to regain ground in December. Bond markets experienced volatility, influenced by shifting monetary policy and fiscal uncertainties. High-yield credit outperformed investment-grade assets, benefiting from falling rates earlier in the semester but facing challenges as rates rebounded toward the year-end. Overall, 2024's second half was characterized by economic divergence between the US and Europe, monetary policy recalibration, and heightened political uncertainty, all contributing to fluctuating markets and cautious investor sentiment.

Table Main Market Performance Recap 2024¹⁵

| | 2024 |
|-------------------------|--------|
| Index | perf |
| Euro IG (ER00) | 4.67% |
| Euro HY (HECO) | 8.63% |
| Fin Senior (EB00) | 5.28% |
| CoCo index (EUR hedged) | 11.02% |
| Tier 2 Index | 6.81% |
| S&P 500 | 24.77% |
| S&P 500 Financials | 30.22% |
| Stoxx 600 | 9.54% |
| Stoxx 600 Banks | 35.03% |

Tikehau Impact Credit

2024 review and 2025 outlook¹⁶

The I-ACC-EUR class ended the year with a 7.59% YTD performance, while the Global High Yield ESG Tilt index HWSG did a +7.25% performance hedged in euros in 2024.

In 2024, risky assets continued their upward trend, driven by:

- ii.Ongoing disinflation on both sides of the Atlantic, fuelling the current cycle of interest rate cuts;
- iii.A macroeconomic environment that proved resilient overall, particularly in the United States;
- iv. Positive fundamentals, although progressively normalizing;
- v.Monetary and fiscal stimulus measures deployed worldwide.

Throughout 2024, the bond fund navigated shifting market conditions with a focus on strategic sector allocations, interest rate exposure, and sustainable investments. Early in the year, outperformance was driven by exposure to European subordinated financials and selective primary market participation, including THOM Europe's sustainability-linked bond. A lower sensitivity to rising US interest rates further supported gains in February and April.

¹⁴ Tikehau Investment Management - 31.12.2024

¹⁵ Bloomberg, ICE - 31.12.2024

¹⁶ Tikehau Investment Management, Bloomberg, ICE - 31.12.2024

Report of the Board of Directors

Mid-year, the fund continued its engagement in sustainability-linked bonds, with issuances from companies such as Fidelidade and Purmo, aligning with broader ESG objectives. However, periods of underperformance emerged in July through September, as the portfolio's lower sensitivity to interest rate movements proved a challenge amid sharply falling rates. During this period, active portfolio management included reinvestments in new issuances and adjustments to mitigate sector-specific risks.

By the final quarter, the fund capitalized on diverging sentiment between US and European markets. Participation in notable green and blue bond issuances, such as Deutsche Bank and Saur, reinforced its commitment to sustainable finance. The year ended on a positive note, as tightening risk premiums in Europe favored the fund's positioning, leading to strong performance across banking, materials, and utilities sectors.

Overall, 2024 was marked by tactical adjustments, responsible investing initiatives, and active risk management, positioning the fund for resilience amid evolving market dynamics.

We will keep the same philosophy for 2025, making sure that we remain fully invested to benefit from the strong technical support in the market.

Report of the Board of Directors

Tikehau Fund - Tikehau European Sovereignty Fund

I. Market review¹⁷

In 2024, risky assets continued their upward trend, buoyed by: I) ongoing disinflation on both sides of the Atlantic, fuelling the current cycle of falling interest rates; II) a macroeconomic environment that proved resilient overall, particularly in the USA; III) fundamentals that remained positive, albeit in the process of normalizing; IV) monetary and fiscal stimulus deployed worldwide.

The last quarter was marked by increased volatility in equity markets, influenced by several factors: on the one hand, significant interest rate tensions on both sides of the Atlantic, and on the other, generally positive economic indicators, particularly in the USA. At the same time, despite inflation indexes stagnating at above-target levels, some central banks cut their key rates. Finally, the election of Donald Trump as President of the United States also contributed to this instability.

The tension on interest rates is mainly due to the sharp reduction in the Fed's rate cut expectations for 2025. The Federal Reserve will have to juggle between persistently high services inflation, the perceived restrictive nature of current monetary policy, and the economic priorities of the new US presidential administration.

II. Performance analysis¹⁸

Information on the financial performance of each share class is disclosed in the dedicated section of this annual report.

Main positive contributors for 2024

- Rheinmetall +2.2%
- SAP +2.1%
- Safran +0.9%

Rheinmetall's stock price more than doubled during the year, driven by heightened geopolitical tensions and increased military spending across Europe, leading to record sales of €9.75 billion and a substantial order backlog of €55 billion. The company is strategically positioned to meet Europe's rearmament needs and ambitions to capture up to 25% of increased European defence budgets.

SAP's stock price rose more than 60% during the year, primarily driven by the group's successful transition from a subscription model to a cloud-based model as well as its focus on artificial intelligence (AI). The broader Technology sector also saw substantial gains, buoyed by investor optimism surrounding AI advancements. SAP's revenues grew by +9.5% to €34.2 billion.

Safran benefited from strong financial results, with revenues, profits, and cash flows reaching record levels. The operating margin improved by 150 basis points to 15.1%, driven by strong aftermarket activity and operational excellence. Safran has one of the best portfolios in the Civil Aerospace sector and has displayed both high returns and dependable long-term growth on the back of its growing fleet of engines equipping the world's best-selling narrow body aircrafts, where it holds a 75% market share. The group is also exposed to the Defence sector (roughly 20% of sales) across Propulsion and Equipment: Propulsion exposure is driven by the M88 engine for the Dassault Rafale, the TP400 engine for the A400M and some helicopters; in Equipment, the group provides products in optronics and sights, lasers, seekers, guidance systems and Unmanned Aerial Vehicles.

Main negative contributors for 2024

- Carl Zeiss Meditec -0.8%
- Davide Campari -0.7%
- Rémy Cointreau -0.7%

Carl Zeiss Meditec (Healthcare / Medical Equipment) saw its share price experience a significant decline during the year, driven by weak financial results, with both sales and earnings declining. The company's performance was impacted by the reduction of stocks in the Chinese distribution channels. Carl Zeiss Meditec has continued to underperform its competition and has lost market shares in China and the US. The stock, which has historically traded at a valuation premium to its peers, saw this premium evaporate given its current challenges.

Davide Campari (Consumer Staples) has been the second biggest detractor to the performance of the fund since the beginning of the year. The share price has been adversely affected by several factors, starting with the dilution associated with the capital increase to finance the acquisition of Courvoisier. The uncertain short-term outlook for growth in demand for spirits in the industry also continued to weigh. Finally, the sudden departure of the recently appointed CEO has raised questions about the Group's strategy.

Rémy Cointreau (Consumer Discretionary) also detracted to the fund's performance, driven by weak financial results, notably a larger-than-anticipated decline in sales, with the company forecasting a 15% to 18% drop for the fiscal year, influenced by slow recoveries in key markets like the U.S. and China, which together account for approximately 70% of its revenues. Additionally, China imposed tariffs on EU brandy imports, further impacting Rémy Cointreau's performance.

III. Main movements in the portfolio

Since the beginning of the year, we have invested in several companies. We initiated a position in **Unilever** (Consumer Staples), a leader in food and consumer products which is being reenergized under the leadership of its CEO Hein Schumacher. We also added **Virbac** (Healthcare), a player in Animal Health that benefits from solid competitive positions in a structurally growing market.

¹⁷ Sources: Tikehau Investment Management, Bloomberg, as of 31/12/2024.

¹⁸ Data as of 31/12/2024. Sources: Tikehau Investment Management, Bloomberg. Past performance is no indication of and does not predict future returns.

Report of the Board of Directors

We have also invested in several companies which we believe will benefit from the energy transition, and which had recently underperformed: **Terna** (Utilities), a monopoly in electricity transmission in Italy, with a track record of large, complex investments; **Iberdrola** (Utilities), a major player in the infrastructure theme of the energy transition, with 80% of its activities regulated; and **Verbund** (Utilities), a leading player in electric generation, transmission and distribution.

Conversely, we sold our investment in **Rémy Cointreau** (Consumer Discretionary) following a disappointing operating performance, in order to reallocate to companies that we consider to be of better quality and with better dynamics. We also sold our positions in **Veolia Environnement**, **STMicroelectronics**, **Spie**, **Scout24**, **Rockwool**, and **Orange** to reinvest in stronger stock convictions.

IV. Positioning

Top 10 positions

| 5,1% |
|------|
| 4,3% |
| 3,9% |
| 3,7% |
| 3,6% |
| 3,2% |
| 2,9% |
| 2,9% |
| 2,9% |
| 2,6% |
| |

Source: Tikehau Investment Management, as of 31/12/2024.



Ernst & Young Société anonyme

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Autorisations d'établissement : 00117514/13, 00117514/14, 00117514/15, 00117514/17, 00117514/18, 00117514/19

Independent auditor's report

To the Shareholders of Tikehau Fund 5, Allée Scheffer L-2520 Luxembourg

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Tikehau Fund (the "Company") and of each of its sub-funds, which comprise the statement of net assets, the securities portfolio and the notes to the financial statements – Schedule of derivative instruments as at 31 December 2024, and the statement of operations and changes in net assets for the year then ended, and the other notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company and of each of its sub-funds as at 31 December 2024, and of the results of their operations and changes in their net assets for the year then ended in accordance with Luxembourg legal and regulatory requirements relating to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Law of 23 July 2016 on the audit profession (the "Law of 23 July 2016") and with International Standards on Auditing ("ISAs") as adopted for Luxembourg by the "Commission de Surveillance du Secteur Financier" ("CSSF"). Our responsibilities under the Law of 23 July 2016 and ISAs as adopted for Luxembourg by the CSSF are further described in the "responsibilities of the "réviseur d'entreprises agréé" for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report. We are also independent of the Company in accordance with the International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants, including International Independence Standards, issued by the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants ("IESBA Code") as adopted for Luxembourg by the CSSF together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements, and have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities under those ethical requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other information

The Board of Directors of the Company is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report but does not include the financial statements and our report of the "réviseur d'entreprises agréé" thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report this fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Board of Directors of the Company for the financial statements

The Board of Directors of the Company is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Luxembourg legal and regulatory requirements relating to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements, and for such internal control as the Board of Directors of the Company determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.



In preparing the financial statements, the Board of Directors of the Company is responsible for assessing the Company's and each of its sub-funds' ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors of the Company either intends to liquidate the Company or any of its sub-funds or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Responsibilities of the "réviseur d'entreprises agréé" for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue a report of the "réviseur d'entreprises agréé" that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Law of 23 July 2016 and with ISAs as adopted for Luxembourg by the CSSF will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Law of 23 July 2016 and with ISAs as adopted for Luxembourg by the CSSF, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform
 audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our
 opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud
 may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Board of Directors of the Company.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Board of Directors of the Company use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's or any of its sub-funds' ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our report of the "réviseur d'entreprises agréé" to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our report of the "réviseur d'entreprises agréé". However, future events or conditions may cause the Company or any of its sub-funds to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Board of Directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Ernst & Young Société anonyme Cabinet de révision agréé

Nicolas Bannier

Luxembourg, 29 April 2025

Tikehau Fund Combined financial statements

Combined statement of net assets as at 31/12/24

| | Note | Expressed in EUR |
|---|------|------------------|
| Assets | | 3,312,237,668.41 |
| Securities portfolio at market value | 2.2 | 3,157,002,134.85 |
| Cost price | | 3,070,949,521.85 |
| Options (long positions) at market value | 2.6 | 3,345,778.64 |
| Options purchased at cost | | 2,525,296.78 |
| Cash at banks and liquidities | | 104,003,442.40 |
| Receivable for investments sold | | 50,339.16 |
| Receivable on subscriptions | | 3,244,098.15 |
| Dividends receivable on securities portfolio | | 6,573.22 |
| Interests receivable on securities portfolio | | 44,582,697.46 |
| Other assets | | 2,604.53 |
| Liabilities | | 18,193,845.89 |
| Options (short positions) at market value | 2.6 | 2,595,978.08 |
| Options sold at cost | | 2,325,789.15 |
| Bank overdrafts | | 214,149.18 |
| Payable on redemptions | | 1,309,093.90 |
| Net unrealised depreciation on forward foreign exchange contracts | 2.7 | 5,528,103.20 |
| Net unrealised depreciation on financial futures | 2.8 | 640,915.18 |
| Management fees payable | 3 | 4,019,715.68 |
| Depositary and Administration fees payable | 5 | 1,385,631.91 |
| Performance fees payable | 4 | 2,138,369.54 |
| Payable on foreign exchange, net | | 24,899.02 |
| Other liabilities | | 336,990.20 |
| Net asset value | | 3,294,043,822.52 |

Combined statement of operations and changes in net assets for the year ended 31/12/24

| | Note | Expressed in EUR |
|---|---------|-------------------|
| Income | | 147,775,588.33 |
| Dividends on securities portfolio, net | | 1,281,248.21 |
| Interests on bonds, net | | 142,427,260.62 |
| Interests received on swaps | | 13,888.89 |
| Bank interests on cash accounts | | 4,031,859.85 |
| Rebate of the management fees | | 6,864.19 |
| Other income | | 14,466.57 |
| Expenses | | 30,533,891.82 |
| Management and Management Company fees | 3 | 23,127,617.99 |
| Performance fees | 4 | 2,119,352.61 |
| Depositary fees | 5 | 2,186,160.84 |
| Domiciliary fees | | 10,833.19 |
| Audit fees | | 63,082.80 |
| Legal fees | | 229,460.65 |
| Transaction fees | 2.11 | 328,029.96 |
| Directors fees | | 64,950.00 |
| Subscription tax ("Taxe d'abonnement") | 6 | 1,205,412.56 |
| Interests paid on bank overdraft | - | 72,845.68 |
| Interests paid on swaps | | 504,861.13 |
| Banking fees | | 13,049.88 |
| Other expenses | 10 | 608,234.53 |
| Net income / (loss) from investments | | 117,241,696.51 |
| Net realised profit / (loss) on: | | |
| - sales of investment securities | 2.2,2.3 | 20,281,834.13 |
| - options | 2.6 | 580,264.41 |
| - forward foreign exchange contracts | 2.7 | -29,237,863.33 |
| - financial futures | 2.8 | -3,904,685.02 |
| - swaps | 2.9 | -727,803.31 |
| - foreign exchange | 2.4 | 7,871,855.63 |
| | | |
| Net realised profit / (loss) | | 112,105,299.02 |
| Movement in net unrealised appreciation / (depreciation) on: | | |
| - investments | 2.2 | 77,493,661.03 |
| - options | 2.6 | 819,298.59 |
| - forward foreign exchange contracts | 2.7 | -8,415,949.53 |
| - financial futures | 2.8 | -145,631.19 |
| - swaps | 2.9 | 797,413.04 |
| Net increase / (decrease) in net assets as a result of operations | | 182,654,090.96 |
| Dividends distributed | 7 | -1,330,129.99 |
| Subscriptions of capitalisation shares | | 1,517,947,923.10 |
| Subscriptions of distribution shares | | 22,335,174.72 |
| Redemptions of capitalisation shares | | -1,248,425,604.43 |
| Redemptions of distribution shares | | -11,107,218.26 |
| Net increase / (decrease) in net assets | | 462,074,236.10 |
| Net assets at the beginning of the year | | 2,831,969,586.42 |
| Net assets at the end of the year | | 3,294,043,822.52 |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | -,,, |



Statement of net assets as at 31/12/24

| | Note | Expressed in EUR |
|---|------|------------------|
| Assets | | 385,262,081.24 |
| Securities portfolio at market value | 2.2 | 370,322,777.22 |
| Cost price | | 353,664,377.54 |
| Cash at banks and liquidities | | 8,889,810.88 |
| Receivable on subscriptions | | 80,336.17 |
| Interests receivable on securities portfolio | | 5,969,156.97 |
| Liabilities | | 3,589,233.47 |
| Bank overdrafts | | 80,625.13 |
| Payable on redemptions | | 458,577.65 |
| Net unrealised depreciation on forward foreign exchange contracts | 2.7 | 322,882.22 |
| Management fees payable | 3 | 411,357.26 |
| Depositary and Administration fees payable | 5 | 161,826.67 |
| Performance fees payable | 4 | 2,133,658.71 |
| Other liabilities | | 20,305.83 |
| Net asset value | | 381,672,847.77 |

Statement of operations and changes in net assets from 01/01/24 to 31/12/24

| | Note | Expressed in EUR |
|---|---------|------------------|
| Income | | 25,951,037.43 |
| Interests on bonds, net | | 25,544,702.86 |
| Bank interests on cash accounts | | 401,889.69 |
| Other income | | 4,444.88 |
| Expenses | | 5,162,085.18 |
| Management and Management Company fees | 3 | 2,525,073.33 |
| Performance fees | 4 | 2,114,642.49 |
| Depositary and Administration fees | 5 | 279,535.10 |
| Domiciliary fees | | 2,093.30 |
| Audit fees | | 6,091.39 |
| Legal fees | | 35,554.66 |
| Transaction fees | 2.11 | 9,830.12 |
| Directors fees | | 13,265.36 |
| Subscription tax ("Taxe d'abonnement") | 6 | 75,382.68 |
| Interests paid on bank overdraft | | 8,934.68 |
| Banking fees | | 2,499.50 |
| Other expenses | 10 | 89,182.57 |
| Net income / (loss) from investments | | 20,788,952.25 |
| Net realised profit / (loss) on: | | |
| - sales of investment securities | 2.2,2.3 | 4,134,439.30 |
| - forward foreign exchange contracts | 2.7 | -4,501,935.19 |
| - foreign exchange | 2.4 | 1,338,638.84 |
| Net realised profit / (loss) | | 21,760,095.20 |
| Movement in net unrealised appreciation / (depreciation) on: | | |
| - investments | 2.2 | 20,400,392.17 |
| - forward foreign exchange contracts | 2.7 | -813,894.33 |
| Net increase / (decrease) in net assets as a result of operations | | 41,346,593.04 |
| Dividends distributed | 7 | -727,264.92 |
| Subscriptions of capitalisation shares | | 86,622,872.21 |
| Subscriptions of distribution shares | | 689,695.98 |
| Redemptions of capitalisation shares | | -119,253,693.55 |
| Redemptions of distribution shares | | -499,898.44 |
| Net increase / (decrease) in net assets | | 8,178,304.32 |
| Net assets at the beginning of the year | | 373,494,543.45 |
| Net assets at the end of the year | | 381,672,847.77 |
| | | |

Statistics

| | | 31/12/24 | 31/12/23 | 31/12/22 |
|----------------------------|-----|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Total Net Assets | EUR | 381,672,847.77 | 373,494,543.45 | 292,709,190.47 |
| RS - EUR - Capitalisation* | | | | |
| Number of shares | | 218,534.536 | 230,056.162 | 179,963.775 |
| Net asset value per share | EUR | 181.07 | 164.47 | 147.72 |
| RS - EUR - Distribution* | | | | |
| Number of shares | | 147,912.675 | 146,156.447 | 81,644.389 |
| Net asset value per share | EUR | 109.61 | 104.48 | 97.37 |
| RS - USD - Capitalisation* | | | | |
| Number of shares | | 22,550.117 | 23,762.824 | - |
| Net asset value per share | USD | 121.12 | 108.09 | - |
| E - EUR - Capitalisation | | | | |
| Number of shares | | 67,851.935 | 76,820.499 | 71,207.013 |
| Net asset value per share | EUR | 231.03 | 205.73 | 182.38 |
| I - EUR - Capitalisation | | | | |
| Number of shares | | 988,194.927 | 1,076,787.668 | 986,871.565 |
| Net asset value per share | EUR | 209.05 | 187.97 | 167.08 |
| I - CHF - Capitalisation | | | | |
| Number of shares | | 1,710.436 | 4,600.000 | - |
| Net asset value per share | CHF | 116.32 | 107.36 | - |
| I - USD - Capitalisation | | | | |
| Number of shares | | 10,068.321 | 14,451.750 | - |
| Net asset value per share | USD | 122.27 | 108.21 | - |
| S - EUR - Capitalisation | | | | |
| Number of shares | | 641,596.213 | 658,041.893 | 651,337.348 |
| Net asset value per share | EUR | 135.27 | 120.89 | 107.56 |
| I-R - EUR - Capitalisation | | | | |
| Number of shares | | 10,000.000 | 10,000.000 | 10,000.000 |
| Net asset value per share | EUR | 125.98 | 113.42 | 101.46 |
| FS - EUR - Capitalisation* | | | | |
| Number of shares | | 93,795.569 | 155,601.847 | 93,752.797 |
| Net asset value per share | EUR | 123.09 | 110.63 | 98.47 |

^{*}See other notes 11

Changes in number of shares outstanding from 01/01/24 to 31/12/24

| | Shares outstanding as at 01/01/24 | Shares issued | Shares redeemed | Shares outstanding as at 31/12/24 |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------|-----------------|-----------------------------------|
| | | | | |
| RS - EUR - Capitalisation* | 230,056.162 | 91,177.991 | 102,699.617 | 218,534.536 |
| RS - EUR - Distribution* | 146,156.447 | 6,453.141 | 4,696.913 | 147,912.675 |
| RS - USD - Capitalisation* | 23,762.824 | 6,619.000 | 7,831.707 | 22,550.117 |
| E - EUR - Capitalisation | 76,820.499 | 8,234.533 | 17,203.097 | 67,851.935 |
| I - EUR - Capitalisation | 1,076,787.668 | 204,597.989 | 293,190.730 | 988,194.927 |
| I - CHF - Capitalisation | 4,600.000 | 5,150.436 | 8,040.000 | 1,710.436 |
| I - USD - Capitalisation | 14,451.750 | 2,705.172 | 7,088.601 | 10,068.321 |
| S - EUR - Capitalisation | 658,041.893 | 149,053.353 | 165,499.033 | 641,596.213 |
| I-R - EUR - Capitalisation | 10,000.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 10,000.000 |
| FS - EUR - Capitalisation* | 155,601.847 | 60,164.516 | 121,970.794 | 93,795.569 |

^{*}See other notes 11

| Denomination | Currency | Quantity/ Notional | Market value (in EUR) | % of net assets |
|---|--------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|
| Transferable securities admitted to an official stock exchange listing and/o regulated market | or dealt in on and | other | 370,322,777.22 | 97.03 |
| Bonds | | | 343,012,944.32 | 89.87 |
| Austria | | | 6,475,417.78 | 1.70 |
| ERSTE GR BK 7.0% PERP | EUR | 4,000,000 | 4,251,910.72 | 1.11 |
| ERSTE GR BK 8.5% PERP | EUR | 2,000,000 | 2,223,507.06 | 0.58 |
| Belgium | | | 9,771,321.89 | 2.56 |
| BELFIUS SANV 3.625% PERP | EUR | 4,000,000 | 3,987,589.16 | 1.04 |
| KBC GROUPE 6.25% PERP | EUR | 2,400,000 | 2,477,766.69 | 0.65 |
| KBC GROUPE 8.0% PERP | EUR | 3,000,000 | 3,305,966.04 | 0.87 |
| Cyprus | | | 5,064,753.73 | 1.33 |
| BANK OF CYPRUS 2.5% 24-06-27 | EUR | 1,500,000 | 1,487,142.94 | 0.39 |
| HELLENIC BANK PUBLIC COMPANY 10.25% 14-06-33 | EUR | 3,000,000 | 3,577,610.79 | 0.94 |
| | | | | 0.00 |
| Czech Republic | EUR | 2,200,000 | 2,281,124.23 2,281,124.23 | 0.60 0.60 |
| RAIFFEISENBANK A S E 4.959% 05-06-30 | EUK | 2,200,000 | 2,201,124.23 | 0.60 |
| Denmark | | | 5,520,392.33 | 1.45 |
| JYSKE BANK DNK 4.75% PERP | EUR | 2,100,000 | 2,042,465.41 | 0.54 |
| JYSKE BANK DNK 7.0% PERP | EUR | 3,300,000 | 3,477,926.92 | 0.91 |
| Finland | | | 2,092,698.06 | 0.55 |
| NORDEA BKP 3.75% PERP | USD | 2,500,000 | 2,092,698.06 | 0.55 |
| France | | | 19,116,775.79 | 5.01 |
| BNP PAR 6.875% PERP | EUR | 3,000,000 | 3,178,558.83 | 0.83 |
| BNP PAR 7.375% PERP | EUR | 3,000,000 | 3,253,152.90 | 0.85 |
| BQ POSTALE 3.0% PERP | EUR | 3,000,000 | 2,524,161.96 | 0.66 |
| CA 6.5% PERP EMTN | EUR | 1,500,000 | 1,553,235.92 | 0.41 |
| CA 7.25% PERP EMTN | EUR | 4,000,000 | 4,258,281.32 | 1.12 |
| COFACE 5.75% 28-11-33 | EUR | 1,500,000 | 1,681,762.78 | 0.44 |
| MACIF 3.5% PERP | EUR | 3,000,000 | 2,667,622.08 | 0.70 |
| Germany | | | 22,518,206.37 | 5.90 |
| COMMERZBANK AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT 6.125% PERP | EUR | 3,000,000 | 3,033,936.12 | 0.79 |
| COMMERZBANK AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT 6.5% PERP | EUR | 3,000,000 | 3,109,476.33 | 0.81 |
| COMMERZBANK AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT 7.875% PERP | EUR | 1,800,000 | 1,978,554.50 | 0.52 |
| DEUTSCHE BK 10.0% PERP | EUR | 3,000,000 | 3,305,153.07 | 0.87 |
| DEUTSCHE BK 4.789% PERP | USD | 2,600,000 | 2,462,406.61 | 0.65 |
| DEUTSCHE BK 6.75% PERP | EUR | 3,000,000 | 3,027,863.49 | 0.79 |
| DEUTSCHE BK 7.375% PERP | EUR | 2,400,000 | 2,450,794.11 | 0.64 |
| DEUTSCHE BK 8.125% PERP | EUR | 3,000,000 | 3,150,022.14 | 0.83 |
| Greece | | | 14,372,949.47 | 3.77 |
| ALPHA SERVICES AND 11.875% PERP | EUR | 3,000,000 | 3,492,926.31 | 0.92 |
| EFG EUROBANK 10.0% 06-12-32 | EUR | 2,000,000 | 2,330,511.80 | 0.61 |
| NATL BANK OF GREECE 8.0% 03-01-34 | EUR | 2,000,000 | 2,302,596.98 | 0.60 |
| PIRAEUS FINANCIAL HOLDINGS SOCIETE ANONY 7.25% 17-04-34 | EUR | 2,800,000 | 3,109,104.40 | 0.81 |
| PIRAEUS FINANCIAL HOLDINGS SOCIETE ANONY 8.75% PERP | EUR | 3,000,000 | 3,137,809.98 | 0.82 |
| Ireland | | | 19,332,348.60 | 5.07 |
| AIB GROUP 6.25% PERP | EUR | 3,000,000 | 3,033,828.00 | 0.79 |
| AIB GROUP 7.125% PERP | EUR | 3,500,000 | 3,716,072.50 | 0.97 |
| BANK OF CYPRUS 11.875% PERP | EUR | 3,500,000 | 4,185,652.84 | 1.10 |
| BK IRELAND GROUP 6.0% PERP | EUR | 3,000,000 | 3,033,898.29 | 0.79 |
| PERMANENT TSB GROUP 13.25% PERP | EUR | 4,510,000 | 5,362,896.97 | 1.41 |
| ltaly | | | 40,172,908.61 | 10.53 |
| BANCA POPOLARE DI SONDRIO 3.875% 25-02-32 | EUR | 2,000,000 | 2,013,721.18 | 0.53 |
| BANCO BPM 7.25% PERP | EUR | 2,000,000 | 2,137,871.30 | 0.56 |

| Denomination | Currency | Quantity/ Notional | Market value (in EUR) | % of net assets |
|---|------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|------------------|
| BANCO BPM 9.5% PERP | EUR | 3,000,000 | 3,428,540.01 | 0.90 |
| BFF BANK SPA E 4.75% 20-03-29 | EUR | 4,300,000 | 4,311,576.58 | 1.13 |
| BFF BANK SPA E 4.875% 30-03-28 | EUR | 1,800,000 | 1,810,454.22 | 0.47 |
| BPER BANCA 3.875% 25-07-32 | EUR | 2,000,000 | 2,012,581.12 | 0.53 |
| BPER BANCA 6.5% PERP | EUR | 2,800,000 | 2,869,201.78 | 0.75 |
| BPER BANCA 8.375% PERP | EUR | 2,100,000 | 2,297,426.00 | 0.60 |
| ICCREA BANCA 4.75% 18-01-32 | EUR | 2,000,000 | 2,039,978.42 | 0.53 |
| INTE 5.5% PERP EMTN | EUR | 3,000,000 | 3,033,022.62 | 0.79 |
| INTE 9.125% PERP | EUR | 3,000,000 | 3,466,344.87 | 0.91 |
| MONTE PASCHI 10.5% 23-07-29 | EUR | 2,000,000 | 2,524,332.64 | 0.66 |
| UNICREDIT 4.45% PERP EMTN | EUR | 2,000,000 | 1,958,380.38 | 0.51 |
| UNICREDIT 6.5% PERP EMTN | EUR | 3,000,000 | 3,127,163.85 | 0.82 |
| UNICREDIT 7.5% PERP | EUR | 3,000,000 | 3,142,313.64 | 0.82 |
| ONIONEDIT 7.0701 ENI | 20.1 | 0,000,000 | | |
| Jersey HBOS TREASURY SERVICE 5.844% PERP | GBP | 2,800,000 | 3,507,898.97 3,507,898.97 | 0.92 0.92 |
| Luxembourg | | | 1,334,087.92 | 0.35 |
| GARFUNKELUX HOLDCO 3 6.75% 01-11-25 | EUR | 2,000,000 | 1,334,087.92 | 0.35 |
| Mathadan da | | | 00 007 000 50 | 7.00 |
| Netherlands | FUD | 0.000.000 | 29,867,283.58 | 7.83 |
| ABN AMRO BK 4.375% PERP | EUR | 3,000,000 | 2,993,925.45 | 0.78 |
| ABN AMRO BK 4.75% PERP | EUR | 4,000,000 | 3,948,485.52 | 1.03 |
| ACHMEA BV 4.625% PERP | EUR | 2,000,000 | 1,953,342.56 | 0.51 |
| AEGON NV 5.625% PERP | EUR | 1,973,000 | 1,996,744.42 | 0.52 |
| ASR NEDERLAND NV 4.625% PERP | EUR | 3,000,000 | 2,953,221.06 | 0.77 |
| ASR NEDERLAND NV 7.0% 07-12-43 | EUR | 2,000,000 | 2,374,619.08 | 0.62 |
| ATHORA NETHERLANDS NV 6.75% PERP | EUR | 5,040,000 | 5,142,546.20 | 1.35 |
| DE VOLKSBANK NV 7.0% PERP | EUR | 3,200,000 | 3,344,000.07 | 0.88 |
| STICHTING AK RABOBAK CERTIFICATEN 6.5% PERP | EUR | 2,189,600 | 2,434,654.25 | 0.64 |
| VAN LANSCHOT KEMPEN NV 8.875% PERP | EUR | 2,500,000 | 2,725,744.97 | 0.71 |
| Poland | | | 9,367,577.71 | 2.45 |
| BANK MILLENNIUM 5.308% 25-09-29 | EUR | 1,400,000 | 1,429,820.26 | 0.37 |
| BANK MILLENNIUM 9.875% 18-09-27 | EUR | 3,000,000 | 3,286,111.65 | 0.86 |
| MBANK SPOLKA AKCYJNA 0.966% 21-09-27 | EUR | 1,500,000 | 1,429,712.01 | 0.37 |
| MBANK SPOLKA AKCYJNA 8.375% 11-09-27 | EUR | 3,000,000 | 3,221,933.79 | 0.84 |
| Portugal | | | 30,433,812.51 | 7.97 |
| BCP 3.871% 27-03-30 EMTN | EUR | 3,000,000 | 3,002,755.41 | 0.79 |
| BCP 6.888% 07-12-27 EMTN | EUR | 2,000,000 | 2,179,411.68 | 0.57 |
| BCP 8.125% PERP | EUR | 4,400,000 | 4,769,587.02 | 1.25 |
| CAIXA ECONOMICA MONTEPIO GERAL CEMG 10.0% 30-10-26 | EUR | 3,000,000 | 3,167,624.52 | 0.83 |
| CAIXA ECONOMICA MONTEPIO GERAL CEMG 5.625% 29-05-28 | EUR | 1,800,000 | 1,868,344.24 | 0.49 |
| CAIXA ECONOMICA MONTEPIO GERAL CEMG 8.5% 12-06-34 | EUR | 3,200,000 | 3,567,762.49 | 0.93 |
| FIDELIDADE COMPANHIADE SEGUROS 4.25% 04-09-31 | EUR | 3,000,000 | 3,021,522.81 | 0.79 |
| FIDELIDADE COMPANHIADE SEGUROS 7.75% PERP | EUR | 4,600,000 | 4,908,378.43 | 1.29 |
| NOVO BAN 9.875% 01-12-33 | EUR | 3,300,000 | 3,948,425.91 | 1.03 |
| Chain | | | 61,589,052.35 | 16.14 |
| Spain BANCO DE BADELL 5.0% PERP | EUR | 4,000,000 | 3,934,440.48 | 1.03 |
| BANCO DE BADELL 5.75% PERP | EUR | 3,000,000 | 3,018,285.33 | 0.79 |
| | | | | |
| BANCO DE CREDITO SOCIAL 4.75% OD 03.29 | EUR EUR | 2,000,000 | 2,233,139.02 | 0.59 0.51 |
| BANCO DE CREDITO SOCIAL 1.75% 09-03-28 | | 2,000,000 | 1,945,636.02 | |
| BANCO DE CREDITO SOCIAL 5.25% 27-11-31 | EUR | 3,000,000 | 3,051,092.70 | 0.80 |
| BANCO DE CREDITO SOCIAL 7.5% 14-09-29 | EUR | 2,000,000 | 2,290,142.54 | 0.60 |
| BANCO SANTANDER ALL SPAIN BRANCH 4.375% PERP | EUR | 3,000,000 | 2,973,977.19 | 0.78 |
| BANKINTER 6.25% PERP | EUR | 4,000,000 | 4,054,756.92 | 1.06 |
| BBVA 6.0% PERP | EUR | 2,000,000 | 2,032,686.26 | 0.53 |
| BBVA 6.875% PERP | EUR | 2,000,000 | 2,099,308.42 | 0.55 |
| CAIXABANK 5.25% PERP | EUR | 4,000,000 | 4,020,084.04 | 1.05 |

| Denomination | Currency | Quantity/ Notional | Market value (in EUR) | % of net assets |
|---|----------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|
| CAIXABANK 5.875% PERP | EUR | 3,000,000 | 3,086,250.06 | 0.81 |
| CAIXABANK 7.5% PERP | EUR | 4,000,000 | 4,394,184.92 | 1.15 |
| IBERCAJA 2.75% 23-07-30 | EUR | 2,000,000 | 1,985,580.34 | 0.52 |
| IBERCAJA 9.125% PERP | EUR | 4,000,000 | 4,351,417.52 | 1.14 |
| NCG BAN 10.625% PERP | EUR | 2,600,000 | 2,995,159.59 | 0.78 |
| NCG BAN 6.0% PERP | EUR | 3,000,000 | 3,027,204.69 | 0.79 |
| NCG BAN 8.375% 23-09-33 EMTN | EUR | 2,000,000 | 2,287,729.52 | 0.60 |
| UNICAJA BANCO SA E 3.125% 19-07-32 | EUR | 3,000,000 | 2,959,038.69 | 0.78 |
| UNICAJA BANCO SA E 4.875% PERP | EUR | 5,000,000 | 4,848,938.10 | 1.27 |
| Switzerland | | | 5,805,602.31 | 1.52 |
| UBS GROUP AG 6.875% PERP | USD | 3,000,000 | 2,906,063.36 | 0.76 |
| UBS GROUP AG 7.0% PERP | USD | 3,000,000 | 2,899,538.95 | 0.76 |
| United Kingdom | | | 51,208,271.30 | 13.42 |
| BARCLAYS 7.125% PERP | GBP | 2,000,000 | 2,424,711.74 | 0.64 |
| BARCLAYS 8.5% PERP | GBP | 3,000,000 | 3,754,832.06 | 0.98 |
| BARCLAYS 8.875% PERP | GBP | 2,000,000 | 2,522,339.93 | 0.66 |
| BARCLAYS 9.25% PERP | GBP | 3,000,000 | 3,851,533.37 | 1.01 |
| BARCLAYS BK 6.278% PERP | USD | 1,930,000 | 1,954,508.70 | 0.51 |
| COVENTRY BLDG 8.75% PERP | GBP | 3,500,000 | 4,368,248.26 | 1.14 |
| LLOYDS BANKING GROUP 4.947% PERP | EUR | 3,000,000 | 3,004,566.12 | 0.79 |
| LLOYDS BANKING GROUP 8.5% PERP | GBP | 4,000,000 | 5,010,012.75 | 1.31 |
| LLOYDS BANKING GROUP 8.5% PERP | GBP | 2,000,000 | 2,505,941.84 | 0.66 |
| NATIONWIDE BUILDING SOCIETY 5.75% PERP | GBP | 4,000,000 | 4,695,245.54 | 1.23 |
| NATIONWIDE BUILDING SOCIETY 7.5% PERP | GBP | 3,000,000 | 3,648,911.45 | 0.96 |
| NATWEST GROUP 4.5% PERP | GBP | 3,000,000 | 3,299,978.34 | 0.86 |
| NATWEST GROUP 5.125% PERP | GBP | 3,500,000 | 4,046,113.89 | 1.06 |
| OSB GROUP 9.5% 07-09-28 EMTN | GBP | 2,000,000 | 2,629,324.77 | 0.69 |
| VIRGIN MONEY UK 8.25% PERP | GBP | 2,800,000 | 3,492,002.54 | 0.91 |
| United States of America DRESDNER FUNDING TRUST I 8.151% 30-06-31 | USD | 3,000,000 | 3,180,460.81 3,180,460.81 | 0.83 0.83 |
| Floating rate notes | | | 22,926,576.82 | 6.01 |
| Denmark | | | 1,983,457.66 | 0.52 |
| SYDBANK EUAR10+0.2% PERP | EUR | 2,400,000 | 1,983,457.66 | 0.52 |
| France | | | 5,082,205.85 | 1.33 |
| BNP PAR TMOR+-0.25% PERP | EUR | 2,922,630 | 2,730,262.49 | 0.72 |
| LOUVRE BIDCO SAS E3R+6.5% 15-02-27 | EUR | 4,000,000 | 2,351,943.36 | 0.62 |
| Italy | | | 2,210,710.58 | 0.58 |
| MONTE PASCHI EUAR05+5.005% 18-01-28 | EUR | 2,000,000 | 2,210,710.58 | 0.58 |
| Luxembourg | | | 2,575,696.26 | 0.67 |
| ANACAP FIN EU E3R+7.5% 15-07-30 | EUR | 3,000,000 | 1,569,767.28 | 0.41 |
| GARFUNKELUX HOLDCO 3 E3R+6.25% 01-05-26 | EUR | 1,500,000 | 1,005,928.98 | 0.26 |
| Netherlands AEGON NV AUTRE R+0.1% PERP | EUR | 2,499,500 | 2,022,830.15 2,022,830.15 | 0.53 0.53 |
| United Kinadow | | | C FOC 04F 07 | 4 74 |
| United Kingdom | EUR | 3,000,000 | 6,526,845.27 2,933,877.42 | 1.71 0.77 |
| BARCLAYS BK E3R+0.71% PERP | | 4,000,000 | | |
| STANDARD CHARTERED SOFR3R+1.77161% PERP | USD | 4,000,000 | 3,592,967.85 | 0.94 |
| United States of America ENCORE CAPITAL GROUP E3R+4.25% 15-01-28 | EUR | 2,500,000 | 2,524,831.05 2,524,831.05 | 0.66 0.66 |
| Convertible bonds | | | 4,383,256.08 | 1.15 |
| Belgium | | | 1,913,170.12 | 0.50 |
| BNP PAR FORTIS E3R+2.0% PERP | EUR | 2,000,000 | 1,913,170.12 | 0.50 |

| Denomination | Currency | Quantity/ Notional | Market value (in EUR) | % of net assets |
|--|----------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|------------------|
| Luxembourg MITSUBISHI UFJ INVESTOR SERVICES BANKI E3R+4.5% 15-12-50 CV | EUR | 4,500,000 | 2,470,085.96 2,470,085.96 | 0.65 0.65 |
| Total securities portfolio | | | 370,322,777.22 | 97.03 |



Statement of net assets as at 31/12/24

| | Note | Expressed in EUR |
|---|------|------------------|
| Assets | | 2,512,006,332.50 |
| Securities portfolio at market value | 2.2 | 2,406,207,275.45 |
| Cost price | | 2,365,779,064.64 |
| Cash at banks and liquidities | | 68,626,529.25 |
| Receivable on subscriptions | | 2,760,270.68 |
| Interests receivable on securities portfolio | | 34,412,257.12 |
| Liabilities | | 9,022,937.94 |
| Bank overdrafts | | 70,000.00 |
| Payable on redemptions | | 667,896.01 |
| Net unrealised depreciation on forward foreign exchange contracts | 2.7 | 4,130,125.40 |
| Management fees payable | 3 | 2,803,253.63 |
| Depositary and Administration fees payable | 5 | 1,053,464.87 |
| Performance fees payable | 4 | 207.80 |
| Payable on foreign exchange, net | | 24,899.02 |
| Other liabilities | | 273,091.21 |
| Net asset value | | 2,502,983,394.56 |

Statement of operations and changes in net assets from 01/01/24 to 31/12/24

| | Note | Expressed in EUR |
|---|---------|------------------|
| Income | | 101,389,710.81 |
| Interests on bonds, net | | 98,789,599.31 |
| Bank interests on cash accounts | | 2,592,953.14 |
| Other income | | 7,158.36 |
| Expenses | | 18,760,150.31 |
| Management and Management Company fees | 3 | 15,626,649.52 |
| Performance fees | 4 | 207.09 |
| Depositary and Administration fees | 5 | 1,559,518.45 |
| Domiciliary fees | | 3,048.54 |
| Audit fees | | 36,089.68 |
| Legal fees | | 111,522.08 |
| Transaction fees | 2.11 | 30,301.10 |
| Directors fees | | 27,696.24 |
| Subscription tax ("Taxe d'abonnement") | 6 | 960,161.83 |
| Interests paid on bank overdraft | | 47,702.96 |
| Banking fees | | 3,753.00 |
| Other expenses | 10 | 353,499.82 |
| Net income / (loss) from investments | | 82,629,560.50 |
| Net realised profit / (loss) on: | | |
| - sales of investment securities | 2.2,2.3 | -2,752,453.99 |
| - forward foreign exchange contracts | 2.7 | -17,770,221.78 |
| - foreign exchange | 2.4 | 2,419,926.21 |
| Net realised profit / (loss) | | 64,526,810.94 |
| Movement in net unrealised appreciation / (depreciation) on: | | |
| - investments | 2.2 | 53,810,960.96 |
| - forward foreign exchange contracts | 2.7 | -5,318,845.54 |
| Net increase / (decrease) in net assets as a result of operations | | 113,018,926.36 |
| Dividends distributed | 7 | -602,855.07 |
| Subscriptions of capitalisation shares | | 1,339,157,352.69 |
| Subscriptions of distribution shares | | 21,645,478.74 |
| Redemptions of capitalisation shares | | -956,026,941.28 |
| Redemptions of distribution shares | | -10,607,319.82 |
| Net increase / (decrease) in net assets | | 506,584,641.62 |
| Net assets at the beginning of the year | | 1,996,398,752.94 |
| Net assets at the end of the year | | 2,502,983,394.56 |
| | | |

Statistics

| | 31/12/24 | | 31/12/23 | 31/12/22 | |
|--|----------|------------------|------------------|------------------|--|
| Total Net Assets | EUR | 2,502,983,394.56 | 1,996,398,752.94 | 2,058,856,146.63 | |
| R - EUR - Capitalisation | | | | | |
| Number of shares | | 7,295,751.791 | 5,820,072.970 | 3,721,060.153 | |
| Net asset value per share | EUR | 128.73 | 123.14 | 117.19 | |
| R - EUR - Distribution | | | | | |
| Number of shares | = | 78,416.734 | 22,621.135 | 110.000 | |
| Net asset value per share | EUR | 98.85 | 97.20 | 94.75 | |
| R - CHF - Capitalisation | | 2 720 000 | 4 020 000 | 040.000 | |
| Number of shares | CHF | 3,730.000 | 1,030.000 | 940.000 96.17 | |
| Net asset value per share | СПГ | 100.76 | 98.98 | 90.17 | |
| R - USD - Capitalisation | | 4,491.879 | 11,290.813 | 6,732.041 | |
| Number of shares | USD | 112.90 | 106.38 | 99.41 | |
| Net asset value per share | 03D | 112.90 | 100.38 | 99.41 | |
| R - GBP - Capitalisation Number of shares | | 9,542.777 | 7,282.995 | 404.000 | |
| Net asset value per share | GBP | 111.39 | 105.18 | 98.89 | |
| E - EUR - Capitalisation | ОЫ | 111.55 | 100.10 | 30.03 | |
| Number of shares | | 15,602.059 | 34,069.757 | 496,731.277 | |
| Net asset value per share | EUR | 148.10 | 140.52 | 132.64 | |
| K1 - EUR - Capitalisation | | | | .02.0 | |
| Number of shares | | 20,555.000 | 20,555.000 | 20,555.000 | |
| Net asset value per share | EUR | 125.75 | 119.63 | 113.25 | |
| K2 - EUR - Capitalisation | _ | | | | |
| Number of shares | | 6,306.000 | 6,306.000 | 6,306.000 | |
| Net asset value per share | EUR | 118.27 | 113.13 | 107.66 | |
| I - EUR - Capitalisation | | | | | |
| Number of shares | | 2,302,774.722 | 2,130,883.792 | 2,332,853.346 | |
| Net asset value per share | EUR | 139.32 | 132.55 | 125.47 | |
| I - EUR - Distribution | | | | | |
| Number of shares | | 39,905.972 | 64,434.927 | 48,805.104 | |
| Net asset value per share | EUR | 91.35 | 89.86 | 87.82 | |
| I - CHF - Capitalisation | | | | | |
| Number of shares | | 16,310.439 | 14,302.496 | 8,575.274 | |
| Net asset value per share | CHF | 104.64 | 102.22 | 98.75 | |
| I - CHF - Distribution | | | | | |
| Number of shares | | - | 25,980.835 | - | |
| Net asset value per share | CHF | - | 102.30 | - | |
| I - USD - Capitalisation | | | | 0.40.000.000 | |
| Number of shares | | 222,544.538 | 441,613.252 | 318,232.989 | |
| Net asset value per share | USD | 115.33 | 108.08 | 100.52 | |
| I-R - EUR - Capitalisation | | 0.004.400.004 | 0.744.405.570 | 2 724 424 024 | |
| Number of shares | EUD | 2,864,408.394 | 2,744,495.579 | 3,721,421.891 | |
| Net asset value per share | EUR | 139.10 | 132.39 | 125.37 | |
| I-R - EUR - Disribution | | 141,709.086 | 36,445.072 | 177,169.575 | |
| Number of shares | EUR | 91.19 | 89.72 | 87.38 | |
| Net asset value per share | LUK | 91.19 | 09.12 | 07.30 | |
| I-R - CHF - Capitalisation Number of shares | | 7,912.072 | 12,017.643 | 33,519.643 | |
| Net asset value per share | CHF | 104.38 | 101.99 | 98.59 | |
| F - EUR - Capitalisation | Oili | 104.50 | 101.99 | 30.33 | |
| Number of shares | | 477,936.988 | 495,415.090 | 387,650.554 | |
| Net asset value per share | EUR | 108.50 | 103.37 | 97.99 | |
| Hot about value per strate | LOIK | 100.00 | 100.07 | 37.33 | |

Statistics

| | | 31/12/24 | 31/12/23 | 31/12/22 |
|-----------------------------|-----|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| F - EUR - Distribution | | | | |
| Number of shares | | 20,949.047 | 9,434.801 | 100.000 |
| Net asset value per share | EUR | 98.99 | 97.36 | 94.88 |
| F - CHF - Capitalisation | | | | |
| Number of shares | | 33,362.000 | 32,053.910 | - |
| Net asset value per share | CHF | 104.06 | 101.81 | - |
| SI - EUR - Capitalisation | | | | |
| Number of shares | | 1,516,787.845 | 2,081,418.846 | 3,665,200.438 |
| Net asset value per share | EUR | 110.62 | 105.14 | 99.42 |
| SI-R - EUR - Capitalisation | | | | |
| Number of shares | | 1,186,069.016 | 834,410.032 | 1,055,331.926 |
| Net asset value per share | EUR | 108.87 | 103.52 | 97.93 |
| SF - EUR - Capitalisation | | | | |
| Number of shares | | 3,944,874.536 | 1,953,635.463 | 2,381,865.890 |
| Net asset value per share | EUR | 109.08 | 103.82 | 98.32 |

Changes in number of shares outstanding from 01/01/24 to 31/12/24

| | Shares outstanding as at 01/01/24 | Shares issued | Shares redeemed | Shares outstanding as at 31/12/24 |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------|-----------------|-----------------------------------|
| | | | | |
| R - EUR - Capitalisation | 5,820,072.970 | 3,927,820.998 | 2,452,142.177 | 7,295,751.791 |
| R - EUR - Distribution | 22,621.135 | 70,223.006 | 14,427.407 | 78,416.734 |
| R - CHF - Capitalisation | 1,030.000 | 3,320.000 | 620.000 | 3,730.000 |
| R - USD - Capitalisation | 11,290.813 | 890.000 | 7,688.934 | 4,491.879 |
| R - GBP - Capitalisation | 7,282.995 | 7,259.782 | 5,000.000 | 9,542.777 |
| E - EUR - Capitalisation | 34,069.757 | 7,974.185 | 26,441.883 | 15,602.059 |
| K1 - EUR - Capitalisation | 20,555.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 20,555.000 |
| K2 - EUR - Capitalisation | 6,306.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 6,306.000 |
| I - EUR - Capitalisation | 2,130,883.792 | 1,365,098.519 | 1,193,207.589 | 2,302,774.722 |
| I - EUR - Distribution | 64,434.927 | 12,020.177 | 36,549.132 | 39,905.972 |
| I - CHF - Capitalisation | 14,302.496 | 5,299.922 | 3,291.979 | 16,310.439 |
| I - CHF - Distribution | 25,980.835 | 10,586.398 | 36,567.233 | 0.000 |
| I - USD - Capitalisation | 441,613.252 | 144,063.826 | 363,132.540 | 222,544.538 |
| I-R - EUR - Capitalisation | 2,744,495.579 | 947,781.438 | 827,868.623 | 2,864,408.394 |
| I-R - EUR - Disribution | 36,445.072 | 125,467.353 | 20,203.339 | 141,709.086 |
| I-R - CHF - Capitalisation | 12,017.643 | 1,676.637 | 5,782.208 | 7,912.072 |
| F - EUR - Capitalisation | 495,415.090 | 259,848.599 | 277,326.701 | 477,936.988 |
| F - EUR - Distribution | 9,434.801 | 12,672.067 | 1,157.821 | 20,949.047 |
| F - CHF - Capitalisation | 32,053.910 | 2,123.055 | 814.965 | 33,362.000 |
| SI - EUR - Capitalisation | 2,081,418.846 | 151,948.292 | 716,579.293 | 1,516,787.845 |
| SI-R - EUR - Capitalisation | 834,410.032 | 459,558.823 | 107,899.839 | 1,186,069.016 |
| SF - EUR - Capitalisation | 1,953,635.463 | 3,934,577.568 | 1,943,338.495 | 3,944,874.536 |

| Denomination | Currency | Quantity/ Notional | Market value (in EUR) | % of net assets |
|--|--------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------|
| Transferable securities admitted to an official stock exchange listing and/oregulated market | or dealt in on and | other | 2,406,207,275.45 | 96.13 |
| Bonds | | | 1,963,844,287.04 | 78.46 |
| Austria ERSTE GR BK 5.125% PERP EMTN | EUR | 9,800,000 | 9,816,141.19 9,816,141.19 | 0.39 0.39 |
| Belgium BELFIUS SANV 3.625% PERP | EUR | 12,000,000 | 22,022,212.38 11,962,767.48 | 0.88 0.48 |
| KBC GROUPE 4.5% 06-06-26 EMTN | EUR | 10,000,000 | 10,059,444.90 | 0.40 |
| Cayman Islands HAIDILAO INTL 2.15% 14-01-26 | USD | 10,000,000 | 32,323,699.02 9,316,832.68 | 1.29 0.37 |
| MELCO RESORTS FINANCE 4.875% 06-06-25 MELCO RESORTS FINANCE 5.25% 26-04-26 | USD USD | 6,000,000 4,000,000 | 5,759,664.67 3,803,825.39 | 0.23 0.15 |
| MGM CHINA 5.25% 18-06-25 | USD | 6,000,000 | 5,773,170.45 | 0.23 |
| MGM CHINA 5.875% 15-05-26 | USD | 2,000,000 | 1,925,532.26 | 0.08 |
| WYNN MACAU 5.5% 15-01-26 | USD | 6,000,000 | 5,744,673.57 | 0.23 |
| China | | | 9,421,980.68 | 0.38 |
| MEITUAN 2.125% 28-10-25 | USD | 5,000,000 | 4,713,038.19 | 0.19 |
| MEITUAN 4.5% 02-04-28 | USD | 5,000,000 | 4,708,942.49 | 0.19 |
| Czech Republic | | | 23,015,774.40 | 0.92 |
| CESKA SPORITELNA AS 5.943% 29-06-27 | EUR | 6,700,000 | 6,993,582.74 | 0.28 |
| RAIFFEISENBANK A S E 7.125% 19-01-26 SAZKA GROUP AS 3.875% 15-02-27 | EUR EUR | 6,000,000 10,000,000 | 6,020,945.46 10,001,246.20 | 0.24 0.40 |
| | 2011 | 10,000,000 | | |
| Denmark | USD | 10,000,000 | 40,700,438.64 | 1.63 0.39 |
| DANSKE BK 7.0% PERP NYKREDIT 0.25% 13-01-26 | EUR | 7,000,000 | 9,696,452.17 6,819,383.06 | 0.39 |
| NYKREDIT 0.25% 13-01-26 NYKREDIT 0.875% 28-07-31 | EUR | 5,000,000 | 4,831,427.90 | 0.27 |
| NYKREDIT 3.875% 05-07-27 EMTN | EUR | 8,100,000 | 8,275,288.94 | 0.19 |
| SYDBANK 4.125% 30-09-27 EMTN | EUR | 10,850,000 | 11,077,886.57 | 0.44 |
| Estonia | | | 12,510,753.73 | 0.50 |
| AKTSIASELTS LUMINOR BANK 4.042% 10-09-27 | EUR | 4,900,000 | 4,954,417.49 | 0.20 |
| AKTSIASELTS LUMINOR BANK 7.75% 08-06-27 | EUR | 7,100,000 | 7,556,336.24 | 0.30 |
| Finland | | | 23,841,218.89 | 0.95 |
| NORDEA BKP 4.375% 06-09-26 | EUR | 13,800,000 | 13,933,469.19 | 0.56 |
| OP CORPORATE BANK 1.625% 09-06-30 | EUR | 10,000,000 | 9,907,749.70 | 0.40 |
| France | | | 305,500,782.17 | 12.21 |
| AFFLELOU SAS 4.25% 19-05-26 | EUR | 1,767,000 | 1,768,293.25 | 0.07 |
| AIR FR KLM 1.875% 16-01-25 | EUR | 5,000,000 | 4,995,055.95 | 0.20 |
| AIR FR KLM 7.25% 31-05-26 EMTN | EUR | 10,000,000 | 10,537,110.30 | 0.42 |
| ARVAL SERVICE LEASE SAFRANCE COMPANY 4.25% 11-11-25 | EUR EUR | 15,000,000 7,900,000 | 15,160,837.05 8,037,544.76 | 0.61 0.32 |
| AYVENS 3.875% 22-02-27 | EUR | 7,800,000 | 7,993,622.91 | 0.32 |
| AYVENS 4.375% 23-11-26 BANIJAY GROUP SAS 6.5% 01-03-26 | EUR | 6,870,000 | 6,884,272.22 | 0.32 |
| BANQUE FEDERATIVE DU CREDIT MUTUEL BFCM 1.0% 23-05-25 | EUR | 13,000,000 | 12,890,457.19 | 0.52 |
| BNP PAR 2.0% 24-05-31 EMTN | GBP | 1,900,000 | 2,185,633.22 | 0.09 |
| BNP PAR 7.375% PERP | USD | 7,000,000 | 6,806,050.28 | 0.27 |
| BPCE 3.625% 17-04-26 EMTN | EUR | 4,900,000 | 4,947,488.69 | 0.20 |
| BPCE 4.5% 15-03-25 EMTN | USD | 4,954,000 | 4,776,439.97 | 0.19 |
| BUREAU VERITAS 1.875% 06-01-25 | EUR | 5,300,000 | 5,300,000.00 | 0.21 |
| CA 1.625% 05-06-30 EMTN | EUR | 20,000,000 | 19,825,093.80 | 0.79 |
| COMPAGNIE DE SAINT GOBAIN 1.625% 10-08-25 | EUR | 4,000,000 | 3,972,479.08 | 0.16 |
| COMPAGNIE DE SAINT GOBAIN 3.75% 29-11-26 | EUR | 8,800,000 | 8,968,714.74 | 0.36 |
| EDENRED 3.625% 13-12-26 | EUR | 7,600,000 | 7,711,013.50 | 0.31 |
| EDENRED SA 1.375 15-25 10/03A | EUR | 10,000,000 | 9,965,644.10 | 0.40 |

| Denomination | Currency | Quantity/ Notional | Market value (in EUR) | % of net assets |
|---|----------|-----------------------|------------------------------|-----------------|
| KAPLA 3.375% 15-12-26 | EUR | 18,000,000 | 17,884,161.36 | 0.71 |
| KERING 5.125% 23-11-26 EMTN | GBP | 8,800,000 | 10,690,349.66 | 0.43 |
| L OREAL S A 3.375% 23-01-27 | EUR | 9,800,000 | 9,971,232.95 | 0.40 |
| LOXAM SAS 2.875% 15-04-26 | EUR | 9,000,000 | 8,967,365.64 | 0.36 |
| LOXAM SAS 3.75% 15-07-26 | EUR | 4,000,000 | 3,988,048.52 | 0.16 |
| ORANGE 2.375% PERP EMTN | EUR | 1,800,000 | 1,792,651.00 | 0.07 |
| ORANGE 5.0% PERP EMTN | EUR | 13,500,000 | 13,873,640.45 | 0.55 |
| ORANO 3.375% 23-04-26 EMTN | EUR | 9,300,000 | 9,331,549.69 | 0.37 |
| PSA BANQUE FRANCE 4.0% 21-01-27 | EUR | 13,000,000 | 13,256,631.31 | 0.53 |
| RCI BANQUE 0.5% 14-07-25 EMTN | EUR | 5,000,000 | 4,933,931.40 | 0.20 |
| RCI BANQUE 4.625% 02-10-26 | EUR | 3,900,000 | 3,984,750.86 | 0.16 |
| RCI BANQUE 4.625% 13-07-26 | EUR | 7,000,000 | 7,129,867.43 | 0.10 |
| | EUR | 10,000,000 | | 0.20 |
| SCHNEIDER ELECTRIC SE 3.375% 06-04-25 | | | 10,002,966.90 | |
| SG 3.0% 12-02-27 | EUR | 12,800,000 | 12,785,577.85 | 0.51 |
| SG 8.0% PERP | USD | 8,000,000 | 7,799,556.75 | 0.31 |
| SOCIETE DES AUTOROUTES PARIS RHIN RHONE 1.875% 15-01-25 | EUR | 5,700,000 | 5,697,473.93 | 0.23 |
| VALEO 1.5% 18-06-25 EMTN | EUR | 15,000,000 | 14,894,687.25 | 0.60 |
| VEOLIA ENVIRONNEMENT 2.25% PERP | EUR | 5,900,000 | 5,790,588.21 | 0.23 |
| Germany | | | 112,697,082.67 | 4.50 |
| ALLIANZ SE 3.875% PERP EMTN | USD | 3,400,000 | 2,301,278.73 | 0.09 |
| COMMERZBANK AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT 2.625% 08-12-28 | EUR | 2,800,000 | 2,781,947.36 | 0.11 |
| COMMERZBANK AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT 6.125% PERP | EUR | 17,200,000 | 17,394,567.09 | 0.69 |
| DEUTSCHE BK 4.0% 12-07-28 EMTN | EUR | 4,000,000 | 4,078,332.48 | 0.16 |
| DEUTSCHE BK 6.0% PERP | USD | 7,000,000 | 6,635,030.56 | 0.27 |
| DEUTSCHE BOERSE 3.875% 28-09-26 | EUR | 10,000,000 | 10,202,204.80 | 0.41 |
| NIDDA HEALTHCARE HOLDING AG 7.5% 21-08-26 | EUR | 13,211,910 | 13,624,155.53 | 0.54 |
| SCHAEFFLER AG 4.5% 14-08-26 | EUR | 14,000,000 | 14,258,695.36 | 0.57 |
| TECHEM VERWALTUNGSGESELLSCHAFT 674 MBH 6.0% 30-07-26 | EUR | 17,583,957 | 17,629,317.58 | 0.70 |
| TUI CRUISES 6.5% 15-05-26 | EUR | 3,763,133 | 3,799,529.18 | 0.15 |
| VERTICAL MID 4.375% 15-07-27 | EUR | 20,000,000 | 19,992,024.00 | 0.80 |
| Greece | | | 21,488,511.17 | 0.86 |
| ALPHA BANK 7.5% 16-06-27 EMTN | EUR | 7,000,000 | 7,465,104.99 | 0.30 |
| PIRAEUS FINANCIAL HOLDINGS SOCIETE ANONY 5.5% 19-02-30 | EUR | 14,000,000 | 14,023,406.18 | 0.56 |
| Hungary | | | 8,266,437.68 | 0.33 |
| OTP BANK 4.75% 12-06-28 EMTN | EUR | 4,000,000 | 4,098,821.40 | 0.16 |
| OTP BANK 6.125% 05-10-27 EMTN | EUR | 4,000,000 | 4,167,616.28 | 0.17 |
| Iceland | | | 21,777,420.83 | 0.87 |
| ARION BANK 7.25% 25-05-26 | EUR | 11,000,000 | 11,637,966.34 | 0.46 |
| LANDSBANKINN HF 6.375% 12-03-27 | EUR | 9,551,000 | 10,139,454.49 | 0.41 |
| India | Lon | 3,331,000 | 12,515,441.42 | 0.50 |
| BHARTI AIRTEL 4.375% 10-06-25 | USD | 10,000,000 | ': | |
| JSW STEEL 5.375% 04-04-25 | USD | 3,000,000 | 9,621,225.17 2,894,216.25 | 0.38 0.12 |
| Indonesia | 000 | 3,000,000 | 4,748,660.54 | 0.12 |
| JPAFA COMFEED INDONESIA TBK 5.375% 23-03-26 | USD | 5,000,000 | 4,748,660.54 | 0.19 |
| Ireland | | | 87,035,580.09 | 3.48 |
| AIB GROUP 6.25% PERP | EUR | 17,300,000 | 17,495,074.80 | 0.70 |
| BK IRELAND GROUP 6.0% PERP | EUR | 9,000,000 | 9,101,694.87 | 0.36 |
| BK IRELAND GROUP 7.5% PERP | EUR | 13,000,000 | 13,244,597.99 | 0.53 |
| CA AUTO BANK SPA IRISH BRANCH 4.375% 08-06-26 | EUR | 10,833,000 | 11,018,534.09 | 0.44 |
| CA AUTO BANK SPA IRISH BRANCH 4.75% 25-01-27 | EUR | 3,700,000 | 3,821,176.15 | 0.15 |
| EIRCOM FINANCE 3.5% 15-05-26 | EUR | 20,000,000 | 19,937,295.80 | 0.80 |
| FRESENIUS FINANCE IRELAND 0.0% 01-10-25 | EUR | 10,000,000 | 9,796,851.30 | 0.39 |
| PERMANENT TSB GROUP 3.0% 19-08-31 | EUR | 2,647,000 | 2,620,355.09 | 0.10 |
| | | _, ,000 | _,==0,000.00 | 00 |

| Denomination | Currency | Quantity/ Notional | Market value (in EUR) | % of net assets |
|--|----------|-----------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------|
| Italy | | | 173,298,156.96 | 6.92 |
| AMCO AM COMPANY 1.375% 27-01-25 | EUR | 6,000,000 | 5,993,197.44 | 0.24 |
| ASS GENERALI 4.596% PERP EMTN | EUR | 10,000,000 | 10,083,223.40 | 0.40 |
| AUTOSTRADE PER L ITALILIA 1.75% 26-06-26 | EUR | 9,978,000 | 9,835,685.38 | 0.39 |
| AUTOSTRADE PER L ITALILIA 4.375% 16-09-25 | EUR | 10,000,000 | 10,091,843.90 | 0.40 |
| BANCO BPM 6.125% PERP | EUR | 10,000,000 | 10,018,528.30 | 0.40 |
| BANCO BPM 6.5% PERP | EUR | 13,000,000 | 13,283,376.60 | 0.53 |
| BFF BANK SPA E 4.875% 30-03-28 | EUR | 7,100,000 | 7,141,236.09 | 0.29 |
| CA AUTO BANK 6.0% 06-12-26 | GBP | 5,900,000 | 7,219,149.10 | 0.29 |
| ENGINEERING INGEGNERIA INFORMATICA 5.875% 30-09-26 | EUR | 10,000,000 | 9,962,206.30 | 0.40 |
| FABBRICA ITA SINTETICI 5.625% 01-08-27 | EUR | 1,000,000 | 1,006,507.07 | 0.04 |
| INTE 5.875% PERP | EUR | 10,000,000 | 10,010,940.60 | 0.40 |
| ITALMATCH CHEMICALS 10.0% 06-02-28 | EUR | 5,000,000 | 5,294,192.90 | 0.21 |
| ITELYUM REGENERATION 4.625% 01-10-26 | EUR | 10,000,000 | 9,998,564.40 | 0.40 |
| LEASYS 4.5% 26-07-26 EMTN | EUR | 10,000,000 | 10,219,272.10 | 0.41 |
| LEASYS 4.625% 16-02-27 EMTN | EUR | 13,700,000 | 14,130,414.81 | 0.56 |
| LIBRA GROUP 5.0% 15-05-27 | EUR | 8,000,000 | 8,005,566.72 | 0.32 |
| LOTTOMATICA 7.125% 01-06-28 | EUR | 1,875,000 | 1,971,675.86 | 0.08 |
| MONTE PASCHI 0.875% 08-10-26 | EUR | 7,000,000 | 6,790,011.20 | 0.27 |
| MONTE PASCHI 6.75% 02-03-26 | EUR | 7,000,000 | 7,035,798.70 | 0.28 |
| NEXI 1.625% 30-04-26 | EUR | 4,722,000 | 4,620,959.68 | 0.18 |
| SHIBA BID 4.5% 31-10-28 | EUR | 600,000 | 602,144.71 | 0.02 |
| UNICREDIT 3.875% 11-06-28 EMTN | EUR | 9,800,000 | 9,983,661.70 | 0.40 |
| Luxembourg | | | 76,471,564.61 | 3.06 |
| CIRSA FINANCE INTL SARL 10.375% 30-11-27 | EUR | 13,500,000 | 14,269,370.80 | 0.57 |
| CIRSA FINANCE INTL SARL 4.5% 15-03-27 | EUR | 11,500,000 | 11,493,867.40 | 0.46 |
| MATTERHORN TELECOM 3.125% 15-09-26 | EUR | 10,000,000 | 9,921,652.50 | 0.40 |
| MATTERHORN TELECOM 4.0% 15-11-27 | EUR | 3,900,000 | 3,903,032.83 | 0.16 |
| PICARD BOND 5.5% 01-07-27 | EUR | 7,000,000 | 6,965,135.38 | 0.28 |
| SAMSONITE FINCO SARL 3.5% 15-05-26 | EUR | 20,000,000 | 19,963,460.40 | 0.80 |
| SIG COMBIBLOC PURCHASECO SARL 2.125% 18-06-25 | EUR | 10,000,000 | 9,955,045.30 | 0.40 |
| Macau SANDS CHINA 5.125% 08-08-25 | USD | 13,000,000 | 12,516,266.04 12,516,266.04 | 0.50 0.50 |
| Malta | | | 14,412,444.02 | 0.58 |
| BANK OF VALLETTA 10.0% 06-12-27 | EUR | 13,000,000 | 14,412,444.02 | 0.58 |
| Mauritius | | | 26,932,656.89 | 1.08 |
| CA MAGNUM 5.375% 31-10-26 | USD | 10,000,000 | 9,437,139.21 | 0.38 |
| DIAMOND II 7.95% 28-07-26 | USD | 8,000,000 | 7,839,278.85 | 0.31 |
| GREENKO SOLAR MAURITIUS 5.55% 29-01-25 | USD | 10,000,000 | 9,656,238.83 | 0.39 |
| Netherlands | | | 236,911,038.32 | 9.47 |
| ABN AMRO BK 4.375% PERP | EUR | 5,000,000 | 4,989,875.75 | 0.20 |
| ACHMEA BV 3.625% 29-11-25 | EUR | 2,000,000 | 2,009,748.14 | 0.08 |
| DAIMLER TRUCK INTL FINANCE BV 1.25% 06-04-25 | EUR | 4,400,000 | 4,379,221.48 | 0.17 |
| DE VOLKSBANK NV 1.75% 22-10-30 | EUR | 10,000,000 | 9,898,890.20 | 0.40 |
| DSV FINANCE BV 2.875% 06-11-26 | EUR | 10,000,000 | 10,043,839.90 | 0.40 |
| HEINEKEN NV 1.625% 30-03-25 | EUR | 15,000,000 | 14,946,939.15 | 0.60 |
| IBERDROLA INTL BV 3.25% PERP | EUR | 10,500,000 | 10,493,860.86 | 0.42 |
| ING BANK NEDERLAND NV 4.125% 02-10-26 | EUR | 5,000,000 | 5,126,201.25 | 0.20 |
| ING GROEP NV 6.5% PERP | USD | 7,000,000 | 6,754,478.71 | 0.27 |
| IPD 3 BV 8.0% 15-06-28 | EUR | 13,000,000 | 13,744,538.86 | 0.55 |
| JDE PEET S BV 0.0% 16-01-26 | EUR | 16,000,000 | 15,564,712.80 | 0.62 |
| JDE PEET S BV 0.244% 16-01-25 | EUR | 10,000,000 | 9,986,925.90 | 0.40 |
| KONINKLIJKE FRIESLANDCAMPINA NV 2.85% PERP | EUR | 12,000,000 | 11,870,843.52 | 0.47 |
| LSEG NETHERLANDS BV 4.125% 29-09-26 | EUR | 9,800,000 | 10,017,332.15 | 0.40 |
| MERCEDESBENZ INTL FINANCE BV 3.25% 15-09-27 | EUR | 16,300,000 | 16,471,618.29 | 0.66 |

| Denomination | Currency | Quantity/ Notional | Market value (in EUR) | % of net assets |
|--|------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|
| NIBC BANK NV 6.375% 01-12-25 | EUR | 9,000,000 | 9,265,164.30 | 0.37 |
| NOBIAN FINANCE BV 3.625% 15-07-26 | EUR | 10,000,000 | 9,912,380.40 | 0.40 |
| PPF TELECOM GROUP BV 3.125% 27-03-26 | EUR | 25,000,000 | 24,902,336.50 | 0.99 |
| SUEDZUCKER INTL FINANCE BV 1.0% 28-11-25 | EUR | 5,319,000 | 5,231,471.33 | 0.21 |
| TENNET HOLDING BV 2.374% PERP | EUR | 7,000,000 | 6,944,340.48 | 0.28 |
| UNITED GROUP BV 4.0% 15-11-27 | EUR | 10,000,000 | 9,917,832.50 | 0.40 |
| VOLKSWAGEN INTL FINANCE NV 4.625% PERP | EUR | 10,000,000 | 9,987,129.20 | 0.40 |
| ZIGGO BOND COMPANY BV 6.0% 15-01-27 | USD | 15,000,000 | 14,451,356.65 | 0.58 |
| Norway | | | 6,971,702.92 | 0.28 |
| STATKRAFT AS 1.125% 20-03-25 | EUR | 7,000,000 | 6,971,702.92 | 0.28 |
| Poland | | | 36,825,311.05 | 1.47 |
| BANK MILLENNIUM 5.308% 25-09-29 | EUR | 1,700,000 | 1,736,210.32 | 0.07 |
| BANK MILLENNIUM 9.875% 18-09-27 | EUR | 11,300,000 | 12,377,687.21 | 0.49 |
| INPOST 2.25% 15-07-27 | EUR | 15,000,000 | 14,656,579.05 | 0.59 |
| MBANK SPOLKA AKCYJNA 8.375% 11-09-27 | EUR | 7,500,000 | 8,054,834.47 | 0.32 |
| Portugal | | | 48,549,417.96 | 1.94 |
| BCP 5.625% 02-10-26 EMTN | EUR | 4,000,000 | 4,074,519.32 | 0.16 |
| BCP 6.888% 07-12-27 EMTN | EUR | 11,600,000 | 12,640,587.74 | 0.51 |
| BCP 8.75% 05-03-33 EMTN | EUR | 6,400,000 | 7,207,681.92 | 0.29 |
| CAIXA ECONOMICA MONTEPIO GERAL CEMG 10.0% 30-10-26 | EUR | 7,800,000 | 8,235,823.76 | 0.33 |
| CAIXA ECONOMICA MONTEPIO GERAL CEMG 5.625% 29-05-28 | EUR | 4,100,000 | 4,255,672.98 | 0.17 |
| NOVO BAN 3.5% 09-03-29 EMTN | EUR | 12,000,000 | 12,135,132.24 | 0.48 |
| South Korea | | | 11,665,597.68 | 0.47 |
| KIA CORPORATION 2.375% 14-02-25 | USD | 4,000,000 | 3,849,934.62 | 0.15 |
| SK HYNIX 6.25% 17-01-26 | USD | 8,000,000 | 7,815,663.06 | 0.31 |
| Spain | E110 | 47,000,000 | 166,911,126.08 | 6.67 |
| BANCO DE CREDITO SOCIAL 8.0% 22-09-26 | EUR | 17,000,000 | 17,603,492.86 | 0.70 |
| BANCO SANTANDER ALL SPAIN BRANCH 3.25% 02-04-29 | EUR | 10,600,000 | 10,628,079.40 | 0.42 |
| BBVA 4.125% 10-05-26 | EUR | 10,000,000 | 10,036,030.40 | 0.40 |
| BBVA 6.0% PERP | EUR | 10,000,000 | 10,163,431.30 | 0.41 |
| BBVA 6.5% PERP | USD | 7,000,000 | 6,762,652.37 | 0.27 |
| CAIXABANK 5.25% PERP | EUR EUR | 7,000,000 | 7,035,147.07 | 0.28 0.48 |
| CELLNEX FINANCE COMPANY SAU 2.25% 12-04-26 | | 12,000,000 | 11,913,794.88 | |
| CELLNEX TELECOM 2.875% 18-04-25 | EUR | 5,000,000 | 4,996,742.45 | 0.20 |
| FOOD SERVICE PROJECT SL 5.5% 21-01-27 | EUR | 10,500,000 | 10,654,341.39 | 0.43 |
| GESTAMP AUTOMOCION 3.25% 30-04-26 | EUR | 10,000,000 | 9,958,009.80 | 0.40 |
| IBERCAJA 4.375% 30-07-28 | EUR | 7,100,000 | 7,335,705.59 | 0.29 |
| IBERCAJA 5.625% 07-06-27 | EUR | 15,000,000 | 15,572,867.70 | 0.62 |
| INTL CONSOLIDATED AIRLINES GROU 2.75% 25-03-25 | EUR | 15,000,000 | 14,979,667.50 | 0.60 |
| LORCA TELECOM BONDCO SAU 4.0% 18-09-27 | EUR | 10,000,000 | 10,017,104.00 | 0.40 |
| NATURGY FINANCE BV 0.875% 15-05-25 | EUR | 1,300,000 | 1,291,137.99 | 0.05 |
| NCG BAN 5.5% 18-05-26 EMTN | EUR | 7,800,000 | 7,872,239.08 | 0.31 |
| NCG BAN 6.0% PERP | EUR | 10,000,000 | 10,090,682.30 | 0.40 |
| Sweden | EUD | 40.000.000 | 75,436,569.20 | 3.01 |
| MOLNLYCKE HOLDING AB 1.875% 28-02-25 | EUR | 10,000,000 | 9,975,490.60 | 0.40 |
| SBAB BANK AB STATENS BOSTADSFINAN AB 4.875% 26-06-26 | EUR | 10,000,000 | 10,076,774.20 | 0.40 |
| SCANIA CV AB 2.25% 03-06-25 | EUR | 7,000,000 | 6,976,041.52 | 0.28 |
| SWEDBANK AB 3.75% 14-11-25 | EUR | 10,000,000 | 10,087,519.20 | 0.40 |
| SWEDBANK AB 4.625% 30-05-26 | EUR | 10,000,000 | 10,063,244.40 | 0.40 |
| VERISURE HOLDING AB 3.875% 15-07-26 | EUR | 15,800,000 | 15,774,153.26 | 0.63 |
| VERISURE HOLDING AB 9.25% 15-10-27 | EUR | 5,760,000 | 6,053,394.53 | 0.24 |
| VOLVO TREASURY AB 3.125% 08-09-26 | EUR | 6,400,000 | 6,429,951.49 | 0.26 |
| Switzerland | 1100 | 10 000 000 | 23,218,059.67 | 0.93 |
| UBS GROUP AG 6.875% PERP | USD | 10,000,000 | 9,686,877.88 | 0.39 |

| Denomination | Currency | Quantity/ Notional | Market value (in EUR) | % of net assets |
|--|----------|-----------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|
| UBS GROUP AG 7.0% PERP | USD | 14,000,000 | 13,531,181.79 | 0.54 |
| United Kingdom | | | 174,358,115.60 | 6.97 |
| AVIVA 3.375% 04-12-45 EMTN | EUR | 5,000,000 | 5,009,067.90 | 0.20 |
| BARCLAYS 7.125% PERP | GBP | 7,000,000 | 8,486,491.08 | 0.34 |
| DEUCE FIN 5.5% 15-06-27 | GBP | 4,650,000 | 5,511,081.00 | 0.22 |
| HSBC 6.375% PERP | USD | 7,000,000 | 6,769,718.22 | 0.27 |
| INTL GAME TECHNOLOGY 3.5% 15-06-26 | EUR | 18,000,000 | 17,996,720.94 | 0.72 |
| JAGUAR LAND ROVER AUTOMOTIVE 4.5% 15-01-26 | EUR | 2,301,000 | 2,320,728.17 | 0.09 |
| LLOYDS BANKING GROUP 4.947% PERP | EUR | 12,200,000 | 12,218,568.89 | 0.49 |
| NATL WESTMINSTER BANK 2.0% 27-08-25 | EUR | 6,426,000 | 6,398,323.02 | 0.26 |
| NATWEST GROUP 3.622% 14-08-30 | GBP | 10,000,000 | 11,989,964.68 | 0.48 |
| NATWEST GROUP 8.0% PERP | USD | 12,000,000 | 11,713,240.97 | 0.47 |
| PEOPLECERT WISDOM ISSUER 5.75% 15-09-26 | EUR | 10,000,000 | 10,090,325.50 | 0.40 |
| PEU FIN 7.25 23-28 01/07\$ | EUR | 5,000,000 | 5,235,645.30 | 0.21 |
| PHOENIX GROUP 5.625% PERP | USD | 7,000,000 | 6,737,691.75 | 0.27 |
| STANDARD CHARTERED 2.5% 09-09-30 | EUR | 20,000,000 | 19,878,986.00 | 0.79 |
| STANDARD CHARTERED 6.0% PERP | USD | 5,000,000 | 4,826,345.40 | 0.19 |
| VIRGIN MEDIA SECURED FINANCE 5.0% 15-04-27 | GBP | 12,569,000 | 15,104,774.90 | 0.60 |
| VIRGIN MONEY UK 5.125% 11-12-30 | GBP | 20,000,000 | 24,070,441.88 | 0.96 |
| United States of America | | | 131,684,124.54 | 5.26 |
| AMERICAN TOWER 1.375% 04-04-25 | EUR | 5,000,000 | 4,978,546.90 | 0.20 |
| ATT 3.55% 18-11-25 | EUR | 10,000,000 | 10,063,901.80 | 0.40 |
| BERRY GLOBAL 4.5% 15-02-26 | USD | 2,000,000 | 1,906,270.80 | 0.08 |
| COTY 3.875% 15-04-26 | EUR | 12,000,000 | 12,020,963.52 | 0.48 |
| COTY 4.5% 15-05-27 | EUR | 8,400,000 | 8,597,005.54 | 0.34 |
| COTY 5.0% 15-04-26 | USD | 1,848,000 | 1,782,962.04 | 0.07 |
| DELTA AIR LINES INC SKYMILES IP 4.5% 20-10-25 | USD | 3,500,000 | 3,368,960.50 | 0.13 |
| DRESDNER FUNDING TRUST I 8.151% 30-06-31 | USD | 5,000,000 | 5,300,768.03 | 0.21 |
| ENLINK MIDSTREAM PARTNERS LP 4.15% 01-06-25 | USD | 5,000,000 | 4,807,080.83 | 0.19 |
| FORTIVE 3.7% 13-02-26 | EUR | 10,350,000 | 10,446,855.71 | 0.42 |
| HYATT HOTELS 5.375% 23-04-25 | USD | 1,029,000 | 994,036.78 | 0.04 |
| IQVIA 2.875% 15-09-25 | EUR | 6,000,000 | 5,974,715.28 | 0.24 |
| IQVIA 5.0% 15-05-27 | USD | 17,000,000 | 16,138,133.08 | 0.64 |
| NABORS INDUSTRIES 7.375% 15-05-27 | USD | 10,000,000 | 9,656,471.20 | 0.39 |
| PANTHER BF AGGREGATOR 2 LP 4.375% 15-05-26 | EUR | 13,000,000 | 13,013,899.08 | 0.52 |
| SCIL IV LLC SCIL USA HOLDINGS LLC 4.375% 01-11-26 | EUR | 8,203,000 | 8,202,157.06 | 0.33 |
| TRANSDIGM 5.5% 15-11-27 | USD | 5,000,000 | 4,756,256.12 | 0.19 |
| WARNERMEDIA HOLDINGS INCORPORATION 6.412% 15-03-26 | USD | 2,000,000 | 1,933,069.80 | 0.08 |
| WMG ACQUISITION 2.75% 15-07-28 | EUR | 7,900,000 | 7,742,070.47 | 0.31 |
| Floating rate notes | | | 410,858,858.99 | 16.41 |
| Canada | | | 56.853,273.37 | 2.27 |
| BANK OF MONTREAL E3R+0.47% 12-04-27 | EUR | 10,000,000 | 10,009,214.70 | 0.40 |
| BANK OF NOVA SCOTIA E3R+0.5% 22-09-25 | EUR | 10,000,000 | 10,027,593.20 | 0.40 |
| CAN IMP BK E3R+0.4% 27-03-26 | EUR | 1,650,000 | 1,652,371.18 | 0.07 |
| CAN IMP BK E3R+0.7% 29-01-27 | EUR | 8,350,000 | 8,396,141.59 | 0.34 |
| ROYAL BANK OF CANADA E3R+0.43% 17-01-25 | EUR | 10,000,000 | 10,002,337.50 | 0.40 |
| TORONTO DOMINION BANK E3R+0.45% 20-01-25 | EUR | 10,000,000 | 10,002,844.40 | 0.40 |
| TORONTO DOMINION BANK E3R+0.45% 21-07-25 | EUR | 6,750,000 | 6,762,770.80 | 0.27 |
| Denmark | | | 10,022,174.50 | 0.40 |
| DANSKE BK E3R+0.65% 10-04-27 | EUR | 10,000,000 | 10,022,174.50 | 0.40 |
| France | | | 59.401.551.33 | 2.37 |
| AYVENS E3R+0.55% 21-02-25 EMTN | EUR | 10,000,000 | 10,008,195.20 | 0.40 |
| BANQUE FEDERATIVE DU CREDIT MUTUEL BFCM E3R+0.38% 08-09- | EUR | 7,000,000 | 7,009,777.88 | 0.28 |
| 25 | | | | |

| Denomination | Currency | Quantity/ Notional | Market value (in EUR) | % of net assets |
|--|----------|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------|
| BANQUE FEDERATIVE DU CREDIT MUTUEL BFCM EUAR10+0.1% PERP | EUR | 10,000,000 | 9,939,242.90 | 0.40 |
| BERTRAND FRANCHISE FINANCE SAS E3R+3.75% 18-07-30 | EUR | 3,800,000 | 3,829,651.10 | 0.15 |
| CLARIANE AUTRE R+9.079% PERP | GBP | 3,000,000 | 3,553,501.10 | 0.14 |
| GOLDSTORY SAS E3R+4.0% 01-02-30 | EUR | 5,000,000 | 5,042,908.80 | 0.20 |
| SG E3R+0.5% 19-01-26 EMTN | EUR | 5,000,000 | 5,013,389.90 | 0.20 |
| VINCI E3R+0.25% 13-05-26 EMTN | EUR | 15,000,000 | 15,004,884.45 | 0.60 |
| Germany | | | 62,092,244.87 | 2.48 |
| DEUTSCHE BK E3R+0.5% 11-07-25 | EUR | 15,000,000 | 15,028,282.05 | 0.60 |
| IKB DEUTSCHE INDUSTRIEBANK AG EUAR05+3.617% 31-01-28 | EUR | 22,000,000 | 21,978,892.32 | 0.88 |
| JEFFERIES OISEST+0.8% 22-07-26 | EUR | 20,000,000 | 20,002,600.00 | 0.80 |
| PRESTIGEBID E3R+3.75% 01-07-29 | EUR | 5,000,000 | 5,082,470.50 | 0.20 |
| Italy | | | 42,322,889.55 | 1.69 |
| BANCA IFIS EUAR05+4.251% 17-10-27 | EUR | 10,200,000 | 10,971,796.77 | 0.44 |
| INTE E3R+0.8% 16-11-25 EMTN | EUR | 13,000,000 | 13,062,215.66 | 0.52 |
| ITALMATCH CHEMICALS E3R+5.5% 06-02-28 | EUR | 8,000,000 | 8,115,191.92 | 0.32 |
| LOTTOMATICA E3R+4.0% 15-12-30 | EUR | 10,000,000 | 10,173,685.20 | 0.41 |
| Luxembourg | | | 30,286,142.50 | 1.21 |
| BANQUE INTLE A LUXEMBOURG E3R+1.0% 24-05-27 | EUR | 20,000,000 | 20,136,753.60 | 0.80 |
| ROSSINI SARL E3R+3.875% 31-12-29 | EUR | 10,000,000 | 10,149,388.90 | 0.41 |
| Netherlands | | | 53,976,061.03 | 2.16 |
| ABN AMRO BK E3R+0.35% 10-01-25 | EUR | 15,800,000 | 15,801,624.08 | 0.63 |
| ABN AMRO BK E3R+0.6% 15-01-27 | EUR | 13,000,000 | 13,083,060.12 | 0.52 |
| ING BANK NEDERLAND NV E3R+0.66% 02-10-26 | EUR | 5,000,000 | 5,044,424.05 | 0.20 |
| TOYOTA MOTOR FINANCE NETHERLANDS BV E3R+0.34% 31-08-25 | EUR | 13,000,000 | 13,015,009.54 | 0.52 |
| TOYOTA MOTOR FINANCE NETHERLANDS BV E3R+0.68% 09-02-27 | EUR | 7,000,000 | 7,031,943.24 | 0.28 |
| United Kingdom | | | 45,855,021.95 | 1.83 |
| BARCLAYS BK E3R+0.71% PERP | EUR | 18,000,000 | 17,603,264.52 | 0.70 |
| LLOYDS BANKING GROUP E3R+0.7% 05-03-27 | EUR | 7,000,000 | 7,025,592.21 | 0.28 |
| LLOYDS BANKING GROUP SOFFRAT+1.06% 26-11-28 | USD | 5,800,000 | 5,612,746.29 | 0.22 |
| NATL WESTMINSTER BANK E3R+0.98% 13-01-26 | EUR | 15,496,000 | 15,613,418.93 | 0.62 |
| United States of America | | | 50,049,499.89 | 2.00 |
| ATT E3R+0.4% 06-03-25 | EUR | 12,000,000 | 12,007,129.20 | 0.48 |
| KRAFT HEINZ FOODS E3R+0.5% 09-05-25 | EUR | 15,000,000 | 15,020,125.65 | 0.60 |
| MORGAN STANLEY E3R+0.65% 19-03-27 | EUR | 13,000,000 | 13,040,837.94 | 0.52 |
| US BAN E3R+0.8% 21-05-28 | EUR | 10,000,000 | 9,981,407.10 | 0.40 |
| Convertible bonds | | | 27,065,146.54 | 1.08 |
| Austria | | | 7,849,951.44 | 0.31 |
| AMSOSRAM AG ZCP 05-03-25 CV | EUR | 8,000,000 | 7,849,951.44 | 0.31 |
| Belgium BNP PAR FORTIS E3R+2.0% PERP | EUR | 15,000,000 | 14,348,775.90 14,348,775.90 | 0.57 0.57 |
| France WORLDLINE ZCP 30-07-25 CV | EUR | 41,862 | 4,866,419.20 4,866,419.20 | 0.19 0.19 |
| Structured products | | | 4,438,982.88 | 0.18 |
| France AXA AUTRE R+0.0% PERP EMTN | EUR | 4,621,000 | 4,438,982.88 4,438,982.88 | 0.18 0.18 |
| Total securities portfolio | | | 2,406,207,275.45 | 96.13 |



Statement of net assets as at 31/12/24

| | Note | Expressed in EUR |
|---|------|------------------|
| Assets | | 377,529,644.83 |
| Securities portfolio at market value | 2.2 | 344,924,026.39 |
| Cost price | | 317,293,711.22 |
| Options (long positions) at market value | 2.6 | 3,345,778.64 |
| Options purchased at cost | | 2,525,296.78 |
| Cash at banks and liquidities | | 24,986,691.99 |
| Receivable on subscriptions | | 401,876.14 |
| Dividends receivable on securities portfolio | | 6,006.30 |
| Interests receivable on securities portfolio | | 3,862,660.84 |
| Other assets | | 2,604.53 |
| Liabilities | | 5,446,741.79 |
| Options (short positions) at market value | 2.6 | 2,595,978.08 |
| Options sold at cost | | 2,325,789.15 |
| Bank overdrafts | | 63,524.05 |
| Payable on redemptions | | 180,812.97 |
| Net unrealised depreciation on forward foreign exchange contracts | 2.7 | 1,015,933.50 |
| Net unrealised depreciation on financial futures | 2.8 | 640,915.18 |
| Management fees payable | 3 | 748,531.94 |
| Depositary and Administration fees payable | 5 | 159,406.92 |
| Other liabilities | | 41,639.15 |
| Net asset value | | 372,082,903.04 |

Statement of operations and changes in net assets from 01/01/24 to 31/12/24

| | Note | Expressed in EUR |
|---|---------|------------------|
| Income | | 18,352,577.40 |
| Dividends on securities portfolio, net | | 1,116,580.63 |
| Interests on bonds, net | | 16,260,362.30 |
| Interests received on swaps | | 13,888.89 |
| Bank interests on cash accounts | | 953,344.50 |
| Rebate of the management fees | | 6,864.19 |
| Other income | | 1,536.89 |
| Expenses | | 6,039,660.01 |
| Management and Management Company fees | 3 | 4,650,370.05 |
| Depositary and Administration fees | 5 | 292,184.16 |
| Domiciliary fees | | 2,128.94 |
| Audit fees | | 6,160.37 |
| Legal fees | | 48,567.84 |
| Transaction fees | 2.11 | 253,618.34 |
| Directors fees | | 13,387.88 |
| Subscription tax ("Taxe d'abonnement") | 6 | 162,630.35 |
| Interests paid on bank overdraft | | 16,034.52 |
| Interests paid on swaps | | 504,861.13 |
| Banking fees | | 4,331.99 |
| Other expenses | 10 | 85,384.44 |
| Net income / (loss) from investments | | 12,312,917.39 |
| Net realised profit / (loss) on: | | |
| - sales of investment securities | 2.2,2.3 | 19,030,562.22 |
| - options | 2.6 | 580,264.41 |
| - forward foreign exchange contracts | 2.7 | -6,480,316.91 |
| - financial futures | 2.8 | -3,904,685.02 |
| - swaps | 2.9 | -727,803.31 |
| - foreign exchange | 2.4 | 4,006,737.64 |
| Net realised profit / (loss) | | 24,817,676.42 |
| Movement in net unrealised appreciation / (depreciation) on: | | |
| - investments | 2.2 | 960,259.56 |
| - options | 2.6 | 819,298.59 |
| - forward foreign exchange contracts | 2.7 | -2,160,198.73 |
| - financial futures | 2.8 | -145,631.19 |
| - swaps | 2.9 | 797,413.04 |
| Net increase / (decrease) in net assets as a result of operations | | 25,088,817.69 |
| Subscriptions of capitalisation shares | | 81,311,373.03 |
| Redemptions of capitalisation shares | | -150,401,583.25 |
| Net increase / (decrease) in net assets | | -44,001,392.53 |
| Net assets at the beginning of the year | | 416,084,295.57 |
| Net assets at the end of the year | | 372,082,903.04 |
| | | |

Statistics

| | | 31/12/24 | 31/12/23 | 31/12/22 |
|----------------------------|-----|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Total Net Assets | EUR | 372,082,903.04 | 416,084,295.57 | 610,036,852.66 |
| C - EUR - Capitalisation | | | | |
| Number of shares | | 11,331.277 | 17,770.059 | 24,563.619 |
| Net asset value per share | EUR | 1,762.68 | 1,635.67 | 1,500.73 |
| E - EUR - Capitalisation | | | | |
| Number of shares | | 14,031.428 | 14,037.428 | 16,698.520 |
| Net asset value per share | EUR | 872.85 | 809.16 | 741.69 |
| I - EUR - Capitalisation | | | | |
| Number of shares | | 13,249.568 | 30,375.516 | 30,194.332 |
| Net asset value per share | EUR | 688.33 | 642.65 | 593.26 |
| I-R - EUR - Capitalisation | | | | |
| Number of shares | | 20,588.452 | 20,171.851 | 56,436.820 |
| Net asset value per share | EUR | 687.34 | 641.97 | 592.84 |
| R - EUR - Capitalisation | | | | |
| Number of shares | | 339,721.422 | 411,620.615 | 650,912.623 |
| Net asset value per share | EUR | 715.29 | 672.44 | 625.04 |
| F - EUR - Capitalisation | | | | |
| Number of shares | | 22,282.951 | 19,184.813 | 75,530.277 |
| Net asset value per share | EUR | 601.49 | 562.09 | 519.31 |
| S - EUR - Capitalisation | | | | |
| Number of shares | | 87,098.084 | 86,286.642 | 106,141.781 |
| Net asset value per share | EUR | 691.06 | 644.55 | 594.43 |
| R - CHF - Capitalisation | | | | |
| Number of shares | | - | - | 2,725.000 |
| Net asset value per share | CHF | - | - | 92.40 |

Changes in number of shares outstanding from 01/01/24 to 31/12/24

| | Shares outstanding as | | | Shares outstanding as |
|----------------------------|-----------------------|---------------|-----------------|-----------------------|
| | at 01/01/24 | Shares issued | Shares redeemed | at 31/12/24 |
| C - EUR - Capitalisation | 17,770.059 | 4.399.386 | 10,838.168 | 11,331.277 |
| E - EUR - Capitalisation | 14,037.428 | 0.000 | 6.000 | 14,031.428 |
| I - EUR - Capitalisation | 30,375.516 | 182.268 | 17,308.216 | 13,249.568 |
| I-R - EUR - Capitalisation | 20,171.851 | 11,780.643 | 11,364.041 | 20,588.452 |
| R - EUR - Capitalisation | 411,620.615 | 32,899.894 | 104,799.086 | 339,721.422 |
| F - EUR - Capitalisation | 19,184.813 | 13,045.524 | 9,947.386 | 22,282.951 |
| S - EUR - Capitalisation | 86,286.642 | 51,742.243 | 50,930.801 | 87,098.084 |

| Denomination | Currency | Quantity/ Notional | Market value (in EUR) | % of net assets |
|--|----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|------------------------------|
| Transferable securities admitted to an official stock exchang regulated market | e listing and/or dealt in on and | ther | 337,210,715.00 | 90.63 |
| Shares | | | 100,183,710.58 | 26.93 |
| Denmark COLOPLAST-B | DKK | 25,512 | 2,689,614.93 2,689,614.93 | 0.72 0.72 |
| Finland KONE OYJ-B | EUR | 85,272 | 4,007,784.00 4,007,784.00 | 1.08 1.08 |
| France AIR LIQUIDE SA ESSILORLUXOTTICA | EUR EUR | 11,326 6,925 | 9,126,748.62 1,777,275.92 1,631,530.00 | 2.45 0.48 0.44 |
| HERMES INTERNATIONAL LVMH MOET HENNESSY LOUIS VUI PERNOD RICARD SA | EUR EUR EUR | 902 2,431 8,753 | 2,094,444.00 1,544,900.50 954,077.00 | 0.56 0.42 0.26 |
| SCHNEIDER ELECTRIC SE Germany | EUR | 4,668 | 1,124,521.20 2,369,197.70 | 0.30 0.64 |
| BEIERSDORF AG SAP SE | EUR EUR | 9,542 5,019 | 1,183,208.00 1,185,989.70 | 0.32 0.32 |
| Ireland ACCENTURE PLC-CL A | USD | 7,850 | 2,667,006.13 2,667,006.13 | 0.72 0.72 |
| Italy DAVIDE CAMPARI-MILANO NV TERNA-RETE ELETTRICA NAZIONA | EUR EUR | 191,387 231,484 | 2,915,675.05 1,151,766.97 1,763,908.08 | 0.78 0.31 0.47 |
| Netherlands ASML HOLDING NV | EUR | 6,612 | 4,487,564.40 4,487,564.40 | 1.21 1.21 |
| Spain AMADEUS IT GROUP SA IBERDROLA SA | EUR EUR | 59,257 140,475 | 5,909,644.90 4,041,327.40 1,868,317.50 | 1.59 1.09 0.50 |
| Switzerland ALCON INC | CHF | 12,824 | 2,280,481.97 | 0.61 0.28 |
| SIKA AG-REG | CHF | 5,345 | 1,051,091.52 1,229,390.45 | 0.28 |
| United Kingdom INTERCONTINENTAL HOTELS GROU INTERTEK GROUP PLC UNILEVER PLC | GBP GBP EUR | 37,577 59,370 17,593 | 8,885,364.71 4,524,457.89 3,395,402.98 965,503.84 | 2.39 1.22 0.91 0.26 |
| United States of America | EUR | 17,593 | 54,844,628.17 | 14.74 |
| AGILENT TECHNOLOGIES INC ALPHABET INC-CL A AMAZON.COM INC AMETEK INC | USD USD USD USD | 14,168 20,048 36,413 6,100 | 1,838,166.13 3,665,156.60 7,715,146.14 1,061,940.22 | 0.49 0.99 2.07 0.29 |
| ARISTA NETWORKS INC COCA-COLA CO/THE FASTENAL CO | USD USD USD | 34,956 21,561 40,440 | 3,731,408.26 1,296,429.44 2,808,479.79 | 1.00 0.35 0.75 |
| IDEXX LABORATORIES INC JPMORGAN CHASE & CO MICROSOFT CORP | USD USD USD | 3,350 8,140 18,439 | 1,337,605.87 1,884,436.14 7,505,952.48 | 0.36 0.51 2.02 |
| NVR INC PROCTER & GAMBLE CO/THE S&P GLOBAL INC | USD USD USD | 268 8,156 7,165 | 2,116,901.06 1,320,540.25 3,446,216.57 | 0.57 0.35 0.93 |
| STRYKER CORP VISA INC-CLASS A SHARES WABTEC CORP | USD USD USD | 6,394 19,776 6,050 | 2,223,342.22 6,036,029.78 1,107,749.77 | 0.60 1.62 0.30 |
| WATERS CORP | USD | 3,491 | 1,250,752.02 | 0.34 |

| Denomination | Currency | Quantity/ Notional | Market value (in EUR) | % of net assets |
|--|----------|------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------|
| ZOETIS INC | USD | 28,588 | 4,498,375.43 | 1.21 |
| Bonds | | | 195,282,287.23 | 52.48 |
| Austria | | | 4,903,031.60 | 1.32 |
| AMSOSRAM AG 10.5% 30-03-29 | EUR | 3,000,000 | 2,967,417.54 | 0.80 |
| ERSTE GR BK 4.25% PERP | EUR | 2,000,000 | 1,935,614.06 | 0.52 |
| Belgium | | | 2,064,805.58 | 0.55 |
| KBC GROUPE 6.25% PERP | EUR | 2,000,000 | 2,064,805.58 | 0.55 |
| Cyprus | | | 2,197,865.16 | 0.59 |
| BANK OF CYPRUS 7.375% 25-07-28 | EUR | 2,000,000 | 2,197,865.16 | 0.59 |
| Czech Republic | | | 1,347,937.05 | 0.36 |
| RAIFFEISENBANK A S E 4.959% 05-06-30 | EUR | 1,300,000 | 1,347,937.05 | 0.36 |
| Denmark | | | 1,949,746.91 | 0.52 |
| JYSKE BANK DNK 7.0% PERP | EUR | 1,850,000 | 1,949,746.91 | 0.52 |
| France | | | 19,689,844.68 | 5.29 |
| ALTAREA COGEDIM 5.5% 02-10-31 | EUR | 2,000,000 | 2,055,610.98 | 0.55 |
| BNP PAR 7.375% PERP | EUR | 1,000,000 | 1,084,384.30 | 0.29 |
| CA 7.25% PERP EMTN | EUR | 2,000,000 | 2,129,140.66 | 0.57 |
| GOLDSTORY SAS 6.75% 01-02-30 | EUR | 2,000,000 | 2,093,700.88 | 0.56 |
| HOLDING D INFRASTRUCTURES DES METIERS 4.875% 24-10-29 | EUR | 2,000,000 | 2,059,496.36 | 0.55 |
| ILIAD HOLDING SAS 5.375% 15-04-30 | EUR | 1,800,000 | 1,853,331.03 | 0.50 |
| LABORATOIRE EIMER SELAS 5.0% 01-02-29 | EUR | 1,702,000 | 1,496,881.77 | 0.40 |
| LOXAM SAS 6.375% 31-05-29 | EUR | 2,000,000 | 2,111,162.38 | 0.57 |
| MOBILUX FINANCE SAS 7.0% 15-05-30 | EUR | 1,000,000 | 1,043,100.92 | 0.28 |
| PICARD GROUPE 6.375% 01-07-29 | EUR | 1,500,000 | 1,564,054.51 | 0.42 |
| SG 8.0% PERP | USD | 1,000,000 | 974,944.59 | 0.26 |
| WORLDLINE 5.25% 27-11-29 | EUR | 1,200,000 | 1,224,036.30 | 0.33 |
| Germany CHEPLAPHARM ARZNEIMITTEL 7.5% 15-05-30 | EUR | 1,000,000 | 19,662,911.62 987,211.67 | 5.28 0.27 |
| | EUR | | • | 0.27 |
| COMMERZBANK AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT 6.125% PERP | EUR | 2,600,000 1,200,000 | 2,629,411.30 1,319,036.32 | 0.71 |
| COMMERZBANK AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT 7.875% PERP | EUR | 1,000,000 | 1,046,132.16 | 0.33 |
| CT INVESTMENT 6.375% 15-04-30 DEUTSCHE BK 7.375% PERP | EUR | 1,400,000 | 1,429,629.90 | 0.28 |
| DEUTSCHE BK 7.373% PERP | EUR | 4,000,000 | 4,200,029.52 | 1.13 |
| FRESSNAPF HOLDING SE 5.25% 31-10-31 | EUR | 1,900,000 | 1,961,183.06 | 0.53 |
| NIDDA HEALTHCARE HOLDING AG 7.0% 21-02-30 | EUR | 1,500,000 | 1,582,649.13 | 0.43 |
| NIDDA HEALTHCARE HOLDING AG 7.5% 21-02-30 | EUR | 1,321,191 | 1,362,415.56 | 0.43 |
| ONE HOTELS 7.75% 02-04-31 | EUR | 1,700,000 | 1,835,275.97 | 0.49 |
| TELE COLUMBUS AG 0.0% 01-01-29 | EUR | 1,575,000 | 1,309,937.03 | 0.35 |
| Greece | | | 8,526,767.49 | 2.29 |
| ALPHA SERVICES AND 7.5% PERP | EUR | 1,500,000 | 1,578,390.00 | 0.42 |
| NATL BANK OF GREECE 8.0% 03-01-34 | EUR | 2,000,000 | 2,302,596.98 | 0.62 |
| PIRAEUS FINANCIAL HOLDINGS SOCIETE ANONY 7.25% 17-04-34 | EUR | 2,300,000 | 2,553,907.19 | 0.69 |
| PIRAEUS FINANCIAL HOLDINGS SOCIETE ANONY 8.75% PERP | EUR | 2,000,000 | 2,091,873.32 | 0.56 |
| Hong Kong | | | 938,548.00 | 0.25 |
| STUDIO CITY FINANCE 6.5% 15-01-28 | USD | 1,000,000 | 938,548.00 | 0.25 |
| Ireland | | | 6,971,856.02 | 1.87 |
| AIB GROUP 6.25% PERP | EUR | 1,500,000 | 1,516,914.00 | 0.41 |
| ENERGIA GROUP ROI HOLDINGS DAC 6.875% 31-07-28 | EUR | 888,000 | 931,535.96 | 0.25 |
| PERMANENT TSB GROUP 13.25% PERP | EUR | 2,000,000 | 2,378,224.82 | 0.64 |
| PERMANENT TSB GROUP 6.625% 25-04-28 | EUR | 2,000,000 | 2,145,181.24 | 0.58 |

| Denomination | Currency | Quantity/ Notional | Market value (in EUR) | % of net assets |
|--|------------|------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------|
| Italy | | | 22,405,848.63 | 6.02 |
| ALMAVIVA THE ITALIAN INNOVATION 5.0% 30-10-30 | EUR | 2,000,000 | 2,038,441.44 | 0.55 |
| BANCO BPM 7.25% PERP | EUR | 1,000,000 | 1,068,935.65 | 0.29 |
| BANCO BPM 9.5% PERP | EUR | 2,500,000 | 2,857,116.67 | 0.77 |
| BFF BANK SPA E 4.875% 30-03-28 | EUR | 1,800,000 | 1,810,454.22 | 0.49 |
| BPER BANCA 6.5% PERP | EUR | 1,900,000 | 1,946,958.35 | 0.52 |
| BPER BANCA 8.375% PERP | EUR | 2,000,000 | 2,188,024.76 | 0.59 |
| CENTURION BID 11.125% 15-05-28 | EUR | 2,000,000 | 2,109,885.26 | 0.57 |
| FABBRICA ITA SINTETICI 5.625% 01-08-27 | EUR | 2,000,000 | 2,013,014.14 | 0.54 |
| INTE 7.75% PERP | EUR | 1,000,000 | 1,059,306.28 | 0.28 |
| INTE 9.125% PERP | EUR EUR | 1,000,000 | 1,155,448.29 1,021,927.21 | 0.31 0.27 |
| LEASYS 4.5% 26-07-26 EMTN | EUR | 1,000,000 1,000,000 | | 0.27 |
| LOTTOMATICA 7.125% 01-06-28 UNICREDIT 6.5% PERP EMTN | EUR | 2,000,000 | 1,051,560.46 2,084,775.90 | 0.28 |
| UNICREDIT 6.5% PERP EMITN | EUR | 2,000,000 | 2,064,775.90 | 0.56 |
| Luxembourg | | | 7,255,518.28 | 1.95 |
| CIRSA FINANCE INTL SARL 10.375% 30-11-27 | EUR | 1,800,000 | 1,902,582.77 | 0.51 |
| CIRSA FINANCE INTL SARL 6.5% 15-03-29 | EUR | 2,000,000 | 2,112,797.76 | 0.57 |
| GARFUNKELUX HOLDCO 3 6.75% 01-11-25 | EUR | 2,000,000 | 1,334,087.92 | 0.36 |
| ROSSINI SARL 6.75% 31-12-29 | EUR | 1,800,000 | 1,906,049.83 | 0.51 |
| Malta | | | 2,217,299.08 | 0.60 |
| BANK OF VALLETTA 10.0% 06-12-27 | EUR | 2,000,000 | 2,217,299.08 | 0.60 |
| Mauritius INDIA CLEAN ENERGY 4.5% 18-04-27 | USD | 1,000,000 | 914,374.12 914,374.12 | 0.25 0.25 |
| Netherlands | | | 17,931,144.72 | 4.82 |
| ATHORA NETHERLANDS NV 6.75% PERP | EUR | 2,300,000 | 2,346,796.88 | 0.63 |
| BOELS TOPHOLDING BV 5.75% 15-05-30 | EUR | 2,550,000 | 2,665,292.87 | 0.72 |
| DE VOLKSBANK NV 7.0% PERP | EUR | 2,000,000 | 2,090,000.04 | 0.56 |
| IPD 3 BV 8.0% 15-06-28 | EUR | 2,000,000 | 2,114,544.44 | 0.57 |
| SUMMER BIDCO BV 10.0% 15-02-29 | EUR | 3,626,802 | 3,710,027.68 | 1.00 |
| WPAP TELECOM HOLDINGS III BV 5.5% 15-01-30 | EUR | 3,000,000 | 2,989,805.31 | 0.80 |
| ZIGGO BOND COMPANY BV 6.125% 15-11-32 | EUR | 2,000,000 | 2,014,677.50 | 0.54 |
| Poland | | | 5,812,959.44 | 1.56 |
| BANK MILLENNIUM 5.308% 25-09-29 | EUR | 800,000 | 817,040.15 | 0.22 |
| BANK MILLENNIUM 9.875% 18-09-27 | EUR | 2,600,000 | 2,847,963.43 | 0.77 |
| MBANK SPOLKA AKCYJNA 8.375% 11-09-27 | EUR | 2,000,000 | 2,147,955.86 | 0.58 |
| Portugal | | | 11,200,747.64 | 3.01 |
| BCP 6.888% 07-12-27 EMTN | EUR | 2,000,000 | 2,179,411.68 | 0.59 |
| BCP 8.125% PERP | EUR | 2,000,000 | 2,167,994.10 | 0.58 |
| CAIXA ECONOMICA MONTEPIO GERAL CEMG 5.625% 29-05-28 | EUR | 1,800,000 | 1,868,344.24 | 0.50 |
| CAIXA ECONOMICA MONTEPIO GERAL CEMG 8.5% 12-06-34 | EUR | 1,600,000 | 1,783,881.25 | 0.48 |
| FIDELIDADE COMPANHIADE SEGUROS 7.75% PERP | EUR | 3,000,000 | 3,201,116.37 | 0.86 |
| Spain | | | 23,276,237.05 | 6.26 |
| BANCO DE BADELL 5.75% PERP | EUR | 2,000,000 | 2,012,190.22 | 0.54 |
| BANCO DE BADELL 6.0% 16-08-33 | EUR | 1,000,000 | 1,066,192.72 | 0.29 |
| BANKINTER 6.25% PERP | EUR | 3,000,000 | 3,041,067.69 | 0.82 |
| BBVA 6.875% PERP | EUR | 2,000,000 | 2,099,308.42 | 0.56 |
| CAIXABANK 5.875% PERP | EUR | 2,000,000 | 2,057,500.04 | 0.55 |
| IBERCAJA 4.375% 30-07-28 | EUR | 1,800,000 | 1,859,756.35 | 0.50 |
| IBERCAJA 9.125% PERP | EUR | 3,000,000 | 3,263,563.14 | 0.88 |
| NCG BAN 10.625% PERP | EUR | 1,000,000 | 1,151,984.46 | 0.31 |
| NCG BAN 8.375% 23-09-33 EMTN | EUR | 1,000,000 | 1,143,864.76 | 0.31 |
| NEINOR HOMES 5.875% 15-02-30 | EUR | 2,000,000 | 2,089,573.82 | 0.56 |
| UNICAJA BANCO SA E 4.875% PERP | EUR | 3,600,000 | 3,491,235.43 | 0.94 |

| Denomination | Currency | Quantity/ Notional | Market value (in EUR) | % of net assets |
|--|----------|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------|
| Sweden | | | 11,216,778.23 | 3.01 |
| ASMODEE GROUP AB 5.75% 15-12-29 | EUR | 3,000,000 | 3,106,518.99 | 0.83 |
| ASSEMBLIN GROUP AB 6.25% 01-07-30 | EUR | 2,000,000 | 2,094,625.18 | 0.56 |
| SWEDBANK AB 4.625% 30-05-26 | EUR | 2,000,000 | 2,012,648.88 | 0.54 |
| VERISURE HOLDING AB 3.875% 15-07-26 | EUR | 2,000,000 | 1,996,728.26 | 0.54 |
| VERISURE MIDHOLDING AB 5.25% 15-02-29 | EUR | 2,000,000 | 2,006,256.92 | 0.54 |
| United Kingdom ALLWYN ENTERTAINMENT FINANCING UK 7.25% 30-04-30 | EUR | 2,000,000 | 20,018,339.39 2,143,143.56 | 5.38 0.58 |
| AMBER FIN 6.625% 15-07-29 | EUR | 2,100,000 | 2,225,942.11 | 0.60 |
| COVENTRY BLDG 8.75% PERP | GBP | 1,750,000 | 2,184,124.13 | 0.59 |
| KIER GROUP 9.0% 15-02-29 | GBP | 2,000,000 | 2,548,294.96 | 0.68 |
| NATIONWIDE BUILDING SOCIETY 7.5% PERP | GBP | 2,000,000 | 2,432,607.64 | 0.65 |
| | EUR | 1,900,000 | 1,993,170.68 | 0.63 |
| OEG FINANCE 7.25% 27-09-29 | EUR | | | 0.54 |
| PEOPLECERT WISDOM ISSUER 5.75% 15-09-26 | | 3,000,000 | 3,027,097.65 | |
| PEU FIN 7.25 23-28 01/07S | EUR | 2,000,000 | 2,094,258.12 | 0.56 |
| PROJECT GRAND UK 9.0% 01-06-29 | EUR | 1,300,000 | 1,369,700.54 | 0.37 |
| United States of America | FUD | 0.000.000 | 4,779,726.54 | 1.28 |
| COTY 4.5% 15-05-27 | EUR | 2,600,000 | 2,660,977.90 | 0.72 |
| EMERALD DEBT MERGER SUB LLC 6.375% 15-12-30 | EUR | 2,000,000 | 2,118,748.64 | 0.57 |
| Floating rate notes | | | 40,097,993.22 | 10.78 |
| France | | | 9,297,925.70 | 2.50 |
| BANQUE FEDERATIVE DU CREDIT MUTUEL BFCM EUAR10+0.1% PERP | EUR | 2,000,000 | 1,987,848.58 | 0.53 |
| BERTRAND FRANCHISE FINANCE SAS E3R+3.75% 18-07-30 | EUR | 1,000,000 | 1,007,802.92 | 0.27 |
| KAPLA E3R+3.5% 31-07-30 | EUR | 2,000,000 | 2,010,256.02 | 0.54 |
| LOUVRE BIDCO SAS E3R+6.5% 15-02-27 | EUR | 4,000,000 | 2,351,943.36 | 0.63 |
| NOVA ALEXANDRE III SAS E3R+5.25% 15-07-29 | EUR | 2,000,000 | 1,940,074.82 | 0.52 |
| Germany | | | 5,802,132.97 | 1.56 |
| CHEPLAPHARM ARZNEIMITTEL E3R+4.75% 15-05-30 | EUR | 1,500,000 | 1,453,897.94 | 0.39 |
| IKB DEUTSCHE INDUSTRIEBANK AG EUAR05+3.617% 31-01-28 | EUR | 1,300,000 | 1,298,752.73 | 0.35 |
| PRESTIGEBID E3R+3.75% 01-07-29 | EUR | 3,000,000 | 3,049,482.30 | 0.82 |
| Italy | | | 14,749,633.59 | 3.96 |
| CASTELLO BC BID E3R+4.5% 14-11-31 | EUR | 2,000,000 | 2,010,867.34 | 0.54 |
| CEME E3R+4.5% 30-09-31 | EUR | 1,500,000 | 1,491,649.91 | 0.40 |
| DELLA TOFFOLA FRANCE E3R+4.25% 05-11-31 | EUR | 2,000,000 | 1,958,020.58 | 0.53 |
| INTL DESIGN GROUP E3R+3.875% 15-12-29 | EUR | 2,000,000 | 2,006,262.54 | 0.54 |
| LA DORIA E3R+4.5% 12-11-29 | EUR | 2,000,000 | 2,036,153.00 | 0.55 |
| LOTTOMATICA E3R+4.0% 15-12-30 | EUR | 1,200,000 | 1,220,842.22 | 0.33 |
| NW GLOBAL VENDING E3R+5.25% 09-04-29 | EUR | 2,000,000 | 2,012,173.14 | 0.54 |
| TEAMSYSTEM E3R+3.5% 31-07-31 | EUR | 2,000,000 | 2,013,664.86 | 0.54 |
| Luxembourg | | | 2,029,877.78 | 0.55 |
| ROSSINI SARL E3R+3.875% 31-12-29 | EUR | 2,000,000 | 2,029,877.78 | 0.55 |
| Netherlands | | | 4,436,406.64 | 1.19 |
| AEGON NV AUTRE R+0.1% PERP | EUR | 3,000,000 | 2,427,881.76 | 0.65 |
| IPD 3 BV E3R+3.375% 15-06-31 | EUR | 2,000,000 | 2,008,524.88 | 0.54 |
| United Kingdom | | | 3,782,016.54 | 1.02 |
| BARCLAYS BK E3R+0.71% PERP | EUR | 1,500,000 | 1,466,938.71 | 0.39 |
| LLOYDS BANKING GROUP SOFFRAT+1.06% 26-11-28 | USD | 1,000,000 | 967,714.88 | 0.26 |
| STANDARD CHARTERED SOFR3R+1.77161% PERP | USD | 1,500,000 | 1,347,362.95 | 0.36 |
| Convertible bonds | | | 1,646,723.97 | 0.44 |
| Luxembourg | | | 1,646,723.97 | 0.44 |
| MITSUBISHI UFJ INVESTOR SERVICES BANKI E3R+4.5% 15-12-50 CV | EUR | 3,000,000 | 1,646,723.97 | 0.44 |

| Denomination | Currency | Quantity/ Notional | Market value (in EUR) | % of net assets |
|--|----------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|------------------|
| Other transferable securities | | | 114,684.44 | 0.03 |
| Shares | | | 114,684.44 | 0.03 |
| United States of America STARWOOD ERE CO-INVEST L.L.C. | USD | 50,000 | 114,684.44 114,684.44 | 0.03 0.03 |
| Undertakings for Collective Investment | | | 7,598,626.95 | 2.04 |
| Shares/Units in investment funds | | | 7,598,626.95 | 2.04 |
| France SOFIDY SELECTION 1 E C | EUR | 71,108 | 7,598,626.95 7,598,626.95 | 2.04 2.04 |
| Total securities portfolio | | | 344,924,026.39 | 92.70 |



Statement of net assets as at 31/12/24

| | Note | Expressed in EUR |
|---|------|------------------|
| Assets | | 25,645,955.30 |
| Securities portfolio at market value | 2.2 | 23,967,010.78 |
| Cost price | | 23,027,228.89 |
| Cash at banks and liquidities | | 1,338,706.83 |
| Receivable on subscriptions | | 1,615.16 |
| Interests receivable on securities portfolio | | 338,622.53 |
| Liabilities | | 110,442.29 |
| Net unrealised depreciation on forward foreign exchange contracts | 2.7 | 59,162.08 |
| Management fees payable | 3 | 35,009.49 |
| Depositary and Administration fees payable | 5 | 10,514.77 |
| Performance fees payable | 4 | 4,503.03 |
| Other liabilities | | 1,252.92 |
| Net asset value | | 25,535,513.01 |

Statement of operations and changes in net assets from 01/01/24 to 31/12/24

| | Note | Expressed in EUR |
|---|---------|------------------|
| Income | | 1,901,539.22 |
| Interests on bonds, net | | 1,832,596.15 |
| Bank interests on cash accounts | | 68,482.64 |
| Other income | | 460.43 |
| Expenses | | 361,050.73 |
| Management and Management Company fees | 3 | 215,786.68 |
| Performance fees | 4 | 4,503.03 |
| Depositary and Administration fees | 5 | 37,030.55 |
| Domiciliary fees | | 1,687.44 |
| Audit fees | | 14,573.06 |
| Legal fees | | 11,179.99 |
| Transaction fees | 2.11 | 7,689.97 |
| Directors fees | | 10,518.99 |
| Subscription tax ("Taxe d'abonnement") | 6 | 4,675.88 |
| Interests paid on bank overdraft | | 101.43 |
| Banking fees | | 2,185.50 |
| Other expenses | 10 | 51,118.21 |
| Net income / (loss) from investments | | 1,540,488.49 |
| Net realised profit / (loss) on: | | |
| - sales of investment securities | 2.2,2.3 | -242,646.56 |
| - forward foreign exchange contracts | 2.7 | -485,389.45 |
| - foreign exchange | 2.4 | 132,532.81 |
| Net realised profit / (loss) | | 944,985.29 |
| Movement in net unrealised appreciation / (depreciation) on: | | |
| - investments | 2.2 | 1,926,142.89 |
| - forward foreign exchange contracts | 2.7 | -123,010.93 |
| Net increase / (decrease) in net assets as a result of operations | | 2,748,117.25 |
| Dividends distributed | 7 | -10.00 |
| Subscriptions of capitalisation shares | | 6,890,283.56 |
| Redemptions of capitalisation shares | | -20,094,872.26 |
| Net increase / (decrease) in net assets | | -10,456,481.45 |
| Net assets at the beginning of the year | | 35,991,994.46 |
| Net assets at the end of the year | | 25,535,513.01 |
| | | |

Statistics

| | | 31/12/24 | 31/12/23 | 31/12/22 |
|-----------------------------|-----|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Total Net Assets | EUR | 25,535,513.01 | 35,991,994.46 | 36,889,347.90 |
| R - EUR - Capitalisation | | | | |
| Number of shares | | 42,476.035 | 13,306.913 | 14,296.836 |
| Net asset value per share | EUR | 99.23 | 92.80 | 84.74 |
| R - EUR - Distribution | | | | |
| Number of shares | | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 |
| Net asset value per share | EUR | 92.38 | 88.92 | 83.79 |
| E - EUR - Capitalisation | | | | |
| Number of shares | | 22.000 | 844.359 | 1.000 |
| Net asset value per share | EUR | 103.34 | 95.43 | 86.07 |
| I - EUR - Capitalisation | | | | |
| Number of shares | | 29,400.836 | 66,550.773 | 116,857.404 |
| Net asset value per share | EUR | 101.35 | 94.21 | 85.40 |
| I - USD - Capitalisation | | | | |
| Number of shares | | 100.000 | 100.000 | 100.000 |
| Net asset value per share | USD | 107.50 | 98.30 | 87.37 |
| I-R - EUR - Capitalisation | | | | |
| Number of shares | | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 |
| Net asset value per share | EUR | 102.08 | 94.59 | 85.57 |
| I-R - EUR - Distribution | | | | |
| Number of shares | | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 |
| Net asset value per share | EUR | 92.58 | 89.40 | 84.10 |
| F - EUR - Capitalisation | | | | |
| Number of shares | | 1.000 | 1,000.500 | 1,000.500 |
| Net asset value per share | EUR | 101.01 | 93.65 | 85.01 |
| F - EUR - Distribution | | | | |
| Number of shares | | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 |
| Net asset value per share | EUR | 87.10 | 84.83 | 81.55 |
| S - EUR - Capitalisation | | | | |
| Number of shares | | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 |
| Net asset value per share | EUR | 103.24 | 95.32 | 85.88 |
| SI - EUR - Capitalisation | | | | |
| Number of shares | | 179,900.000 | 299,900.000 | 299,900.000 |
| Net asset value per share | EUR | 101.88 | 94.38 | 85.38 |
| SI-R - EUR - Capitalisation | | | | |
| Number of shares | | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 |
| Net asset value per share | EUR | 103.48 | 95.50 | 85.98 |
| SF - EUR - Capitalisation | | | | |
| Number of shares | | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 |
| Net asset value per share | EUR | 102.18 | 94.69 | 85.66 |
| • | | | | |

Changes in number of shares outstanding from 01/01/24 to 31/12/24

| | Shares outstanding as | | | Shares outstanding as |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------|---------------|-----------------|-----------------------|
| | at 01/01/24 | Shares issued | Shares redeemed | at 31/12/24 |
| R - EUR - Capitalisation | 13,306.913 | 33,559.138 | 4,390.016 | 42,476.035 |
| R - EUR - Distribution | 1.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 1.000 |
| E - EUR - Capitalisation | 844.359 | 21.000 | 843.359 | 22.000 |
| I - EUR - Capitalisation | 66,550.773 | 38,024.278 | 75,174.215 | 29,400.836 |
| I - USD - Capitalisation | 100.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 100.000 |
| I-R - EUR - Capitalisation | 1.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 1.000 |
| I-R - EUR - Distribution | 1.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 1.000 |
| F - EUR - Capitalisation | 1,000.500 | 0.000 | 999.500 | 1.000 |
| F - EUR - Distribution | 1.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 1.000 |
| S - EUR - Capitalisation | 1.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 1.000 |
| SI - EUR - Capitalisation | 299,900.000 | 0.000 | 120,000.000 | 179,900.000 |
| SI-R - EUR - Capitalisation | 1.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 1.000 |
| SF - EUR - Capitalisation | 1.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 1.000 |

| Denomination | Currency | Quantity/ Notional | Market value (in EUR) | % of net assets |
|---|--------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------|---------------------|
| Transferable securities admitted to an official stock exchange listing and/ regulated market | or dealt in on and | other | 23,967,010.78 | 93.86 |
| Bonds | | | 23,204,244.96 | 90.87 |
| Austria | | | 932,796.90 | 3.65 |
| ERSTE GR BK 8.5% PERP | EUR | 400,000 | 444,701.41 | 1.74 |
| SAPPI PAPIER 3.625% 15-03-28 | EUR | 490,000 | 488,095.49 | 1.91 |
| Denmark DANSKE BK 4.375% PERP | USD | 550,000 | 517,143.76 517,143.76 | 2.03 2.03 |
| Finland | | | 774,457.76 | 3.03 |
| AHLSTROM HOLDING 3 OY 3.625% 04-02-28 | EUR | 490,000 | 483,666.77 | 1.89 |
| NORDEA BKP 6.625% PERP | USD | 300,000 | 290,790.99 | 1.14 |
| France | | | 4,455,757.89 | 17.45 |
| AIR FR KLM 7.25% 31-05-26 EMTN | EUR | 400,000 | 421,484.42 | 1.65 |
| CONSTELLIUM SE 5.375% 15-08-32 | EUR | 360,000 | 366,360.18 | 1.43 |
| DERICHEBOURG 2.25% 15-07-28 | EUR | 490,000 | 470,867.46 | 1.84 |
| FORVIA 5.5% 15-06-31 | EUR | 490,000 | 490,089.01 | 1.92 |
| GOLDSTORY SAS 6.75% 01-02-30 | EUR | 420,000 | 439,677.18 | 1.72 |
| HOLDING D INFRASTRUCTURES DES METIERS 4.875% 24-10-29 | EUR | 450,000 | 463,386.68 | 1.81 |
| ILIAD 4.25% 15-12-29 | EUR | 400,000 | 407,967.36 | 1.60 |
| LOXAM SAS 6.375% 31-05-29 | EUR | 420,000 | 443,344.09 | 1.74 |
| VEOLIA ENVIRONNEMENT 2.0% PERP | EUR | 400,000 | 379,261.16 | 1.49 |
| VERALLIA SASU 1.625% 14-05-28 | EUR | 600,000 | 573,320.35 | 2.25 |
| Germany | | | 2,751,561.71 | 10.78 |
| COMMERZBANK AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT 6.125% PERP | EUR | 400,000 | 404,524.82 | 1.58 |
| DEUTSCHE BK 7.375% PERP | EUR | 400,000 | 408,465.68 | 1.60 |
| HAPAG LLOYD 2.5% 15-04-28 | EUR | 360,000 | 351,009.28 | 1.37 |
| NOVELIS SHEET INGOT 3.375% 15-04-29 | EUR | 490,000 | 471,843.68 | 1.85 |
| TECHEM VERWALTUNGSGESELLSCHAFT 674 MBH 6.0% 30-07-26 | EUR | 527,519 | 528,879.52 | 2.07 |
| VERTICAL HOLD 6.625% 15-07-28 | EUR | 585,000 | 586,838.73 | 2.30 |
| Ireland | | | 424,694.00 | 1.66 |
| AIB GROUP 7.125% PERP | EUR | 400,000 | 424,694.00 | 1.66 |
| Italy | | | 765,318.89 | 3.00 |
| BPER BANCA 8.625% 20-01-33 | EUR | 300,000 | 342,585.93 | 1.34 |
| FABBRICA ITA SINTETICI 5.625% 01-08-27 | EUR | 420,000 | 422,732.96 | 1.66 |
| Luxembourg | | | 905,723.40 | 3.55 |
| EUROFINS SCIENTIFIC SE 3.25% PERP | EUR | 425,000 | 418,163.92 | 1.64 |
| PICARD BOND 5.5% 01-07-27 | EUR | 490,000 | 487,559.48 | 1.91 |
| Mauritius | | | 1,226,008.93 | 4.80 |
| CLEAN RENEWABLE POWER MAURITIUS PTE 4.25% 25-03-27 | USD | 418,750 | 387,103.58 | 1.52 |
| GREENKO SOLAR MAURITIUS 5.55% 29-01-25 | USD | 490,000 | 473,155.71 | 1.85 |
| INDIA CLEAN ENERGY 4.5% 18-04-27 | USD | 400,000 | 365,749.64 | 1.43 |
| Mexico NEMAK SAB CV 2.25% 20-07-28 | EUR | 300,000 | 268,865.12 268,865.12 | 1.05 1.05 |
| Netherlands | | | 2,723,297.28 | 10.66 |
| BOELS TOPHOLDING BV 5.75% 15-05-30 | EUR | 430,000 | 449,441.55 | 1.76 |
| DE VOLKSBANK NV 7.0% PERP | EUR | 400,000 | 418,000.00 | 1.64 |
| SIGMA HOLDCO BV 5.75% 15-05-26 | EUR | 428,138 | 423,883.06 | 1.66 |
| TRIVIUM PACKAGING FINANCE BV 3.75% 15-08-26 | EUR | 430,000 | 427,195.21 | 1.67 |
| WABTEC TRANSPORTATION NETHERLANDS BV 1.25% 03-12-27 | EUR | 600,000 | 571,621.80 | 2.24 |
| ZIGGO BOND COMPANY BV 6.125% 15-11-32 | EUR | 430,000 | 433,155.66 | 1.70 |

| Denomination | Currency | Quantity/ Notional | Market value (in EUR) | % of net assets |
|--|----------|-----------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------|
| Portugal FIDELIDADE COMPANHIADE SEGUROS 7.75% PERP | EUR | 400,000 | 426,815.52 426,815.52 | 1.67 |
| Spain | | | 1,491,770.25 | 5.84 |
| AEDAS HOMES OPCO SLU 4.0% 15-08-26 | EUR | 600.000 | 599,106.54 | 2.35 |
| CELLNEX FINANCE COMPANY SAU 1.5% 08-06-28 | EUR | 500,000 | 474,427.30 | 1.86 |
| GESTAMP AUTOMOCION 3.25% 30-04-26 | EUR | 420,000 | 418,236.41 | 1.64 |
| Sweden | | | 1,267,085.74 | 4.96 |
| SVENSKA HANDELSBANKEN AB 4.375% PERP | USD | 400,000 | 369,276.08 | 1.45 |
| SWEDBANK AB 7.625% PERP | USD | 400,000 | 396,709.38 | 1.55 |
| VOLVO CAR AB 4.25% 31-05-28 | EUR | 490,000 | 501,100.28 | 1.96 |
| United Kingdom | | | 2,695,388.12 | 10.56 |
| LLOYDS BANKING GROUP 8.5% PERP | GBP | 400,000 | 501,001.27 | 1.96 |
| MAISON FIN 6.0% 31-10-27 | GBP | 350,000 | 416,321.33 | 1.63 |
| NATWEST GROUP 5.125% PERP | GBP | 450,000 | 520,214.64 | 2.04 |
| PROJECT GRAND UK 9.0% 01-06-29 | EUR | 290,000 | 305,548.58 | 1.20 |
| VIRGIN MEDIA FINANCE 3.75% 15-07-30 | EUR | 490,000 | 453,444.80 | 1.78 |
| VIRGIN MONEY UK 8.25% PERP | GBP | 400,000 | 498,857.50 | 1.95 |
| United States of America | | | 1,577,559.69 | 6.18 |
| ARDAGH METAL PACKAGING FINANCE USA LLC 3.0% 01-09-29 | EUR | 290,000 | 247,757.06 | 0.97 |
| BALL 1.5% 15-03-27 | EUR | 430,000 | 414,939.93 | 1.62 |
| EMERALD DEBT MERGER SUB LLC 6.375% 15-12-30 | EUR | 420,000 | 444,937.21 | 1.74 |
| OLYMPUS WATER US HOLDING CORPORATION 5.375% 01-10-29 | EUR | 490,000 | 469,925.49 | 1.84 |
| Floating rate notes | | | 762,765.82 | 2.99 |
| France | | | 762,765.82 | 2.99 |
| CLARIANE AUTRE R+9.079% PERP | GBP | 300,000 | 355,350.11 | 1.39 |
| NOVA ALEXANDRE III SAS E3R+5.25% 15-07-29 | EUR | 420,000 | 407,415.71 | 1.60 |
| otal securities portfolio | | | 23,967,010.78 | 93.86 |



Statement of net assets as at 31/12/24

| | Note | Expressed in EUR |
|--|------|------------------|
| Assets | | 11,793,654.54 |
| Securities portfolio at market value | 2.2 | 11,581,045.01 |
| Cost price | | 11, 185, 139.56 |
| Cash at banks and liquidities | | 161,703.45 |
| Receivable for investments sold | | 50,339.16 |
| Dividends receivable on securities portfolio | | 566.92 |
| Liabilities | | 24,490.40 |
| Payable on redemptions | | 1,807.27 |
| Management fees payable | 3 | 21,563.36 |
| Depositary and Administration fees payable | 5 | 418.68 |
| Other liabilities | | 701.09 |
| Net asset value | | 11,769,164.14 |

Statement of operations and changes in net assets from 01/01/24 to 31/12/24

| | Note | Expressed in EUR |
|---|---------|------------------|
| Income | | 180,723.47 |
| Dividends on securities portfolio, net | | 164,667.58 |
| Bank interests on cash accounts | | 15,189.88 |
| Other income | | 866.01 |
| Expenses | | 210,945.59 |
| Management and Management Company fees | 3 | 109,738.41 |
| Depositary and Administration fees | 5 | 17,892.58 |
| Domiciliary fees | | 1,874.97 |
| Audit fees | | 168.30 |
| Legal fees | | 22,636.08 |
| Transaction fees | 2.11 | 26,590.43 |
| Directors fees | | 81.53 |
| Subscription tax ("Taxe d'abonnement") | 6 | 2,561.82 |
| Interests paid on bank overdraft | | 72.09 |
| Banking fees | | 279.89 |
| Other expenses | 10 | 29,049.49 |
| Net income / (loss) from investments | | -30,222.12 |
| Net realised profit / (loss) on: | | |
| - sales of investment securities | 2.2,2.3 | 111,933.16 |
| - foreign exchange | 2.4 | -25,979.87 |
| Net realised profit / (loss) | | 55,731.17 |
| Movement in net unrealised appreciation / (depreciation) on: | | |
| - investments | 2.2 | 395,905.45 |
| Net increase / (decrease) in net assets as a result of operations | | 451,636.62 |
| Subscriptions of capitalisation shares | | 3,966,041.61 |
| Redemptions of capitalisation shares | | -2,648,514.09 |
| Net increase / (decrease) in net assets | | 1,769,164.14 |
| Net assets at the beginning of the year | | 10,000,000.00 |
| Net assets at the end of the year | | 11,769,164.14 |
| | | |

Statistics

| | | 31/12/24 | 31/12/23 |
|---------------------------|-----|---------------|---------------|
| Total Net Assets | EUR | 11,769,164.14 | 10,000,000.00 |
| E - EUR - Capitalisation | | | |
| Number of shares | | 500.000 | - |
| Net asset value per share | EUR | 94.57 | - |
| I - EUR - Capitalisation | | | |
| Number of shares | | 80,000.000 | 80,000.000 |
| Net asset value per share | EUR | 103.61 | 100.00 |
| R - EUR - Capitalisation | | | |
| Number of shares | | 20,274.900 | 10,000.000 |
| Net asset value per share | EUR | 102.64 | 100.00 |
| F - EUR - Capitalisation | | | |
| Number of shares | | 13,065.310 | 10,000.000 |
| Net asset value per share | EUR | 103.47 | 100.00 |

Changes in number of shares outstanding from 01/01/24 to 31/12/24

| | Shares outstanding as at 01/01/24 | Shares issued | Shares redeemed | Shares outstanding as at 31/12/24 |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------|-----------------|-----------------------------------|
| | | | | |
| E - EUR - Capitalisation | 0.000 | 500.000 | 0.000 | 500.000 |
| I - EUR - Capitalisation | 80,000.000 | 24,899.639 | 24,899.639 | 80,000.000 |
| R - EUR - Capitalisation | 10,000.000 | 10,683.235 | 408.335 | 20,274.900 |
| F - EUR - Capitalisation | 10,000.000 | 3,065.310 | 0.000 | 13,065.310 |

| Denomination | Currency | Quantity/ Notional | Market value (in EUR) | % of net assets |
|---|-----------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------|---------------------|
| Transferable securities admitted to an official stock exchange lis regulated market | ting and/or dealt in on and | ther | 11,581,045.01 | 98.40 |
| Shares | | | 11,581,045.01 | 98.40 |
| Austria VERBUND AG | EUR | 1,641 | 114,870.00 114,870.00 | 0.98 0.98 |
| Belgium | | | 74,241.00 | 0.63 |
| MELEXIS NV | EUR | 1,314 | 74,241.00 | 0.63 |
| Denmark | | | 408,176.76 | 3.47 |
| COLOPLAST-B | DKK | 1,578 | 166,361.41 | 1.41 |
| NOVO NORDISK A/S-B | DKK | 2,889 | 241,815.35 | 2.05 |
| Finland KONE OYJ-B | EUR | 6,217 | 292,199.00 292,199.00 | 2.48 2.48 |
| France | | | 3,606,027.27 | 30.64 |
| AIR LIQUIDE SA | EUR | 2,687 | 421,644.04 | 3.58 |
| BIOMERIEUX | EUR | 1,785 | 184,747.50 | 1.57 |
| BUREAU VERITAS SA | EUR | 8,757 | 256,930.38 | 2.18 |
| DASSAULT AVIATION SA | EUR | 1,373 | 270,755.60 | 2.30 |
| DASSAULT SYSTEMES SE | EUR | 4,793 | 160,565.50 | 1.36 |
| HERMES INTERNATIONAL | EUR | 87 | 202,014.00 | 1.72 |
| L'OREAL | EUR | 516 | 176,394.60 | 1.50 |
| LEGRAND SA | EUR | 3,109 | 292,370.36 | 2.48 |
| LVMH MOET HENNESSY LOUIS VUI | EUR | 182 | 115,661.00 | 0.98 |
| PERNOD RICARD SA | EUR | 1,123 | 122,407.00 | 1.04 |
| SAFRAN SA | EUR | 1,787 | 379,022.70 | 3.22 |
| SANOFI | EUR | 1,781 | 166,950.94 | 1.42 |
| SARTORIUS STEDIM BIOTECH | EUR | 1,000 | 188,700.00 | 1.60 |
| THALES SA | EUR | 1,943 | 269,396.95 | 2.29 |
| VINCI SA VIRBAC SA | EUR EUR | 3,005 312 | 299,718.70 98,748.00 | 2.55 0.84 |
| Germany | | | 2,128,940.26 | 18.09 |
| BEIERSDORF AG | EUR | 1,212 | 150,288.00 | 1.28 |
| CARL ZEISS MEDITEC AG - BR | EUR | 1,718 | 78,203.36 | 0.66 |
| DEUTSCHE BOERSE AG | EUR | 1,525 | 339,160.00 | 2.88 |
| INFINEON TECHNOLOGIES AG | EUR | 2,046 | 64,244.40 | 0.55 |
| NEMETSCHEK SE | EUR | 1,953 | 182,800.80 | 1.55 |
| RATIONAL AG | EUR | 97 | 79,928.00 | 0.68 |
| RHEINMETALL AG | EUR | 741 | 455,418.60 | 3.87 |
| SAP SE SIEMENS HEALTHINEERS AG | EUR EUR | 2,129 5,387 | 503,082.70 275,814.40 | 4.27 2.34 |
| Italy | LOIX | 3,307 | 505,598.71 | 4.30 |
| CAREL INDUSTRIES SPA | EUR | 8,905 | 165,098.70 | 1.40 |
| DAVIDE CAMPARI-MILANO NV | EUR | 19,007 | 114,384.13 | 0.97 |
| TERNA-RETE ELETTRICA NAZIONA | EUR | 29,674 | 226,115.88 | 1.92 |
| Netherlands | | | 1,960,560.34 | 16.66 |
| ADYEN NV | EUR | 189 | 271,593.00 | 2.31 |
| AIRBUS SE | EUR | 2,824 | 437,098.72 | 3.71 |
| ASML HOLDING NV | EUR | 891 | 604,721.70 | 5.14 |
| EURONEXT NV | EUR | 2,861 | 309,846.30 | 2.63 |
| QIAGEN N.V. | EUR | 7,836 | 337,300.62 | 2.87 |
| Norway | | | 276,306.09 | 2.35 |
| BAKKAFROST P/F | NOK | 3,284 | 177,057.62 | 1.50 |
| TOMRA SYSTEMS ASA | NOK | 7,961 | 99,248.47 | 0.84 |

| Denomination | Currency | Quantity/ Notional | Market value (in EUR) | % of net assets |
|------------------------------|----------|-----------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|
| Spain | | | 930,459.50 | 7.91 |
| AENA SME SA | EUR | 1,475 | 291,165.00 | 2.47 |
| AMADEUS IT GROUP SA | EUR | 4,923 | 335,748.60 | 2.85 |
| IBERDROLA SA | EUR | 22,823 | 303,545.90 | 2.58 |
| Sweden | | | 275,970.75 | 2.34 |
| ATLAS COPCO AB-A SHS | SEK | 18,699 | 275,970.75 | 2.34 |
| Switzerland | | | 860,726.69 | 7.31 |
| ALCON INC | CHF | 3,463 | 283,837.33 | 2.41 |
| CIE FINANCIERE RICHEMO-A REG | CHF | 936 | 137,572.24 | 1.17 |
| LONZA GROUP AG-REG | CHF | 216 | 123,352.27 | 1.05 |
| ROCHE HOLDING AG-GENUSSCHEIN | CHF | 629 | 171,290.09 | 1.46 |
| SIKA AG-REG | CHF | 629 | 144,674.76 | 1.23 |
| United Kingdom | | | 146,968.64 | 1.25 |
| UNILEVER PLC | EUR | 2,678 | 146,968.64 | 1.25 |
| Total securities portfolio | | | 11,581,045.01 | 98.40 |

Tikehau Fund

Notes to the financial statements Schedule of derivative instruments

Notes to the financial statements - Schedule of derivative instruments

Options

As at December 31, 2024, the following options contracts were outstanding:

Tikehau Fund - Tikehau International Cross Assets

| Quantity | Denomination | Currency | Commitment (in EUR) (in absolute value) | Market value (in EUR) | Unrealised (in EUR) |
|------------------|----------------------------------|----------|---|--------------------------|------------------------|
| Options purchase | ed | | | | |
| Listed options | 5 | | | | |
| | Options on index | | | | |
| 2,000.00 | CBOE SPX VOLATILITY 20250122 P17 | USD | - | 239,509.39 | 73,790.15 |
| 1,000.00 | EURO STOXX 50 20250321 P4775 | EUR | - | 970,000.00 | -173,000.00 |
| 200.00 | SP 500 INDEX 20250221 P5900 | USD | - | 2,136,269.25 | 919,691.71 |
| | | | | 3,345,778.64 | 820,481.86 |
| Options issued | | | | | |
| Listed options | 5 | | | | |
| | Options on index | | | | |
| 2,000.00 | EURO STOXX 50 20250321 P4475 | EUR | 15,667,136.00 | -790,000.00 | 472,000.00 |
| 200.00 | SP 500 INDEX 20250221 P5850 | USD | 44,987,695.78 | -1,805,978.08 | -742,188.93 |
| | | | | -2,595,978.08 | -270,188.93 |

All the contracts are dealt with the brokers Barclays, Optiver & JPMorgan.

The clearer for listed options is Goldman Sachs Intl Ldn.

There is no commitment present in case of a purchased option.

Notes to the financial statements - Schedule of derivative instruments

Forward foreign exchange contracts

As at December 31, 2024, the following forward foreign exchange contracts were outstanding:

Tikehau Fund - Tikehau SubFin Fund

| Currency purchased | Quantity purchased | Currency sold | Quantity sold | Maturity date | Unrealised (in EUR) | Counterparty |
|--------------------|--------------------|---------------|------------------|---------------|------------------------|--------------------------------|
| EUR | 14,231.52 | USD | 15,000.00 | 19/03/25 | -207.18 | BNP Paribas Paris |
| CHF | 198,785.96 | EUR | 214,076.36 | 15/01/25 | -2,005.73 * | CACEIS Bank, Lux. Branch |
| EUR | 511,079.87 | USD | 531,453.24 | 15/01/25 | -1,912.67 * | CACEIS Bank, Lux. Branch |
| USD | 4,483,120.18 | EUR | 4,274,595.71 | 15/01/25 | 52,789.35 * | CACEIS Bank, Lux. Branch |
| EUR | 50,156,248.14 | GBP | 41,700,000.00 | 19/03/25 | -87,325.95 | Goldman Sachs Intl, LDN Branch |
| USD | 4,000,000.00 | EUR | 3,788,983.19 | 19/03/25 | 61,354.85 | Goldman Sachs Intl, LDN Branch |
| EUR | 23,093,264.54 | USD | 24,350,000.00 | 19/03/25 | -345,574.89 | J.P. Morgan AG |
| | | | | - | -322.882.22 | - |

Tikehau Fund - Tikehau Short Duration

| Currency purchased | Quantity purchased | Currency sold | Quantity sold | Maturity date | Unrealised (in EUR) | Counterparty |
|--------------------|--------------------|---------------|------------------|---------------|------------------------|--------------------------------|
| EUR | 9,387,547.95 | GBP | 7,800,000.00 | 19/03/25 | -10,507.82 | BNP Paribas Paris |
| CHF | 514,037.30 | EUR | 551,823.21 | 15/01/25 | -3,433.29 * | CACEIS Bank, Lux. Branch |
| EUR | 855,859.52 | USD | 894,839.18 | 15/01/25 | -7,898.74 * | CACEIS Bank, Lux. Branch |
| EUR | 13,038.90 | CHF | 12,239.63 | 15/01/25 | -18.66 * | CACEIS Bank, Lux. Branch |
| GBP | 1,054,308.89 | EUR | 1,275,630.84 | 15/01/25 | -1,129.64 * | CACEIS Bank, Lux. Branch |
| USD | 27,089,360.35 | EUR | 25,832,798.56 | 15/01/25 | 315,528.58 * | CACEIS Bank, Lux. Branch |
| EUR | 84,873,306.92 | GBP | 70,565,131.00 | 19/03/25 | -149,346.42 | Goldman Sachs Intl, LDN Branch |
| GBP | 6,300,000.00 | EUR | 7,566,770.44 | 19/03/25 | 24,027.82 | Goldman Sachs Intl, LDN Branch |
| EUR | 283,757,895.34 | USD | 299,200,000.00 | 19/03/25 | -4,246,242.54 | J.P. Morgan AG |
| CHF | 5,867,954.69 | EUR | 6,319,311.51 | 15/01/25 | -59,207.09 * | CACEIS Bank, Lux. Branch |
| EUR | 23,009.46 | USD | 24,171.00 | 15/01/25 | -322.05 * | CACEIS Bank, Lux. Branch |
| EUR | 2,659,113.50 | GBP | 2,200,000.00 | 19/03/25 | 8,424.45 | Société Générale SA |
| | | | | | -4.130.125.40 | |

Tikehau Fund - Tikehau International Cross Assets

| Currency purchased | Quantity purchased | Currency sold | Quantity sold | Maturity date | Unrealised (in EUR) | Counterparty |
|--------------------|--------------------|------------------|------------------|---------------|------------------------|--------------------------------|
| EUR | 2,701,190.57 | CHF | 2,520,000.00 | 19/03/25 | 1,481.09 | BNP Paribas Paris |
| EUR | 3,970,938.94 | DKK | 29,590,000.00 | 19/03/25 | -343.37 | BNP Paribas Paris |
| GBP | 290,000.00 | EUR | 348,493.11 | 19/03/25 | 923.88 | BNP Paribas Paris |
| USD | 5,870,000.00 | EUR | 5,563,001.72 | 19/03/25 | 87,360.41 | BNP Paribas Paris |
| CHF | 280,000.00 | EUR | 300,179.15 | 19/03/25 | -211.19 | Goldman Sachs Intl, LDN Branch |
| DKK | 2,540,000.00 | EUR | 340,895.89 | 19/03/25 | -1.77 | Goldman Sachs Intl, LDN Branch |
| EUR | 15,576,101.04 | GBP | 12,950,000.00 | 19/03/25 | -27,119.21 | Goldman Sachs Intl, LDN Branch |
| EUR | 72,039,604.71 | USD | 75,960,000.00 | 19/03/25 | -1,078,023.34 | J.P. Morgan AG |
| | | | | | -1,015,933.50 | Ç |

Tikehau Fund - Tikehau Impact Credit

| Counterparty | Unrealised (in EUR) | Maturity date | Quantity sold | Currency sold | Quantity purchased | Currency purchased |
|--------------------------------|------------------------|---------------|------------------|---------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| BNP Paribas Paris | 9,664.18 | 19/03/25 | 1,116,531.99 | EUR | 1,170,000.00 | USD |
| CACEIS Bank, Lux. Branch | 125.29 * | 15/01/25 | 10,171.39 | EUR | 10,667.24 | USD |
| Goldman Sachs Intl, LDN Branch | -5,868.51 | 19/03/25 | 2,758,466.00 | GBP | 3,317,757.53 | EUR |
| J.P. Morgan AG | -59,322.50 | 19/03/25 | 4,180,000.00 | USD | 3,964,264.71 | EUR |
| Société Générale SA | -3,760.54 | 19/03/25 | 967,644.74 | EUR | 800,000.00 | GBP |
| | -50 162 09 | _ | | | | |

The contracts marked with an asterisk are those specifically related to the hedging of a class of shares.

Notes to the financial statements - Schedule of derivative instruments

Financial futures

As at December 31, 2024, the following future contracts were outstanding:

Tikehau Fund - Tikehau International Cross Assets

| Quantity Buy/(Sell) | Denomination | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | Unrealised (in EUR) | Broker |
|------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| Futures on | index | | | | _ |
| 33.00 | EM RUSS 2000 03/25 | USD | 3,553,779.23 | -226,597.13 | Goldman Sachs Intl Ldn |
| 148.00 | EURO STOXX 50 03/25 | EUR | 7,246,050.40 | -171,680.00 | Goldman Sachs Intl Ldn |
| 36.00 | S&P 500 EMINI INDEX 03/25 | USD | 10,224,476.31 | -338,983.05 | Goldman Sachs Intl Ldn |
| Futures on | bonds | | | | |
| -81.00 | EURO BUND FUTURE 03/25 | EUR | 8,029,530.00 | 230,850.00 | Goldman Sachs Intl Ldn |
| 427.00 | EURO SCHATZ 03/25 | EUR | 42,714,945.00 | -134,505.00 | Goldman Sachs Intl Ldn |
| | | | | -640,915.18 | |



Other notes to the financial statements

1 - General information

Tikehau Fund (the "Company") was incorporated for an unlimited period in the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg on March 18, 2014 as a "société anonyme" under the Luxembourg law of August 10, 1915 related to commercial companies and is organised as a variable capital company ("société d'investissement à capital variable" or "SICAV") under Part I of the modified law of December 17, 2010 related to undertakings for collective investment.

The Company is registered at the Luxembourg Commercial Register under the number B186113 and is established at 5, allée Scheffer, L-2520 Luxembourg. Tikehau Investment Management, registered with number 491 909 446 under the Register of Commerce and Companies of Paris, France, has been designated to serve as management company of the Company. It is regulated in France by the "Autorité des Marchés Financiers", the financial supervisory authority, and is authorised under number GP-07000006 as a UCITS management company in compliance with Directive 2014/91/FLI

As at December 31, 2024, five sub-funds are in operation:

Tikehau Fund - Tikehau SubFin Fund Tikehau Fund - Tikehau Short Duration

Tikehau Fund - Tikehau International Cross Assets

Tikehau Fund - Tikehau Impact Credit

Tikehau Fund - Tikehau European Sovereignty Fund

2 - Principal accounting policies

2.1 - Presentation of the financial statements

The Company's financial statements have been prepared and presented in accordance with the Luxembourg regulations relating to undertakings for collective investment in transferable securities.

2.2 - Portfolio valuation

Transferable securities and money market instruments admitted to an official listing on a stock exchange or dealt with in on another market in an OECD member country which is regulated, operates regularly and is recognised and open to the public provided, are valued on the basis of the last known price. If the same security is quoted on different markets, the quotation of the main market for this security will be used. If there is no relevant quotation or if the quotations are not representative of the fair value, the evaluation will be done in good faith by the Board of Directors or its delegate with a view to establish the probable sales price for such securities.

Non-listed securities are valued on the basis of their probable sales price as determined in good faith by the Board of Directors or its delegate.

Shares or units of UCITS or other UCIs are valued at the latest available net asset value per share.

Derivatives are valued at market value.

The Board of Directors may adjust the value of any investment if, having regard to its currency, marketability, applicable interest rates, anticipated rates of dividend, maturity, liquidity or any other relevant considerations, it considers that such adjustment is required to reflect the fair value thereof.

If the Board of Directors deems it necessary, a specific investment may be valued under an alternative method of valuation chosen by the Board of Directors.

The abbreviation "PERP" used in the securities portfolio pertains to perpetual maturities.

2.3 - Net realised profits or losses on sales of investments

The profits and losses on sales of securities are determined on the basis of average cost and are recorded in the Statement of Operations and Changes in Net Assets under the caption "Net realised profit / (loss) on sales of securities".

2.4 - Foreign currency translation

The exchange rates between EUR and the other currencies of the Company are:

| 1 EUR | = | 1.48892 | CAD | 1 EUR | = | 0.93823 | CHF | 1 EUR | = | 7.4574 | DKK |
|-------|---|---------|-----|-------|---|---------|-----|-------|---|---------|-----|
| 1 EUR | = | 0.82671 | GBP | 1 EUR | = | 11.7592 | NOK | 1 EUR | = | 11.4408 | SEK |
| 1 FUR | = | 1.03545 | USD | | | | | | | | |

2.5 - Combined financial statements

The Company's financial statements are expressed in EUR. The combined statements are the sum of the statements of each sub-funds.

Other notes to the financial statements

2 - Principal accounting policies

2.5 - Combined financial statements

Transaction and acquisition costs denominated in foreign currencies are converted into the accounting currency of each sub-fund based on the exchange rate in force on the date of the transaction or acquisition.

Assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are converted into the accounting currency of each sub-fund based on the exchange rate in force at the end of the financial year. Any resulting profits or losses are recognised in the Statement of Operations and Changes in Net Assets.

The figures presented in the financial statements tables may in some cases show non-significant differences due to the use of rounding. These differences do not affect in any way the fair view of the financial statements of the Fund.

2.6 - Valuation of options contracts

Options traded on a regulated market are valued at their last known price on the valuation date or on the closing date. OTC options are marked to market based upon prices obtained from third party pricing agents.

For the details of outstanding option contracts, please refer to section "Notes to the financial statements - Schedule of derivative instruments".

2.7 - Valuation of forward foreign exchange contracts

Outstanding forward foreign exchange contracts are valued at the closing date by reference to the rate of exchange applicable to the outstanding life of the contract. The unrealised appreciation or depreciation is disclosed in the financial statements.

For the details of outstanding forward foreign exchange contracts, please refer to section "Notes to the financial statements - Schedule of derivative instruments"

2.8 - Valuation of futures contracts

Future contracts are valued at their last known price on the valuation date or on the closing date.

The unrealised appreciation or depreciation on financial futures is disclosed in the financial statements. Related deposit margins/margin calls are included under Cash at banks and liquidities or Bank overdrafts in the Statement of Net Assets.

For the details of outstanding futures contracts, please refer to section "Notes to the financial statements - Schedule of derivative instruments".

2.9 - Valuation of swaps

Credit Default Swaps

A credit default swap is a credit derivative bilateral agreement in which one counterparty (the protection buyer) pays a periodic fee to the other party (the protection seller) for the specified duration of the contract in return for a contingent payment by the protection seller upon occurrence of a credit event on any referenced underlying. If such an event occurs, the protection seller will then make payment to the buyer and the swap agreement will terminate.

Credit default swaps are valued marked to market at each Net Asset Value calculation date based upon quotations from the market makers.

There are no outstanding credit default swaps as at December 31, 2024.

Equity Swaps - Bond Swaps

The Fund may enter into equity swaps or bond swaps, whereby both parties swap the performance of an underlying equity or bond (or "of the income related thereto") and income streams. The sub-fund's outflows pursuant to these agreements are discounted at the valuation date, based on the zero-coupon swap that matches the maturity of those outflows. The inflows received by the purchaser are also discounted, and are a function of several parameters, including the price, the volatility and the underlying asset's likelihood of default. The value of the contracts is the result of the difference between the outflows and inflows described above.

Equity swaps and bond swaps are valued at each net asset calculation date.

The movement in net unrealised appreciation and depreciation on different types of swaps, together with the related interest received or paid, are recorded in the statement of operations and changes in net assets.

There are no outstanding equity swaps - bond swaps as at December 31, 2024.

CFDs

CFDs that have not matured on the valuation date are valued at their last known price on the valuation date or closing date. Resulting unrealised gains or losses are accounted for.

Other notes to the financial statements

2 - Principal accounting policies

2.9 - Valuation of swaps

The valuation of index CFDs is based on the performance of the underlying index. The valuation of equity CFDs is based on the closing prices of the underlying shares.

There are no outstanding CFDs as at December 31, 2024.

2.10 - Dividend and interest income

The contracts marked with an asterisk are those specifically related to the hedging of a class of shares.

2.11 - Transaction fees

The transaction fees, i.e. fees charged by the Depositary Agent for securities transactions and similar transactions are recognised in the Statement of Operations and Changes in Net Assets under the caption "Transaction fees". The transactions fees amounted to EUR 328,029.96 for the year under review.

3 - Management and Management Company fees

The Company pays for the various sub-funds and by Class of Shares a management fee to the Management Company calculated and accrued on each valuation day as a percentage of the net assets attributable to the relevant Class of Shares and payable monthly in arrears.

Effective rate (ner ennum)

The rates applicable as at December 31, 2024 are as follows:

Cub funda

| Sub-funds | Classes of Shares | Effective rate (per annum) | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|--------------------|----------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Tikehau SubFin Fund | | | | | | | |
| | Until 10 July 2024 | | | | | | |
| | ۸ | 4 500/ | | | | | |
| | A E | 1.50% 0.20% | | | | | |
| | L I | 0.50% | | | | | |
| | S | 0.60% | | | | | |
| | SI | 0.55% | | | | | |
| | I-R | 0.50% | | | | | |
| | AF | 0.60% | | | | | |
| | | 0.0070 | | | | | |
| | As from 11 | July 2024 | | | | | |
| | RS | 1.10% | | | | | |
| | Ē | 0.20% | | | | | |
| | 1 | 0.55% | | | | | |
| | S | 0.60% | | | | | |
| | SI | 0.50% | | | | | |
| | I-R | 0.55% | | | | | |
| | FS | 0.65% | | | | | |
| Tikehau Short Duration | R | 1.00% | | | | | |
| Theriad Orion Burdion | Ë | 0.20% | | | | | |
| | K1 | 0.50% | | | | | |
| | K2 | 1.00% | | | | | |
| | Ī | 0.50% | | | | | |
| | I-R | 0.50% | | | | | |
| | F | 0.60% | | | | | |
| | SI | 0.40% | | | | | |
| | SI-R | 0.40% | | | | | |
| | SF | 0.50% | | | | | |
| Tikehau International Cross Assets | С | 0.20% | | | | | |
| | E | 0.10% | | | | | |
| | 1 | 0.85% | | | | | |
| | I-R | 0.85% | | | | | |
| | R | 1.50% | | | | | |
| | F | 0.90% | | | | | |
| | S | 0.75% | | | | | |
| | SF | 0.75% | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |

Other notes to the financial statements

3 - Management and Management Company fees

| | _ | | |
|-----------------------------------|------|-------|--|
| Tikehau Impact Credit | R | 1.40% | |
| | E | 0.15% | |
| | I | 0.70% | |
| | I-R | 0.70% | |
| | F | 0.80% | |
| | S | 0.60% | |
| | SI | 0.50% | |
| | SI-R | 0.50% | |
| | SF | 0.70% | |
| | | | |
| Tikehau European Sovereignty Fund | E | 0.20% | |
| | 1 | 0.90% | |
| | I-R | 0.90% | |
| | R | 1.80% | |
| | F | 1.00% | |
| | S | 0.80% | |
| | SF | 0.90% | |
| | | | |

4 - Performance fees

In addition, the Management Company is entitled to receive a performance fee accrued on each valuation day and payable at the end of the performance period (i.e. year). The performance fee is payable if the variation of the Net Asset Value per share over the performance period exceeds the variation of the benchmark over the same performance period, taking subscriptions and redemptions into account. Classes of Shares S and E are not subject to performance fee.

The performance fees for the year 2024 are presented in the caption "Performance fees" in the Statement of operations and changes in net assets.

| Sub-funds | Classes of Shares | Performance fee |
|---------------------|----------------------|--|
| Tikehau SubFin Fund | | |
| | | Until 10 July 2024 |
| | Α | 10% of the performance over the reference indicator ICE BofAML 3-5 Year Euro Government Index + 100bp, net of management fees |
| | I | 10% of the performance over the reference indicator ICE BofAML 3-5 Year Euro Government Index + 100bp, net of management fees |
| | I-R | 10% of the performance over the reference indicator ICE BofAML 3-5 Year Euro Government Index + 100bp, net of management fees |
| | AF | 10% of the performance over the reference indicator ICE BofAML 3-5 Year Euro Government Index + 90bp, net of management fees |
| | | As from 11 July 2024 |
| | RS | 15% of the performance over the Reference Indicator (50% ICE BofA Contingent Capital Index (hedged to EUR) + 50% ICE BofA Euro Financial Subordinated & Lower Tier-2 Index), net of management fees |
| | 1 | 15% of the performance over the Reference Indicator (50% ICE BofA Contingent Capital Index (hedged to EUR) + 50% ICE BofA Euro Financial Subordinated & Lower Tier-2 Index), net of management fees |
| | I-R | 15% of the performance over the Reference Indicator (50% ICE BofA Contingent Capital Index (hedged to EUR) + 50% ICE BofA Euro Financial Subordinated & Lower Tier-2 Index), net of management fees |
| | FS | 15% of the performance over the Reference Indicator (50% ICE BofA Contingent Capital Index (hedged to EUR) + 50% ICE BofA Euro Financial Subordinated & Lower Tier-2 Index), net of management fees |

Other notes to the financial statements

4 - Performance fees

| Tikehau Short Duration | R | 10% of the performance over the reference indicator Euribor 3M - 100bp, net of management fees |
|------------------------------------|------|--|
| | K1 | 10% of the performance over the reference indicator Euribor 3M + 150bp, net of management fees |
| | K2 | 10% of the performance over the reference indicator Euribor 3M - 100bp, net of management fees |
| | 1 | 10% of the performance over the reference indicator Euribor 3M - 150bp, net of management fees |
| | I-R | 10% of the performance over the reference indicator Euribor 3M + 150bp, net of management fees |
| | F | 10% of the performance over the reference indicator Euribor 3M - 140bp, net of management fees |
| | SF | 10% of the performance over the reference indicator Euribor 3M + 150bp, net of management fees |
| Tikehau International Cross Assets | С | 5% of the performance over the reference indicator €STR + 280 bps, net of management fees |
| | I | 10% of the performance over the reference indicator €STR + 215 bps, net of management fees |
| | I-R | 10% of the performance over the reference indicator €STR + 215 bps, net of management fees |
| | R | 10% of the performance over the reference indicator €STR + 150 bps, net of management fees |
| | F | 10% of the performance over the reference indicator €STR + 210 bps, net of management fees |
| | S | 10% of the performance over the reference indicator €STR + 225 bps, net of management fees |
| | SF | 10% of the performance over the reference indicator €STR + 225 bps, net of management fees |
| Tikehau Impact Credit | R | 10% of the net performance over the reference indicator Euribor 3M + 200bp, net of management fees |
| | 1 | 10% of the net performance over the reference indicator Euribor 3M + 200bp, net of management fees |
| | I-R | 10% of the net performance over the reference indicator Euribor 3M + 200bp, net of management fees |
| | F | 10% of the net performance over the reference indicator Euribor 3M + 200bp, net of management fees |
| | S | 10% of the net performance over the reference indicator Euribor 3M + 200bp, net of management fees |
| | SI | 10% of the net performance over the reference indicator Euribor 3M + 200bp, net of management fees |
| | SI-R | 10% of the net performance over the reference indicator Euribor 3M + 200bp, net of management fees |
| | SF | 10% of the performance over the reference indicator Euribor 3M - 200bp, net of management fees |

In application of the ESMA Guidelines on performance fees (ESMA34-39-992) and Circular CSSF 20/764, the table below displays the actual amount of performance fees charged by each relevant Share Class and the percentage of these fees based on the Share Class Net Asset Value ("NAV"). Only the Share Classes for which performance fees have been charged are shown below.

| Sub-funds | Share Class | ISIN Code | Sub-fund currency | Amount of performance fees as at 31/12/2024 (in Sub-fund currency) | Average NAV of the Share Class (in Sub-fund currency) | % in the Share Class average NAV |
|-------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------|-------------------|--|--|--|
| Tikehau SubFin | Class R - EUR - Capitalisation | LU1585264176 | EUR | 334,178.62 | 40,384,462.64 | 0.827 |
| | Class F - EUR - Capitalisation | LU1805016570 | EUR | 91,809.13 | 17,907,867.94 | 0.513 |
| | Class I - CHF - Capitalisation | LU2648589922 | EUR | 4,315.59 | 874,874.71 | 0.493 |
| | Class I – USD - Capitalisation | LU2648590003 | EUR | 9,409.46 | 1,485,248.90 | 0.634 |

Other notes to the financial statements

4 - Performance fees

| Class I - EUR - Capitalisation | LU1585264762 | EUR | 1,488,593.47 | 214,488,780.62 | 0.694 |
|------------------------------------|--------------|-----|--------------|----------------|-------|
| Class I-R - EUR - Capitalisation | LU1585264929 | EUR | 9,095.38 | 1,196,405.65 | 0.760 |
| Class RS - USD - Capitalisation | LU1585264333 | EUR | 18,534.70 | 2,923,187.62 | 0.634 |
| Class R - EUR - Distribution | LU1585264507 | EUR | 158,706.15 | 15,655,020.49 | 1.014 |

| Sub-funds | Share Class | ISIN Code | Sub- fund currency | Amount of performance fees as at 31/12/2024 (in Sub-fund currency) | Average NAV of the Share Class (in Sub-fund currency) | % in the Share Class average NAV |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------|--------------------------|--|--|--|
| Tikehau Short Duration | Class I - USD - Capitalisation | LU2098119105 | EUR | 0.20 | 38,197,428.24 | 0.000 |
| Duration | Class I - EUR - Distribution | LU1590089832 | EUR | 3.06 | 5,079,915.46 | 0.000 |
| | Class R - EUR - Distribution | LU2122903193 | EUR | 104.14 | 5,177,925.79 | 0.002 |
| | Class I-R - EUR - Distribution | LU2122903359 | EUR | 99.70 | 7,067,948.57 | 0.001 |

| Sub-funds | Share Class | ISIN Code | Sub- fund currency | Amount of performance fees as at 31/12/2024 (in Sub-fund currency) | Average NAV of the Share Class (in Sub-fund currency) | % in the Share Class average NAV |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------|--------------------------|--|--|--|
| Tikehau Impact Credit | Class I - EUR - Capitalisation | LU2349746888 | EUR | 4,503.03 | 5,008,985.35 | 0.090 |

The performance amounts of the above-table are those accrued from January 1, 2024 to December 31, 2024 and are not necessarily indicative of future amounts paid for the whole year.

5 - Depositary and Administration fees

The Depositary and the Administration agent are paid by the Company on the basis of business practice in Luxembourg. These fees are calculated on the basis of the daily net assets of the sub-funds and are payable monthly in arrears.

6 - Subscription tax ("Taxe d'abonnement")

Under legislation and regulations currently prevailing in Luxembourg, the Company is exempt from tax except for the "taxe d'abonnement". Classes of Shares reserved to institutional investors are subject to a tax rate of 0.01% p.a. (Class of Shares I, S, SI and K1) and those reserved to retail investors are subject to a tax rate of 0.05% p.a. (Class of Shares, E, C, I-R, R, F, SI-R, SF, FS, RS, and K2). The tax is calculated and payable quarterly based on the net assets of the Company at the end of the relevant quarter.

7 - Dividend distributions

The Fund distributed the following dividends during the year ended December 31, 2024:

| Sub-funds | Share class | ISIN | Ссу | Dividend | Ex-date | Payment date |
|------------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------|-----|----------|----------|--------------|
| Tikehau Fund - Tikehau SubFin Fund | RS - EUR - Distribution* | LU1585264507 | EUR | 4.93 | 30/04/24 | 06/05/24 |

Other notes to the financial statements

7 - Dividend distributions

| Sub-funds | Share class | ISIN | Ссу | Dividend | Ex-date | Payment date |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------|-----|----------|----------|--------------|
| Tikehau Fund - Tikehau Short | R - EUR - Distribution | LU2122903193 | EUR | 2.66 | 30/04/24 | 06/05/24 |
| Duration | I - EUR - Distribution | LU1590089832 | EUR | 2.99 | 30/04/24 | 06/05/24 |
| | I - CHF - Distribution | LU2638348289 | CHF | 1.81 | 30/04/24 | 06/05/24 |
| | I-R - EUR - Disribution | LU2122903359 | EUR | 2.97 | 30/04/24 | 06/05/24 |
| | F - EUR - Distribution | LU2122903276 | EUR | 3.09 | 30/04/24 | 06/05/24 |
| Tikehau Fund - Tikehau Impact | R - EUR - Distribution | LU2349746615 | EUR | 3.22 | 30/04/24 | 06/05/24 |
| Credit | I-R - EUR - Distribution | LU2349747183 | EUR | 3.61 | 30/04/24 | 06/05/24 |
| | F - EUR - Distribution | LU2349747340 | EUR | 3.17 | 30/04/24 | 06/05/24 |

8 - Swing pricing

A prospectus dated January, 2024 has been issued in order to introduce the sub-fund Tikehau Impact Credit and to detail its swing mechanism.

The swing pricing mechanism is applied on the capital activity at the level of the sub-fund Tikehau Impact Credit and does not address the specific circumstances of each individual investor transaction. As at the date of this Prospectus, the Management Company has determined that the swing factor will not exceed 2% of the Net Asset Value per Share Class of the sub-fund Tikehau Impact Credit.

The NAV and the NAV per Share disclosed in the financial statements and in the "Key figures" do not include Swing Pricing adjustments.

For the year ended December 31, 2024, a swing adjustment has been applied to the sub-fund Tikehau Impact Credit.

9 - Collateral

As at 31 December 2024, the following sub-fund received or paid cash collateral for derivative transactions where the details are as follows:

| Sub-funds | Counterparty | Type of collateral | Currency of bank account | Collateral amount received in sub-fund currency | Collateral amount paid in sub-fund currency |
|---|------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------|---|---|
| Tikehau Fund - Tikehau | Goldman Sachs Intl Ldn | Cash | EUR | 80,000.00 | _ |
| SubFin Fund | JPMorgan | Cash | EUR | | 190,000.00 |
| Tikehau Fund - Tikehau | Goldman Sachs Intl Ldn | Cash | EUR | 70,000.00 | |
| Short Duration | JPMorgan | Cash | EUR | | 3,480,000.00 |
| Tikehau Fund - Tikehau | JPMorgan | Cash | EUR | | 890,000.00 |
| International Cross Assets | BNP PARIBAS | Cash | EUR | 20,000.00 | |
| Tikehau Fund - Tikehau Impact Credit | JPMorgan | Cash | EUR | | 20,000.00 |

10 - Other expenses

As at December 31, 2024, the other expenses recorded in the statements of operations of changes in net assets are mainly composed of other administrative fees and director fees.

11 - Changes in the composition of securities portfolio

The details of the changes in portfolio composition for the year ended December 31, 2024 are at the disposal of the shareholders at the registered office of the Company and are available upon request free of charge.

12 - Significant events during the year

| FUNDS | Purpose of the amendment | Effective Date |
|-------------------------------|---|----------------|
| Tikehau Fund - Subfin Fund | On June 10, 2024, the management company modified the SFDR Annex to align the ESG approach with the new composite index of the fund. Additionally, other mandatory PAIs not covered by the exclusion policy applied at the level of the Sub-Fund have been incorporated into the "ESG score." | 10.06.24 |

Other notes to the financial statements

12 - Significant events during the year

| | 0 ((th.)) 0001 | 1 | | | | |
|--|---|-------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------|---|----------|
| | On 11 th July 2024, the ma | anagement company | made several mo | difications | | |
| | Change in the current reference indicator "ICE BofAML 3-5 Year Euro Government Index + 150 basis points" and to replace it by a composite benchmark "50% ICE BofA Contingent Capital Index (hedged to EUR) + 50% ICE BofA Euro Financial Subordinated & Lower Tier-2 Index", used as an ex-post performance indicator and to calculate the performance fee Change of the denominations for the A and AF share classes available in the Sub-Fund to RS and FS Increase in the initial subscription amount for the S share class from 10 million to 15 million (in the reference currency of the Sub-Fund) Change in the fee structure (i.e. the maximum levels of the management fee and the performance fee) of the share classes Update of the indices used by the Sub-Fund for the purposes of the non-financial approach and to report on the Sub-Fund's carbon intensity by replacing the composite index: "Euro Financial (EB00) and ICE BofAML BB-CCC 1-3 Year Euro Developed Markets High Yield Constrained (H1EC)" by the composite index "50% ICE BofA Contingent Capital Index (hedged to EUR) + 50% ICE BofA Euro Financial Subordinated & Lower Tier-2 Index, net of management fees | | | | | |
| Tikehau Fund – International Cross Assets | On June 10th, 2024, the of a minimum commitree. | 10.06.24 | | | | |
| Tikehau Fund - Tikehau Impact Credit | On June 10th, 2024, the of a minimum commitred to the commitment of the commitm | 10.06.24 | | | | |
| Tikehau Fund - Tikehau European Sovereignty Fund | Modification of subsubusiness day before Update of the NAV business days Amendment of the environmental/socia the exclusion policy | 10.06.24 | | | | |
| | On 20th November 2 Absorbing ISIN Code | | | | | |
| | FR0013267382 | class Part P C1 | ISIN Code LU2737748660 | Action R – Acc-EUR C4 | Ratio 1,26745383 | 20.11.24 |
| | | Part I C2 | LU2737749981 | Action F – Acc-EUR C5 | 14,0372479 | |
| | FR0013267408 | Part GI C3 | LU2737749635 | Action I – Acc-EUR C3 | 14,0191594 | |
| | | | | | ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, | |
| | | | | | | |

13 - Subsequent events

| FUNDS | Purpose of the amendment | Effective Date |
|---|---|----------------|
| Tikehau Fund - Subfin Fund | Modified the prospectus to clarify that benchmark indices used for share classes denominated in a currency other than the reference currency of the sub-fund are hedged in the currency of the relevant share classes. Modified the SFDR annex to clarify the environmental/social characteristics promoted by the compartment. | 25.01.25 |
| Tikehau Fund – International Cross Assets | On 25 th January 2025, the management company has: Modified the prospectus to clarify that different benchmark indices may be used as ex-post performance indicators for the sub-funds (i) TIKEHAU FUND – Tikehau Short Duration, (ii) TIKEHAU FUND – Tikehau International Cross Assets and (iii) TIKEHAU FUND – Tikehau Impact Credit for share classes denominated in other currencies than the relevant sub-fund's reference currency Modified the SFDR annex to clarify the environmental/social characteristics promoted by the compartment. | 25.01.25 |
| Tikehau Fund - Tikehau Impact Credit | On 25 th January 2025, the management company has: • Modified the prospectus to clarify that different benchmark indices may be used as ex-post performance indicators for the sub-funds (i) TIKEHAU FUND – Tikehau Short Duration, (ii) TIKEHAU FUND – Tikehau • | 25.01.25 |

Other notes to the financial statements

13 - Subsequent events

| | International Cross Assets and (iii) TIKEHAU FUND – Tikehau Impact Credit for share classes denominated in other currencies than the relevant sub-fund's reference currency Modified the SFDR annex to clarify the environmental/social characteristics promoted by the compartment. | |
|--|--|----------|
| Tikehau Fund - Tikehau European Sovereignty Fund | On 25th January 2025, the management company has: Modified the prospectus to clarify that different benchmark indices may be used as ex-post performance indicators for the sub-funds (i) TIKEHAU FUND – Tikehau Short Duration, (ii) TIKEHAU FUND – Tikehau International Cross Assets and (iii) TIKEHAU FUND – Tikehau Impact Credit for share classes denominated in other currencies than the relevant sub-fund's reference currency Modified the SFDR annex to clarify the environmental/social characteristics promoted by the compartment. | 25.01.25 |

Tikehau Fund Additional unaudited information

Additional unaudited information

Remuneration policy

This document presents the implementation rules of the compensation policy adopted by Tikehau Investment Management (hereinafter "Tikehau IM").

This policy is designed accordingly to the provisions related to compensation figuring in the legal provisions of Directive 2001/61/UE of the European Parliament and Council of 8 June 2011 (hereinafter "the AIFM Directive") and of the directive 2014/91/UE of the European Parliament and Council of 23 July 2014 (hereinafter "the UCITS V Directive"), applicable to the asset management sector.

1. Scope of application

1.1 Identified staff

The identification process of the regulated population is driven jointly by the human resources management, the compliance department and is subject to the "Appointment and Remuneration Committee" of Tikehau Capital, the parent company of Tikehau IM.

Given the internal organization of Tikehau IM, the identified staff (hereinafter "Identified Staff") according to the AIFM Directive and the UCITS V Directive is composed of the following staff categories:

- the executive managers of Tikehau IM,
- the portfolio managers,
- the heads of control functions, more precisely the Head of Risks, the Head of Internal audit and the Head of Compliance and internal control of Tikehau IM,
- the heads of the support functions managers (Head of Sales & Marketing, Head of Human resources, COO etc) of Tikehau IM,
- all employees with a global compensation placed in the same compensation wafer as the general management and the risk takers of Tikehau IM, and having a significant incidence on the risk profile of Tikehau IM or UCITS and AIF managed by Tikehau IM.

1.2 Compensation principles within Tikehau IM

The global compensation of Tikehau IM employees is made of the following elements:

- a fixed compensation,
- a variable yearly compensation,
- where appropriate, a pluriannual variable compensation

Each employee benefits of all or part of these various components, based on its responsibilities, its competences and its performance.

Variable compensation is determined on the basis of the financial and extra-financial performance of Tikehau IM and the individual performance of the employee evaluated based on the achievement of qualitative and quantitative objectives and his/her level of commitment. The evaluation of the individual performance takes into account the employee's participation in Tikehau IM's policy on environmental, social and governance criteria (hereinafter "ESG"), which integrates sustainability issues and compliance with applicable procedures. It also takes into account the compliance with applicable regulations as well as policies and internal procedures applicable in terms of compliance and risk management.

It shall be noted that possible variable compensations do not constitute an acquired right, including the reported part, which is paid or acquired only if (i) justified by the performances of the operational unit of the person concerned and (ii) its amount is compatible with the financial situation of Tikehau IM.

Thus, the total amount of variable compensations is generally considerably reduced when the portfolio management company and/or the managed portfolios register mediocre or negative financial performances.

The compensation arrangements are established in accordance with the applicable regulations.

Finally, it shall be noted that:

- guaranteed variable compensations are prohibited, except in cases of employment external to the companies of the Tikehau Capital group. In this case, the guarantee is strictly limited to the first year.
- the use of individual coverage or insurance strategies in terms of compensation or responsibilities which would limit the extent of risks contained in the compensation system of the Identified Staff is strictly forbidden.

1.3 Rules applicable to the variable part of the compensation of Employees Concerned

Tikehau IM has implemented a deferred variable compensation system applicable to members of the Identified Staff which are not excluded in application of the proportionality principle, accordingly to Section 1.4 hereinafter (the "Employee Concerned"), in compliance with the applicable legal provisions.

For concerned employees, the rules applicable to their variable part of the compensation is the following:

- -the payment of at least 50% of the variable compensation part is deferred;
- -the deferred payment of the variable compensation part is of a minimum of three years;
- -the deferred portion of the variable compensation part is definitively acquired by the employee only at the date of its effective payment and cannot be received by the employee prior to the said payment (cf. section 1.5 hereinafter); and

Additional unaudited information

Remuneration policy

-the remaining portion of the variable compensation part is paid immediately in the form of (i) a cash payment and/or (ii) a grant of stock options, free shares and/or performance shares that are not Eligible Financial Instruments (as defined in Section 2).

1.4 Structure of the variable compensation of the Employees Concerned

In application of the proportionality principle, Tikehau IM excludes from the requirements relating to the compensation of Employees Concerned, any employee being part of the Identified Staff:

-whose variable compensation amount is inferior to one of the two following thresholds:

- The percentage of the variable compensation is inferior to 30% of the fixed compensation; or
- The amount of the variable compensation is less than 200k€ gross or its equivalent in currencies

Or

-that doesn't have a significant influence on the risk profile of Tikehau IM or UCITS and AIF managed by Tikehau IM

Any Employee Concerned's variable compensation shall be structured as follows:

- at least 50% of the variable compensation shall take the form of Eligible Financial Instruments which can take the form of Cash Units (cf Section 2.2) and/or listed stocks of Tikehau Capital, parent company of Tikehau IM (cf Section 2.3) and its payment will be deferred on a minimum of three years
- -the deferred payment in Eligible Financial Instruments shall be indexed on the performance of a benchmark index made of UCITS and AIF's managed by Tikehau IM (hereinafter "benchmark" of Section 2.1),
- -the deferred payment shall take place in equal instalments, and

the remaining portion of the variable compensation shall take the form of (i) a cash payment, made in year N (grant date of the variable compensation relating to the previous year) and/or (ii) a grant, made in year N (grant date of the variable remuneration in respect of the previous year), of stock options, free shares and/or performance shares which are not Eligible Financial Instruments.

1.5 Rules for the acquisition and payment of the variable compensation of Employees Concerned

The acquisition and payment of elements of deferred variable compensation are subject (i) to meeting performance conditions relating to the results of the company and to individual criteria (including an appropriate risk management), (ii) the absence of misbehaviour or serious error relating to the applicable regulations as well as policies and internal procedures applicable in terms of compliance, risk management and ESG and (iii) a presence condition.

These requirements are precisely and explicitly defined when granting the compensation.

Shall one of the above acquisition conditions not be met, the non-acquired portion of the variable deferred compensation can be reduced, or not paid.

Without prejudice of the general national labour law principles, in case the performance of the activity of Tikehau IM involves the generation of a net negative result, it could retrieve all or part of the previously deferred variable compensation, announced but not yet acquired.

2. Eligible Financial Instruments

2.1 Definition of the Benchmark Index

The deferred payment in eligible financial instruments is indexed on the performance of the Benchmark Index.

The Benchmark Index is made of UCITS and AIF managed by Tikehau IM, representing the 4 major asset management strategies of Tikehau IM:

- -Capital Markets Strategies (previously called Liquid Strategies)
- -Private Debt
- -Real Assets (previously called Real Estate)
- -Private Equity

Tikehau IM shall select, at the moment of the grant of the variable compensation, the representative fund(s) of each of the four strategies, taking into account the opinion of the Head of Risks and the Head of Compliance and internal control and shall determine the respective weights of each of the four strategies on the basis of the ventilation of assets at the end of the year to which the considered variable compensation relates. The funds and their respective weights shall remain identical during the deferred years for the variable compensation relating to a given year.

The performance of the Benchmark Index shall be calculated by measuring the evolution of the net asset value per share of the relevant funds between the 31 December of the year preceding the initial grant date of the Eligible Financial Instruments and the 31 December of the year preceding the date of the effective acquisition of the Eligible Financial Instruments.

Shall one of the funds whose performance is taken into account for the calculation of the Benchmark Index be liquidated before the acquisition date of one or several portions of the deferred compensation, it shall be substituted for calculation purposes of the Benchmark Index after this liquidation, by a fund considered as representative of the performance of the considered business line of Tikehau IM.

Additional unaudited information

Remuneration policy

2.2 Implementation of Cash Units as a support of the alignment of interests

Tikehau IM can implement a Cash Units framework consisting in a variable cash compensation, blocked and deferred on a minimum of three years per equal tranche, whose valuation is based on the performance of the Benchmark Index on the period considered.

2.3 Tikehau Capital shares

Tikehau IM can use Tikehau Capital shares as Eligible Financial Instruments.

These free share grants would take place in accordance with the requirements of Articles L225-197-1 et seq. of the French Commercial Code.

The grant shall be structured in a minimum of three equal tranches. The number of shares of each tranche definitively acquired would be based of the performance of the Benchmark Index.

In case of a negative performance of the Benchmark Index on a period considered, the final number of granted shares can be proportionally reduced and rounded down to the next whole number.

The grant of free shares does not allow to increase of the number of granted shares, a compensatory mechanism under the form of Eligible Financial Instruments could be implemented to compensate the shortfall of the beneficiaries.

Breakdown of fixed and variable remuneration as of 31/12/2024

| 2024 | Number of beneficiaries | Fixed remuneration (€) | Variable Cash remuneration (€) | Carried interest and performance fees (€) |
|------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------------|---|
| TIM Staff | 310 | 35,244,127 | 11,013,964 | 0 |
| Identified Staff | 74 | 14,839,747 | 5,805,4687 | 0 |
| Concerned Staff | 49 | 10,603,405 | 4,913,901 | 0 |

Source: Tikehau IM Human Resources

Additional unaudited information

Global Risk Exposure

RISK MEASUREMENT AND THE CALCULATION OF GLOBAL EXPOSURE AND COUNTERPARTY

The Management Company uses the commitment approach for the calculation of the Global Exposure of the Company.

Additional unaudited information

| | Securities | Financing | Transactions | Regulation | (SFTR |) Disclosures |
|--|------------|-----------|--------------|------------|-------|---------------|
|--|------------|-----------|--------------|------------|-------|---------------|

Over the course of the reporting period, the UCI was not involved in any transactions governed by the Securities Financing Transactions Regulation (SFTR).

Additional unaudited information

As required by Article 50 (2 SFDR) of COMMISSION DELEGATED REGULATION, information on the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product is available in an annex to this report.

Additional unaudited information

CONSIDERATION OF THE MACROECONOMIC CONTEXT

The economic and geopolitical environment remains uncertain and the companies or assets in which the funds managed by the management company have invested may be negatively affected in terms of their valuation, cash flow, prospects and capacity to distribute dividends, pay interest or, more generally, meet their commitments.

The management company remains extremely cautious as to the opportunities that arise and the current macroeconomic environment encourages it to continue to remain prudent and rigorous in its investment choices.

REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

Information relating to operations during the year and on the securities for which the Management Company is informed that his group has a particular interest

| | Net Asset Value in EUR |
|---|--|
| Securities issued by the promoter group | None |
| Loans issued by the promoter group | None |
| LICITS issued by the premeter group | None |
| UCITS issued by the promoter group | (Except for Tikehau Fund - Tikehau International Cross Assets: 7,598,626.95) |

INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT DELEGATION

1. Tikehau Investment Management Asia PTE LTD – Management Company authorized by the MAS - Monetary Authority of Singapore under the number CMS100458-1. 12 Marina View, #23-06 Asia Square Tower 2, Singapour 018961.

The Management Company will be able to delegate investment management of its investments made in Asia to Tikehau Investment Management Asia PTE LTD.

2. Tikehau Capital North America LLC – registered Investment Adviser by the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). Corporation Trust Center, 1209 Orange Street, Wilmington, Newcastle County, Delaware 19801, United States of America.

The Management Company can delegate the financial management of its investments made in the United States and Canada and in bonds denominated in Canadian and US dollars to Tikehau Capital North America LLC.

SELECTION CRITERIA OF MARKET INTERMEDIARIES

Article 24 (1) of the Markets in Financial Instruments Directive 2014/65/EU ("MiFID 2") and Article 26 of Regulation (EU) No 600/2014 ("MiFID") of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 May 2014 extended and strengthened the "best execution" requirements for orders already implemented under the Markets in Financial Instruments Directive 2004/39/EC ("MiFID 1").

The "best execution" obligation is implemented by taking all reasonable measures to obtain the best possible execution result taking into account, inter alia, the following factors: price, cost, timeliness, likelihood of execution and settlement, size and nature of the order. These execution factors are to be weighted depending of the characteristics of the order, the financial instruments concerned, the execution venues and the characteristics of the client.

The "best execution" requirement takes the form of "best selection" when the investment services provider does not execute the orders itself but transmits them to a market member. In this case, its obligation is to select the market intermediary most likely to deliver the best possible execution.

Broker selection policy

Scope of application

The broker selection policy applies to all financial instruments and financial contracts traded on regulated markets or multilateral trading facilities.

The financial instruments and contracts that fall under the scope are as follows:

- shares and similar instruments,
- futures and similar instruments,
- standardised options and similar instruments.

Principles

Tikehau Investment Management is not a market member and does not execute directly the orders placed on behalf of the funds under management.

The fund managers of Tikehau Investment Management transmit their orders to the internal trading desk, who then transmit them to the brokers in charge of their execution.

Additional unaudited information

Tikehau Investment Management is always careful to be categorized as a "professional client" within the meaning of MiFID 2 by its market intermediaries, in order to benefit from a sufficient level of protection and assurance as to the best execution of the orders it transmits to them.

Selection and listing of market intermediaries

Tikehau Investment Management carefully selects the market intermediaries it trusts to execute the orders it receives. The selection of market intermediaries is based in particular on their ability to meet the following criteria:

- reputation and recognition,
- best execution policy adopted,
- level of proposed prices in relation to available liquidity,
- quality of order execution services,
- quality of investment decision support services,
- quality of administrative processes (back-office and middle-office),
- range of services offered,
- proposed level of transparency,
- costs and fees.

The listing of a market intermediary is only done after the usual due diligence procedures have been carried out to ensure good reputation of the counterparty and to compile a broker file. Commercial relations with new brokers are subject to the approval of the RCCI of Tikehau Investment Management.

Choice of market intermediaries

Tikehau Investment Management only transmits its orders to referenced intermediaries in order to guarantee the best possible execution. To determine the most suitable broker to deliver best execution, the trading teams consider the following factors:

- characteristics and constraints of the portfolio,
- characteristics and specificities of the broker,
- proposed prices,
- associated costs,
- speed of execution,
- probability of execution and outcome,
- size and nature of the order,
- any other considerations related to the execution of the order.

Periodic Evaluation

The evaluation of market intermediaries is formalised annually by the "Broker Committee", made up of representatives from Management, Trading, Middle Office and Compliance teams. Brokers who have been assigned orders during the financial year are evaluated on the basis of the following criteria:

- price level in relation to the liquidity offered,
- quality of order execution,
- quality of investment decision support services,
- scope of services offered,
- quality of administrative processes,
- proposed level of transparency,
- availability and reactivity,
- costs and fees.

Tikehau Investment Management also takes into account the results of the valuation in the allocation of brokerage volumes and the continuation of its business relationships with the referenced brokers.

Best Execution Policy

Scope of application

As Tikehau Investment Management is not a market member, the best execution policy applies only to financial securities traded over-the-counter (OTC) or traded through multilateral trading facilities (MTF) and to financial contracts traded over-the-counter.

The financial instruments concerned are as follows:

- bonds and similar (sovereign bonds, corporate bonds, convertible bonds)
- negotiable debt instruments
- interest rate, foreign exchange or credit derivatives (total return swaps, FX forwards, credit default swaps)

Additional unaudited information

Principles

Transactions in OTC financial instruments

Tikehau Investment Management takes all necessary measures to ensure the best execution of OTC orders. To this end, the Company takes into account the following criteria in particular:

- characteristics and constraints of the portfolio,
- characteristics and specificities of the counterparty,
- proposed prices,
- associated costs,
- speed of execution,
- probability of execution and outcome,
- size and nature of the order,
- any other consideration related to the execution of the order.

In order to attain best execution, the traders request quotes from different counterparties hereby ensuring a fair competition amongst them and select the offer that best meets the above-mentioned criteria.

Transactions in OTC financial contracts

Tikehau Investment Management enters into OTC financial contracts only with authorized counterparties, i.e. with whom ISDA/CSAs have been concluded

Transactions in financial instruments via multilateral trading facilities

Tikehau Investment Management may use multilateral trading facilities to execute orders placed on behalf of the funds under management. The selection of the platforms used is made in particular on the basis of the following criteria:

- reputation and market recognition,
- regulation of the platform by a financial market regulatory authority established in a European Union country or in an equivalent third country.
- existence and robustness of the system for the admission of participants,
- scope of the instruments covered,
- quality of the proposed tool, quality of the services provided,
- requested remuneration, and, liquidity offered by the platform.

As most multilateral trading facilities do not offer a guarantee of best execution, Tikehau Investment Management takes all necessary measures to ensure the best execution of orders traded through them.

To do so, the Company takes into account the following criteria in particular:

- characteristics and constraints of the portfolio,
- characteristics and specificities of the counterparty,
- prices offered,
- associated costs,
- speed of execution,
- probability of execution and outcome,
- size and nature of the order,
- any other consideration related to the execution of the order.

The structuring of certain financing operations may, in accordance with the fund's regulations, lead to the collection by the Management Company of arrangement fees. The arrangement fee is paid by the issuer to the arranger of the transaction and is calculated pro rata to the commitments.

Those fees are then equally divided between the fund which perceives 50% of them and the management company which keeps the remaining 50%.

REPORT ON INTERMEDIARY FEES

In accordance with the provisions of article 321-122 of the AMF's General Regulation, OPCVM management companies are required to report intermediation fees paid annually if they exceed €500, 000. A report related to the intermediation fees paid by Tikehau Investment Management during the previous year is updated annually. This document is available on the website of Tikehau Investment Management : https://www.tikehaucapital.com/

Additional unaudited information

VOTING AND ENGAGEMENT POLICY

The Shareholder Engagement and Voting Policy of the Management Company for all UCI it manages is available on the website of Tikehau Investment Management https://www.tikehaucapital.com/ or in the head office of the Management Company, in accordance with Articles L. 533-22 et R 533-16 of the French Monetary and Financial Code.

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE QUALITY CRITERIONS

Pursuant to the provisions of Article L.533-22-1 of the French Monetary and Financial Code, information on how social, environmental and governance criteria are taken into account is provided on the management company website: https://www.tikehaucapital.com/fr/sustainability-impact/esg-publication

POST-CLOSING EVENTS APPLICABLE AS OF JUNE 2024 OR IN THE FUTURE (AND SUBJECT TO CHANGE).

Not applicable as of date. If any, the management company will inform the investors in accordance with regulation requests.

SWING PRICING

Yes. Please refer to the dedicated section in the prospectus of the fund for further details.

COMMISSIONS ARRANGEMENT

The structuring of certain financing operations may, in accordance with the fund's regulations, lead to the collection by the Management Company of arrangement fees.

The arrangement fee is paid by the issuer to the arranger of the transaction and is calculated pro rata to the commitments.

Those fees are then equally divided between the fund which perceives 50% of them and the management company which keeps the remaining 50%.

Tikehau 2029 - Summary of arrangement fees collected over the last three years (in €)

None.

OTHER INFORMATION

The Fund's regulations and the latest annual and periodic reports can be sent upon written request to:

Tikehau Investment Management 32 rue de Monceau, 75008 PARIS, FRANCE

E-mail: client-service@tikehaucapital.com

ANNEX III

`ANNEX IV

Template periodic disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Product name: Tikehau SubFin Fund (the "Sub-Fund")

Legal entity identifier: 222100SNB56F1LE09J94

Environmental and/or social characteristics

| Did this financial product have a sustain | nable investment objective? |
|--|--|
| Yes | ● ○ 🗶 No |
| It made sustainable investments with an environmental objective:% in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy | It promoted Environmental/Social (E/S) characteristics and while it did not have as its objective a sustainable investment, it had a proportion of |
| It made sustainable investments with a social objective:% | It promoted E/S characteristics, but did not make any sustainable investments |

Please refer to Tikehau SFDR periodic disclosure calculations for more details about data sources, methodologies, and limitations.



To what extent were the environmental and/or social characteristics promoted by this financial product met?

The Sub-Fund promotes the following environmental/social characteristics:

1. The Sub-Fund promotes companies that are making carbon efficiency efforts, seeking to outperform the weighted average carbon intensity of its Index.

investment means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow

Sustainable

The EU Taxonomy is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of environmentally sustainable economic activities.

good governance

practices.

That Regulation does not include a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not.

- 2. The Sub-Fund promotes certain minimum environmental and social safeguards through applying exclusion criteria with regards to products and business practices that have been demonstrated to have negative impacts on the environment or society.
- 3. The Sub-Fund promotes business practices that uphold the United Nations Global Compact (UNGC) and OECD guidelines for Multinational Enterprises, avoiding companies that violate these principles.
- 4. The Sub-Fund refrains from investing in companies embedding a high ESG risk and places limitations on investments in companies with a medium ESG risk. Investments in companies classified as medium ESG risk are subject to a review by the Compliance-Risk-ESG working group, leveraging their specific expertise. This working group issues a favourable or unfavourable opinion, which will be considered for investment decision.

The Sub-Fund promotes environmental and social characteristics pursuant to Article 8 of the SFDR but does not have sustainable investment objective and does not currently commit to investing in any "sustainable investment" within the meaning of the SFDR or the Taxonomy Regulation.

How did the sustainability indicators perform?

During the reference period (2024), we collected the following information on the sustainability indicators of the Sub-Fund:

Sustainability Metric Unit Value in 2024 Comment indicator (annual average)1 Q1 and Q2 Weighted Weighted Tons CO2e / Between Q1 and Q2 2024, the Sub-Fund met the objective of average average Million Euros 2024 the non-financial approach carbon carbon Revenue - Sub-Fund: related to Weighted Carbon 2.38 intensity intensity Average Intensity: the WACI of - Benchmark: (WACI) of (annual the fund is at least 20% lower 19.14 fund average) than that of its Benchmark. compared to - Result: Sub-Between Q3 and Q4 2024, , the Fund is 88% its Sub-Fund didn't meet the Benchmark² lower than objective of the non-financial Benchmark approach related to Weighted Carbon Average Intensity: the Q3 and Q4 WACI of the fund was not 20% 2024: lower than that of its - Sub-Fund: Benchmark. The issue went 2.13 unnoticed due to an - Benchmark: operational problem and an 1.52 incorrect configuration in the - Result: Subcontrol system. Fund is 40%

Sustainability indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained.

¹ A new benchmark was implemented in July 11th 2024, which make aggregation with previous period irrelevant.

 $^{^2}$ The Fund's and benchmark's WACI are now measured on scopes 1 & 2, compared to previous periods which were on scopes 1, 2 & 3.

| | | | above than Benchmark | |
|--|-----------------------------------|---|--|--|
| Number of hole be in breach of adopted by the | the Exclusion Tikehau Ca | on Policy pital Group | 0 | The Sub-Fund did not invest in companies in breach of the Exclusion Policy. |
| of UNGC and C | • | are in violation nes | 0 | The Sub-Fund did not invest in companies in violations of UNGC and OECD guidelines. |
| Proprietary ESG profile Score of companies in portfolio ³ | Split per level of ESG risk | Percentage (out of investments promoting E/S characteristics) | - Acceptable ESG risk: 97.44% - Medium ESG risk: 0.47% - High ESG risk: 0.00% - Not score: 2.09% | At least 90% of companies were scored and the Sub-Fund did not invest in companies with a high ESG risk. |

The Sub-Fund's non-financial objectives were only partially achieved in 2024. During the first half of the year, the Sub-Fund's WACI remained well below the 20% target relative to the Benchmark. However, in the second half of the year, both the financial and extra-financial benchmarks were changed but were not correctly integrated into the system, resulting in inadequate monitoring of the constraint. There were no cases of companies in breach of the Exclusion Policy nor companies in violation of the UNGC and OECD guidelines in 2024.

Since January 2024, ESG scores have been based on a third-party's methodology, which has introduced new scoring categories compared to the previous reporting periods. During the reporting period, the Fund mostly invested in companies with an "Acceptable ESG Risk", and over 90% of companies were scored.

...and compared to previous periods?

| Sustainability | Metric | Unit | Value in 2023 | Value in 2022 |
|---------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------------|-----------------------|
| indicator | | | | |
| Weighted average | Weighte | Tons CO2e | - Sub-Fund: 919 | - Sub-Fund: 397 |
| carbon intensity | d | / Million | - Investment | - Investment |
| (WACI) of fund | average | Euros | universe: 655 | universe: 569 |
| compared to its | carbon | Revenue | - Result: Sub- | - Result: Sub-Fund is |
| investment universe | intensity | | Fund is 40% | 30% lower than |
| | (annual | | higher than | investment universe |
| | average | | investment | |
| |) | | universe | |

³ The methodology for ESG scores changed in 2024 and are now classified in different categories compared to previous periods.

| Number of holdings in t breach of the Exclusion Tikehau Capital Group | | 0 | 0 | |
|---|--------------|--------------|-------------------|-------------------------|
| Number of companies t | hat are in v | 0 | 0 | |
| UNGC and OECD guideli | nes | | | |
| Proprietary ESG | Split per | Percentage | - ESG | - ESG opportunity: |
| profile Score of | level of | (out of | opportunity: 15% | 17% |
| companies in portfolio | ESG risk | investment | - Moderate ESG | - Moderate ESG risk: |
| | | S | risk:79% | 76% |
| | | promoting | - Average ESG | - Average ESG risk: |
| | | E/S | risk: 0% | 3% |
| | | characterist | - Material ESG | - Material ESG risk: |
| ics) | | risk: 0% | 0% | |
| | | | - Significant ESG | - Significant ESG risk: |
| | | | risk:0% - Not | 0% |
| | | | scored: 5% | - Not scored: 4% |

The Sub-Fund's non-financial objectives were met in 2022 and 2023. No comparison can be made between previous periods and 2024 in terms of WACI. In fact, since May 2024, the Fund's WACI has been calculated on Scopes 1 & 2 due to the practical challenges of reporting, estimating, and calculating Scope 3 data. Comparisons on this indicator will start again from the next period.

There were no case of companies in breach of the Exclusion Policy nor companies in violation of the UNGC and OECD guidelines in 2022, 2023 and 2024.

The split per ESG score remained stable between 2022 and 2023. Due to the change in methodology of ESG profile scores between the previous periods and 2024, no direct comparison can be made. However, 2024 had a majority of ESG scores that were "acceptable", the lowest risk category.

What were the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially made and how did the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?

Not applicable as this Sub-Fund promotes environmental and social characteristics but does not make any sustainable investment.

How did the sustainable investments that the financial product partially made not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

Not applicable as this Sub-Fund promotes environmental and social characteristics but does not make any sustainable investment.

How were the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors taken into account?

Not applicable as this Sub-Fund promotes environmental and social characteristics but does not make any sustainable investment.

Principal adverse impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anticorruption and antibribery matters.

Were sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details:

Not applicable as this Sub-Fund promotes environmental and social characteristics but does not make any sustainable investment.

The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific Union criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.



How did this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

| Adverse sustainabi lity | Metric | Unit | Value 2024 | Coverage 2024 | Value 2023 | Coverage 2023 | Value 2022 | Coverage 2022 |
|-------------------------------|--|--|---------------|------------------|---------------|------------------|---------------|------------------|
| indicator | | | | | | | | |
| 1. GHG emissions | Scope 1 GHG emissions | Tons CO2e / Million Euros Enterpris e Value | 65 | 85.26% | 69 | 81.18% | 59 | 80.64% |
| | Scope 2 GHG emissions | Tons CO2e / Million Euros Enterpris e Value | 94 | 85.26% | 146 | 81.18% | 102 | 80.64% |
| | Scope 3 GHG emissions | Tons CO2e / Million Euros Enterpris e Value | 127,4 76 | 85.26% | 41,59 9 | 81.18% | 21,680 | 80.64% |
| | Total GHG emissions scope 1 & 2 | Tons CO2e / Million Euros | 159 | 85.26% | 215 | 81.18% | 162 | 80.64% |

| | | Enterpris e Value | | | | | | |
|---|--|---|-------------|--------|------------|--------|--------|--------|
| | Total GHG emissions scope 1,2 & 3 | Tons CO2e / Million Euros Enterpris e Value | 127,6 35 | 85.26% | 41,81 4 | 81.18% | 21,842 | 80.64% |
| 2. Carbon footprint | Carbon footprint scope 1 & 2 | Tons CO2e / Million Euros Enterpris e Value | 0.41 | 85.26% | 1 | 81.18% | 1 | 80.64% |
| | Carbon footprint scope 1,2 & 3 | Tons CO2e / Million Euros Enterpris e Value | 331 | 85.26% | 120 | 81.18% | 70 | 80.64% |
| 3. GHG intensity of investee companies | GHG intensity of investee companies scope 1 & 2 | Tons CO2e / Million Euros Revenue | 2 | 98.15% | 3 | 95.36% | 5 | 93.83% |
| | GHG intensity of investee companies scope 1,2 & 3 | Tons CO2e / Million Euros Revenue | 1,690 | 98.15% | 884 | 95.36% | 358 | 93.83% |
| 4. Exposure to companies active in the fossil fuel sector | Share of investment s in companies active in the fossil fuel sector | Percenta ge | 0.00 | 90.38% | 0.00 % | 87.45% | 0.00% | 85.53% |
| Optional 4. Investmen ts in companies without carbon emission reduction initiatives | Share of companies without Carbon Emission Reduction initiatives | Percenta ge | 60.02 % | 88.58% | 57.13 % | 84.83% | 53.76% | 60.04% |

| 7. | Share of | | 0.00 | 91.34% | 0.00 | 88.04% | 0.00% | 85.96% |
|--------------------|-------------------|----------|--------|---------|--------|---------|-------|--------|
| Activities | investment | Percenta | % % | J1.3470 | % % | 00.0470 | 0.00% | 63.30% |
| negatively | s in | | /0 | | /0 | | | |
| affecting | investee | ge | | | | | | |
| biodiversit | companies | | | | | | | |
| y- | with | | | | | | | |
| sensitive | sites/oper | | | | | | | |
| areas | ations | | | | | | | |
| areas | located in | | | | | | | |
| | or near to | | | | | | | |
| | biodiversit | | | | | | | |
| | y- sensitive | | | | | | | |
| | areas | | | | | | | |
| | where | | | | | | | |
| | activities | | | | | | | |
| | of those | | | | | | | |
| | investee | | | | | | | |
| | companies | | | | | | | |
| | negatively | | | | | | | |
| | affect | | | | | | | |
| | those | | | | | | | |
| | areas | | | | | | | |
| 10. | Share of | | 0.00 | 91.34% | 0.00 | 88.04% | 0.00% | 85.96% |
| Violations | investment | Percenta | % | | % | | | |
| of UN | s in | ge | | | | | | |
| Global | investee | | | | | | | |
| Compact | companies | | | | | | | |
| principles | that have | | | | | | | |
| and | been | | | | | | | |
| Organisati | involved in | | | | | | | |
| on for Economic | violations of the | | | | | | | |
| Cooperati | UNGC | | | | | | | |
| on and | principles | | | | | | | |
| Developm | or OECD | | | | | | | |
| ent | Guidelines | | | | | | | |
| (OECD) | for | | | | | | | |
| Guidelines | Multinatio | | | | | | | |
| for | nal | | | | | | | |
| Multinatio | Enterprises | | | | | | | |
| nal | | | | | | | | |
| Enterprise | | | | | | | | |
| S | | | | | | | | |
| 14. | Share of | | 0.00 | 91.34% | 0.00 | 88.04% | 0.00% | 85.96% |
| Exposure | investment | Percenta | % | | % | | | |
| to | s in | ge | | | | | | |
| controvers | investee | | | | | | | |
| ial | companies | | | | | | | |
| weapons | involved in | | | | | | | |
| (anti- | the | | | | | | | |
| personnel | manufactu | | | | | | | |
| mines, | re or | | | | | | | |
| cluster | selling of | | | | | | | |
| munitions, | controvers | | | | | | | |

| chemical | ial | | | | |
|------------|---------|--|--|--|--|
| weapons | weapons | | | | |
| and | | | | | |
| biological | | | | | |
| weapons) | | | | | |
| . , | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |

On environmental topics, PAIs show improvement between previous periods and 2024:

- Overall, PAIs related to GHG emissions, carbon footprint and GHG intensity decreased between 2023 and 2024 apart from indicators taking into account scope 3 emissions. For banks and financial institutions, Scope 3 Category 15 (financed emissions) accounts for the majority of emissions. However, these emissions are highly volatile, often not consistently reported, and challenging to estimate accurately. This makes comparison across period challenging. The share of companies without carbon emission reduction initiatives slightly increased.
- We maintained no exposure to companies active in the fossil fuel sector as well as those negatively affecting biodiversity-sensitive areas.

On social topics, PAIs are stable, and we have no exposure to companies in violations of the UNGC and OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises, nor exposure to controversial weapons.

Overall, coverage levels of PAIs increased for all indicators.



What were the top investments of this financial product?

The list includes the investments constituting the greatest proportion of investments as of 31/12/2024

| Largest Investments | BICS Sector | % Assets | Country |
|---------------------------------|--------------------|----------|----------------|
| PERMANENT TSB 13 1/4 CoCo | | | |
| Perp C10/27 | Banks | 1.43% | Ireland |
| ATHORA 6.75 C05/31 Perp | Life Insurance | 1.36% | Netherlands |
| LLOYDS 8 1/2 CoCo Perp Call | | | |
| 09/27 | Banks | 1.31% | United Kingdom |
| | Property & | | |
| FIDELIDADE 7.75 C05/29 RT1 Perp | Casualty Insurance | 1.29% | Portugal |
| UNICAJA 4 7/8 CoCo Perp Call | | | |
| 11/26 | Banks | 1.28% | Spain |
| BCP 8.125 C01/29 AT1 Perp | Banks | 1.27% | Portugal |
| NATIONWIDE 5.75 C12/27 CoCo- | | | |
| PERP | Banks | 1.23% | United Kingdom |
| BFF BANK 4.75 03/29 | Financial Services | 1.17% | Italy |
| CAIXABANK 7.5 CO1/30 AT1 Perp | Banks | 1.17% | Spain |
| IBERCAJA 9.125 CoCo Perp Call | | | |
| 01/28 | Banks | 1.16% | Spain |

| COVENTRY 8.75 PERP AT1 C06/29 | Banks | 1.15% | United Kingdom |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|-------|----------------|
| ERSTE 7 CO4/31 AT1 Perp | Banks | 1.13% | Austria |
| CREDIT AGRICOLE 7.25 CoCo Perp | | | |
| C09/28 | Diversified Banks | 1.12% | France |
| BANK OF CYPRUS 11 7/8 CoCo | | | |
| Perp C12/28 | Banks | 1.10% | Cyprus |
| BANKINTER 6.25 PERP C01/26 | Banks | 1.08% | Spain |

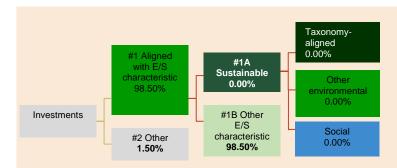


What was the proportion of sustainability-related investments?

The proportion of the Sub-Fund aligned with sustainable investment objectives was 0%.

What was the asset allocation?

Asset allocation describes the share of investments in specific assets.



- **#1** Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.
- **#2** Other includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

The category **#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics** covers:

- The sub-category **#1A Sustainable** covers environmentally and socially sustainable investments.
- The sub-category **#1B Other E/S characteristics** covers investments aligned with the environmental or social characteristics that do not qualify as sustainable investments

We take into consideration Taxonomy alignment as a criteria for our sustainable investment contribution. However, as the methodology of counting for Sustainable Investment (pass/fail test) is different than prescribed methodology for Taxonomy alignment computation, and to avoid double counting, we do not report this contribution as Taxonomy-aligned in the graph above. For details on Taxonomy-alignment, please refer to the dedicated questions.

In which economic sectors were the investments made?

To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for fossil gas include limitations on emissions and switching to fully renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For nuclear energy, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules.

Enabling activities directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective.

Transitional activities are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.

| BICS Industry | BICS Sector | % Assets |
|------------------|----------------------------------|-------------|
| Financials | Banks | 68.40% |
| Financials | Diversified Banks | 14.84% |
| Financials | Financial Services | 6.97% |
| Financials | Life Insurance | 4.53% |
| Financials | Property & Casualty Insurance | 3.06% |
| Financials | Consumer Finance | 0.71% |

The breakdown was performed with the BICS level 2 classification as it is the most granular data available for all investments.



To what extent were the sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The Sub-Fund is not currently committed to making sustainable investments within the meaning of the EU Taxonomy.

Did the financial product invest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related activities complying with the EU Taxonomy⁴?

| | Yes: | | |
|---|------|---------------|-------------------|
| | | In fossil gas | In nuclear energy |
| × | No | | |

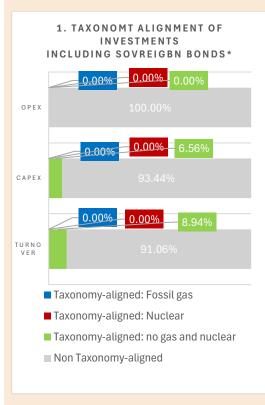
⁴ Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.

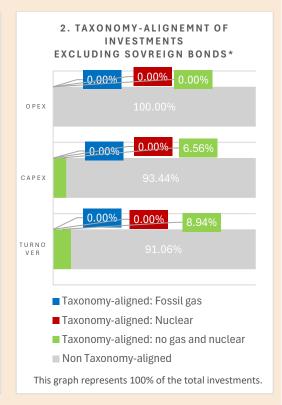
Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

- turnover
 reflecting the
 share of revenue
 from green
 activities of
 investee
 companies.
- capital
 expenditure
 (CapEx) showing
 the green
 investments made
 by investee
 companies, e.g. for
 a transition to a
 green economy.
- operational expenditure (OpEx) reflecting green operational activities of investee companies.

are sustainable investments with an environmental objective that do not take into account the criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities under Regulation (EU) 2020/852.

The graphs below show in green the percentage of investments that were aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds*, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds.



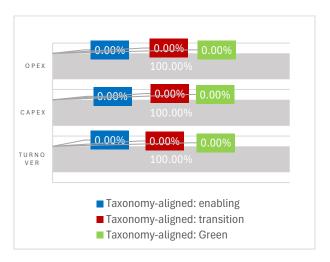


- * For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures.
 - What was the share of investments made in transitional and enabling activities?



How did the percentage of investments that were aligned with the EU Taxonomy compare with previous reference periods?

There have been no changes to the share of investments that were aligned with the EU Taxonomy between 2023 and 2024.



2023 Share of investments made in transitional, enabling, and green activities



What was the share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

Not applicable as this Sub-Fund promotes environmental and social characteristics but does not make any sustainable investment.



What was the share of socially sustainable investments?

Not applicable as this Sub-Fund promotes environmental and social characteristics but does not make any socially sustainable investment.



What investments were included under "other", what was their purpose and were there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

Other investments include cash and cash equivalent as well as bonds and other debt securities issued by public or quasi-public issuers, deposits held on an ancillary basis, derivative instruments for hedging purposes, and securities whose performances are swapped via TRS over a period exceeding one month. As such, they are not subject to any minimum environmental or social safeguards.



What actions have been taken to meet the environmental and/or social characteristics during the reference period?

The following actions were carried out by Tikehau Capital in 2024 to meet the environmental and social characteristics during the pre- and investment phases of the reporting period:

1. Net Zero

- As part of Tikehau's commitment to the Net Zero Asset Managers (NZAM) initiative, interim targets for each business line have been set and developed using methodologies derived from the Net Zero Investment Framework (NZIF). For the Capital Markets Strategies business line, the NZIF portfolio coverage approach was used to set targets of 50% of in-scope AuM to be net zero or aligned to net zero by 2030. The in-scope AuM includes all SFDR Article 8 and 9 funds within the scope of the target.
- The NZIF approach defines five categories, each a progressive step towards alignment with a net zero pathway, "Not Aligned", "Committed to Aligning", "Aligning", "Aligned" and "Net Zero". The portfolio coverage target aims to transition portfolios towards issuers that are categorised as net zero or aligned to net zero, as determined by a set of backward- and forward-looking indicators. Issuers that are aligning to net zero or committed to aligning are issuers that are in earlier stages in their net zero journey.

2. ESG integration

- Following the decision of Tikehau Capital to strengthen its ESG rating tool, ESG scores have been based on S&P Global methodologies since January 2024:
 - i. S&P Global's CSA (Corporate Sustainability Assessment) measures the performance and management of a company's material ESG risks, opportunities, and impacts, based on a combination of information reported by the company, of media and stakeholder analysis, of modelling approaches and of in-depth company engagement.
 - ii. The "Provisional CSA Fundamental Score", adapted for companies not covered by S&P, measures the performance of a company and its management of significant ESG risks, opportunities, and impacts, based on a combination of information provided by the company and, where applicable, by due diligence work by Tikehau Capital's research and/or investment teams or third-party consultants.
 - These quantitative ESG scores are then classified into the following 3 categories:
 - Acceptable ESG risk,
 - · Medium ESG risk, and
 - · High ESG risk.
 - Only investments in issuers that represent an acceptable ESG risk are allowed without prior internal approval. Issuers with a medium ESG risk are subject to review by the Compliance-Risk-ESG working group, which provides recommendations on the investment according to their respective area of expertise. Investments representing a high ESG risk are excluded. This approach is aligned with the process applicable prior to January 2024.

3. Monitoring of ESG constraints

- Starting from May 2024, the Weighted Average Carbon Intensity of the Sub-Fund is calculated only on scopes 1 & 2. Indeed, there are practical challenges with reporting, estimation, and calculation of scope 3 data, which has led to a fragmented data landscape that lacks coverage and quality across the investable universe. Whilst the data is improving, including due to notable efforts by a few industry actors, we found that it was often inconsistent and very volatile from one reporting year to another. Particularly, banks have exceptionally volatile scope 3 emissions, which can disproportionately skew results when in portfolio. We have therefore decided to work only with aggregated data at scope 1 & 2 level.
- Two internal monitoring tools were developed and rolled out to automatise the tracking of the key environmental and social characteristics promoted by the Sub-Fund, including carbon metrics.

The incorrect configuration of our system, following the benchmark change used for comparing the fund's WACI, went undetected until March 2025. The operational incident will be documented, and an action plan is currently being defined.

4. Exclusions

- The Group's exclusion policy has been updated to include the upstream and midstream palm oil value chain.
- In addition, a list of sensitive sectors for investment monitoring was added and a sustainability monitoring list for automated screening based on the Sustainability Risk Monitoring Policy was created.
- Additional third-party data providers were added to monitor our exclusions and additional controls to identify companies that would be subject to sector or controversial exclusions have been rolled out.

5. Controverses

Tikehau Capital pays particular attention to anticipating and monitoring controversies. A Tikehau Investment Management - Controversy Management Committee was created in April 2024 to complement the existing process. This committee oversees the monitoring and review of controversies of existing investments and makes recommendations to the investment team. This committee consists of compliance, risk, ESG, research and investment teams.

6. Vote and engagement

- The voting and engagement process was reviewed and strengthened:
 - I. the Voting & Engagement Policy was reviewed, and additional guidelines were developed regarding our voting instructions on environmental, social and governance topics.

II. CMS internal process for evaluating and validating votes that are not casted in accordance with proxy voting recommendations was reinforced over the period.

At Sub-Fund level, the following actions were taken to meet the environmental and social characteristics:

In the pre-investment process, issuer selection has been key to ensure the respect of the sustainability indicators set out by the Sub-Fund. All potential issuers went through the same process of analysis to ensure they did not breach sectoral or norm-based exclusion criteria, present the appropriate level of ESG risk and in a range of emissions intensity, consistent with the investment universe's WACI.

Throughout the reporting period, the Sub-Fund held one company with an elevated controversy score assigned by our third-party data provider. The case has been reviewed by the Controversy Management Committee. It was decided that the company should remain under heightened monitoring while maintaining the existing investment position.



How did this financial product perform compared to the reference benchmark?

Not applicable.

- How does the reference benchmark differ from a broad market index?
 Not applicable.
- How did this financial product perform with regard to the sustainability indicators to determine the alignment of the reference benchmark with the environmental or social characteristics promoted?

Not applicable.

- How did this financial product perform compared with the reference benchmark?
 Not applicable.
- How did this financial product perform compared with the broad market index?
 Not applicable.

Reference benchmarks are indexes to measure whether the financial product attains the environmental or social

characteristics that they promote.

Template periodic disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Product name: Tikehau Short Duration (the "Sub-Fund") **Legal entity identifier:**222100NO05MKDQ2SJ018

Environmental and/or social characteristics

Sustainable investment means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices.

The **EU Taxonomy** is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of environmentally sustainable economic activities. That Regulation does not include a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the

Taxonomy or not.

| Did this financial product have a sustainable investment objective? | | | | | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Yes | • No | | | | | | | |
| investments with an environmental objective:% in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy | It promoted Environmental/Social (E/S) characteristics and while it did not have as its objective a sustainable investment, it had a proportion of 23% of sustainable investments with an environmental objective in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with an environmental objective in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with a social objective | | | | | | | |
| It made sustainable investments with a social objective:% | It promoted E/S characteristics, but did not make any sustainable investments | | | | | | | |

Please refer to Tikehau SFDR periodic disclosure calculations for more details about data sources, methodologies, and limitations

To what extent were the environmental and/or social characteristics promoted by this financial product met?

The Sub-Fund promotes the following environmental/social characteristics:

- 1. The Sub-Fund promotes companies that are making carbon efficiency efforts, seeking to outperform the weighted average carbon intensity of its Index.
- 2. The Sub-Fund promotes certain minimum environmental and social safeguards through applying exclusion criteria with regards to products and business practices that have been demonstrated to have negative impacts on the environment or society.

- 3. The Sub-Fund promotes business practices that uphold the United Nations Global Compact (UNGC) and OECD guidelines for Multinational Enterprises, avoiding companies that violate these principles.
- 4. The Sub-Fund refrains from investing in companies embedding a high ESG risk and places limitations on investments in companies with a medium ESG risk. Investments in companies classified as medium ESG risk are subject to a review by the Compliance-Risk-ESG working group, leveraging their specific expertise. This working group issues a favourable or unfavourable opinion, which will be considered for investment decision.

The Sub-Fund promotes Environmental/Social (E/S) characteristics and while it does not have as its objective a sustainable investment, it will have a minimum proportion of 10 % of sustainable investments.

How did the sustainability indicators perform?

During the reference period (2024), we collected the following information on the sustainability indicators of the Sub-Fund:

Sustainability Metric Unit Value in 2024 Comment indicator (annual average) Weighted Weighted Tons CO2e / - Sub-Fund: 61 The Sub-Fund met the Million Euros - Benchmark: primary objective of the average average non-financial approach, Revenue carbon carbon 168 which is to ensure that the intensity - Result: fund is intensity WACI of the fund is at (WACI) of (annual 64% lower than least 20% lower than that fund average) Benchmark of its Benchmark. compared to its Benchmark¹ Number of holdings in the Fund found to be 0 The Sub-Fund did not in breach of the Exclusion Policy adopted by invest in companies in breach of the Exclusion the Tikehau Capital Group Policy. Number of companies that are in violation 0 The Sub-Fund did not invest in companies in of UNGC and OECD guidelines violations of UNGC and OECD guidelines. Split per At least 90% of companies **Proprietary** Percentage - Acceptable were scored and the Sub-ESG profile level of (out of ESG risk: Fund did not invest in Score of ESG risk investments 92.66% companies with a high ESG companies in promoting E/S - Medium ESG risk. portfolio² characteristics) risk: 1.51%

Sustainability
indicators measure
how the
environmental or
social
characteristics
promoted by the
financial product
are attained.

 $^{^{1}}$ The Fund's and benchmark's WACI are now measured on scopes 1 & 2, compared to previous periods which were on scopes 1, 2 & 3.

² The methodology for ESG scores changed in 2024 and are now classified in different categories compared to previous periods.

| - High ESG risk: 0.00% | |
|---------------------------|--|
| - Not score: | |
| 5.83% | |

The Sub-Fund's non-financial objectives were largely met in 2024. The Fund's WACI remained far below the 20% objective compared to the Benchmark.

There were no cases of companies in breach of the Exclusion Policy nor companies in violation of the UNGC and OECD guidelines in 2024.

Since January 2024, ESG scores have been based on a third-party's methodology, which has introduced new scoring categories compared to the previous reporting periods. During the reporting period, the Fund mostly invested in companies with an "Acceptable ESG Risk", and over 90% of companies were scored.

...and compared to previous periods?

| Sustainability | Metric | Unit | Value in 2023 | Value in 2022 |
|------------------|----------------|------------------|-------------------|----------------------------|
| indicator | | | | |
| Weighted | Weighted | Tons CO2e / | - Sub-Fund: 751 | - Sub-Fund: 879 |
| average | average | Million Euros | - Investment | - Investment universe: |
| carbon | carbon | Revenue | universe: 1,653 | 1,664 |
| intensity | intensity | | - Result: Sub- | - Result: Sub-Fund is |
| (WACI) of | (annual | | Fund is 55% | 47% lower than |
| fund | average) | | lower than | investment universe |
| compared to | | | investment | |
| its investment | | | universe | |
| universe | | | | |
| Number of hold | ings in the Fu | und found to be | 0 | 0 |
| in breach of the | Exclusion Po | licy adopted by | | |
| the Tikehau Cap | ital Group | | | |
| Number of com | panies that a | re in violation | 0 | 0 |
| of UNGC and OF | CD guideline | es | | |
| Proprietary | Split per | Percentage | - ESG | - ESG opportunity: 12% |
| ESG profile | level of | (out of | opportunity: | - Moderate ESG risk: |
| Score of | ESG risk | investments | 13% | 67% |
| companies in | | promoting E/S | - Moderate ESG | - Average ESG risk: 15% |
| portfolio | | characteristics) | risk: | - Material ESG risk: 1% |
| | | | 68% | - Significant ESG risk: 0% |
| | | | - Average ESG | - Not scored: 5% |
| | | | risk: 12% | |
| | | | | |
| | | | - Material ESG | |
| | | | risk: | |
| | | | 0.17% | |
| | | | - Significant ESG | |
| | | | risk: 0% | |
| | | | - Not scored: | |
| | | | 6% | |

The Sub-Fund's non-financial objectives were met in 2022 and 2023. No comparison can be made between previous periods and 2024 in terms of WACI. In fact, since May 2024, the Sub-Fund's WACI has been calculated on Scopes 1 & 2 due to the practical challenges of reporting, estimating, and calculating Scope 3 data. Comparisons on this indicator will start again from the next period.

There were no case of companies in breach of the Exclusion Policy nor companies in violation of the UNGC and OECD guidelines in 2022, 2023 and 2024.

The split per ESG score remained stable between 2022 and 2023. Due to the change in methodology of ESG profile scores between the previous periods and 2024, no direct comparison can be made. However, 2024 had a majority of ESG scores that were "acceptable", the lowest risk category.

What were the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially made and how did the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?

As from 30 January 2024, the Sub-Fund contemplates to making sustainable investments in companies that aim at positively contributing to different social and environmental objectives through their products and services, as well as their practices in line with recognised frameworks. The Group methodology incorporates various criteria into its definition of contribution to take into account the various dimension of environmental and social objectives that can be contributed to.

In practice, based on a pass-fail approach, the Sub-Fund shall consider that an company has a positive contribution (a "Positive Contributor") to the extent that, at company's level at least one of the criteria described below:

- Aligning with at least one of the United Nations' Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) – Alignment of a Positive Contributor is verified through a pass-failed test pursuant to which a minimum threshold of company's revenues or Opex/Capex must be contributing to one of the SDGs.
- Aligning with the European Taxonomy Alignment of a Positive Contributor
 is verified through a pass-failed test pursuant to which a minimum
 threshold of company's shares of revenues or Opex/Capex must be aligned
 with the European Taxonomy.
- Aligning with a Net Zero Framework Alignment of a Positive Contributor
 is verified through a pass-failed test pursuant to which the company must
 meet a certain decarbonisation status. The Management Company has
 selected eligible status defined by the Institutional Investors Group on
 Client Change (IIGCC) Net Zero Investment Framework. The pass-fail test
 performed by the Management Company relies on a qualitative analysis
 considering elements such as the companies' emission reduction targets,
 and carbon footprint.

Aligning with best environmental and social practices - Alignment of a
Positive Contributor is verified through a pass-failed test pursuant to which
(i) the company must be considered "best in class" in its sector on
recognised KPIs such as one Principal Adverse Impact taken into account by
the Sub-Fund and (ii) the company's ESG Score must be above its sector
average.

These criteria may be amended at a later date to take into account improvements, for example in data availability and reliability, or any developments, including, but not limited to, regulations or other external benchmarks or initiatives.

Finally, companies identified as Positive Contributors may only be qualified as sustainable investment to the cumulative conditions that (i) they must not significantly undermine other environmental or social objectives (so called "do no significantly harm principle" or "DNSH") and (ii) they must apply good corporate governance practices.

More details about the Group Sustainable Investment Framework in particular the methodology, thresholds and data source is available on the Group Sustainable Investing Charter:

https://www.tikehaucapital.com/~/media/Files/T/TikehauCapital/publications/richarter-en-2017-12-06.pdfhttps://www.tikehaucapital.com

How did the sustainable investments that the financial product partially made not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

To ensure the sustainable investments comply with the DNSH in relation with any environmental or social sustainable investment objective, two pillars are used:

- The first pillar relies on the Exclusion Policy, which applies to any investment and covers the following topics that are directly related to some mandatory PAI indicators in Annex 1, Table 1 of the RTS of the SFDR: Controversial weapons, Violations of UN Global Compact principles, and Fossil Fuel involvement (coal and oil and gas).
- The second pillar is based on a DNSH test based on mandatory PAI indicators in Annex 1, Table 1 of the RTS of the SFDR where robust data is available. We focus on PAI 3 and 13.

How were the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors taken into account?

To ensure that the sustainable investments comply with the DNSH in relation with any environmental or social sustainable investment objective, the Sub-Fund shall take into account indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors belonging to the two following pillars:

Principal adverse impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anticorruption and antibribery matters.

The first pillar relies on exclusions and covers the following topics:

Controversial weapons, Violations of UN Global Compact principles, and Fossil fuel involvement (coal and oil and gas).

The second pillar relies on a DNSH test based on mandatory PAI indicators where robust data is available. The combination of the following indicators must be met to pass the DNSH test:

- GHG intensity: the company does not belong to the last decile compared to other companies within its sector
- Board diversity: the company does not belong to the last decile compared to other companies within its sector
- Controverses: the company is cleared of informed and verified controversy in relation to work conditions and human rights, environment, labour rights and corruption.

Were sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details:

The OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights are integrated into the Exclusion Policy. Furthermore, the Management Company conducts controversy monitoring on a, at minimum, quarterly basis which includes companies identified for human rights violations. The analysis is based on the data from external provider. When controversies arise, an internal working group composed of team members from the Compliance, Risk and ESG teams is consulted is consulted to determine the best course of action based on their area expertise. The DNSH criteria also encompass a pass-fail test on controversies which include work conditions and human rights.

The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific Union criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.



How did this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

| Adverse sustainabi lity indicator | Metric | Unit | Value 2024 | Coverage 2024 | Value 2023 | Coverage 2023 | Value 2022 | Coverage 2022 |
|--|--|--|---------------|------------------|---------------|------------------|---------------|------------------|
| 1. GHG emissions | Scope 1 GHG emission s | Tons CO2e / Million Euros Enterprise Value | 68,183 | 77.94% | 57,964 | 78.00% | 116,5 31 | 77.18% |
| | Scope 2 GHG emission s | Tons CO2e / Million Euros Enterprise Value | 15,326 | 77.94% | 16,889 | 78.00% | 19,78 1 | 77.18% |
| | Scope 3 GHG emission s | Tons CO2e / Million Euros Enterprise Value | 1,092,0 23 | 77.94% | 666,43 6 | 78.00% | 977,5 21 | 77.18% |
| | Total GHG emission s scope 1 & 2 | Tons CO2e / Million Euros Enterprise Value | 83,509 | 77.94% | 74,853 | 78.00% | 136,3 12 | 77.18% |
| | Total GHG emission s scope 1,2 & 3 | Tons CO2e / Million Euros Enterprise Value | 1,175,5 32 | 77.94% | 741,29 0 | 78.00% | 1,113 ,834 | 77.18% |
| 2. Carbon footprint | Carbon footprint scope 1 & 2 | Tons CO2e / Million Euros Enterprise Value | 35 | 77.94% | 36 | 78.00% | 63 | 77.18% |
| | Carbon footprint | Tons CO2e / Million Euros | 495 | 77.94% | 363 | 78.00% | 514 | 77.18% |

| | scope 1,2 & 3 | Enterprise Value | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--------|--------|--------|--------|-----------|--------|
| | | Value | | | | | | |
| 3. GHG intensity of investee companies | GHG intensity of investee compani es scope 1 & 2 | Tons CO2e / Million Euros Revenue | 61 | 96.15% | 59 | 94.90% | 192 | 90.26% |
| | GHG intensity of investee compani es scope 1,2 & 3 | Tons CO2e / Million Euros Revenue | 1,246 | 96.15% | 774 | 94.90% | 939 | 95.17% |
| 4. | Share of | Danie | 1.86% | 85.89% | 1.50% | 88.87% | 4.06 | 90.90% |
| Exposure to companies active in the fossil fuel sector | investme nts in compani es active in the fossil fuel sector | Percentag e | | | | | % | |
| Optional | Share of | | 39,95% | 85.89% | 44.26% | 81.38% | 42.97 | 59.66% |
| 4. Investmen ts in companies without carbon emission reduction initiatives | compani es without Carbon Emission Reductio n initiative s | Percentag e | | | | | % | |
| 7. Activities negatively affecting biodiversit y- sensitive areas | Share of investme nts in investee compani es with sites/ope rations located in or near to biodivers ity-sensitive areas where activities | Percentag e | 0.00% | 82.89% | 0.00% | 88.49% | 0.00 % | 90.95% |

| | of those investee compani es negativel y affect those areas | | | | | | | |
|---|---|----------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|------------|--------|
| 10. Violations of UN Global Compact principles and Organisati on for Economic Cooperati on and Developm ent (OECD) Guidelines for Multinatio nal Enterprise s | Share of investme nts in investee compani es that have been involved in violation s of the UNGC principle s or OECD Guidelin es for Multinati onal Enterpris es | Percentag e | 0.00% | 85.89% | 0.00% | 88.49% | 0.00 % | 90.95% |
| 13.Manag ement and supervisor y board gender diversity | Average ratio of female to male manage ment and supervis ory board members in investee companies, expresse das a percentage of all board members | Percentag | 18.95% | 46.99% | 16.10% | 40.14% | 10.57 % | 26.97% |

| 14. | Share of | | 0.00% | 86.95% | 0.00% | 89.17% | 0.00 | 90.95% |
|------------|------------|-----------|-------|--------|-------|--------|------|--------|
| Exposure | investme | Percentag | | | | | % | |
| to | nts in | e | | | | | | |
| controvers | investee | | | | | | | |
| ial | compani | | | | | | | |
| weapons | es | | | | | | | |
| (anti- | involved | | | | | | | |
| personnel | in the | | | | | | | |
| mines, | manufact | | | | | | | |
| cluster | ure or | | | | | | | |
| munitions, | selling of | | | | | | | |
| chemical | controve | | | | | | | |
| weapons | rsial | | | | | | | |
| and | weapons | | | | | | | |
| biological | | | | | | | | |
| weapons) | | | | | | | | |

On environmental topics, PAIs show improvement between 2023 and 2024:

- Overall, PAIs related to GHG emissions, carbon footprint and GHG intensity increased between the previous periods and 2024. This move is correlated to the sectoral exposure of the Sub-Fund to more carbon intensive sectors, such as Industrial Other. The share of companies without carbon emission reduction initiatives slightly reduced in 2024.
- The PAI related to Fossil fuel involvement very slightly increased in 2024. The Sub-Fund's exposures are related to companies from the Utilities, Chemicals and Automobiles Manufacturing sectors. These exposures are consistent with Tikehau Exclusion policy, which relies on Urgewald Global Coal Exclusion List and Urgewald Oil and Gas Exclusion List. The definition of the PAI maintained by our external provider encompasses a wider scope than our exclusion policy³. Consequently, reported exposure to fossil fuels involvement in 2024 persists, despite the absence of any violations of our exclusion policy.
- We maintained no exposure to companies negatively affecting biodiversitysensitive areas.

On social topics, PAIs are stable, and we have no exposure to companies in violations of the UNGC and OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises, nor exposure to controversial weapons. In addition, the Average ratio of female to male management and supervisory board members increased over all three periods.

 ^{3 &}quot;Companies that derive any revenues from exploration, mining, extraction, distribution or refining of hard coal and lignite;

ii. companies that derive any revenues from the exploration, extraction, distribution (including transportation, storage and trade) or refining of liquid fossil fuels; and

iii. companies that derive any revenues from exploring and extracting fossil gaseous fuels or from their dedicated distribution (including transportation, storage and trade)"



What were the top investments of this financial product?

The list includes the investments constituting the greatest proportion of investments of the financial product as of 31/12/2024.

| Largest Investments | BICS Sector | % Assets | Country |
|--|--|----------|----------------|
| PPF TELECOM 3.125 03/26 | Wireless Telecommunications Services | 1.02% | Netherlands |
| VIRGIN MONEY 5.125 12/30 C12/25 | Banks | 0.96% | United Kingdom |
| IKB 4 01/28 | Banks | 0.93% | Germany |
| THYSSEN ELEVATOR 4.375 07/27 | Electrical Equipment Manufacturing | 0.81% | Germany |
| BIL FRN E+100 05/27 | Banks | 0.81% | Luxembourg |
| JEFFERIES FRN E+80 07/26 | Financial Services | 0.80% | United-States |
| SAMSONITE 3.5 05/26 | Apparel & Textile Products | 0.80% | United-States |
| STANDARD CHARTERED 2.5 09/30 C09/25 | Diversified Banks | 0.80% | United Kingdom |
| EIRCOM 3.5 05/26 | Wireline Telecommunications Services | 0.80% | Ireland |
| CREDIT AGRICOLE 1.625 06/30 | Diversified Banks | 0.80% | France |
| COMMERZBANK 6.125 PERP AT1 C10/25 | Banks | 0.72% | Germany |
| TECHEM 6 07/26 | Industrial Other | 0.72% | Germany |
| IGT 3.5 06/26 | Casinos & Gaming | 0.72% | United Kingdom |
| CAJAMAR 8 09/26 C09/25 | Banks | 0.72% | Spain |
| KILOUTOU 3.375 12/26 | Industrial Other | 0.71% | France |

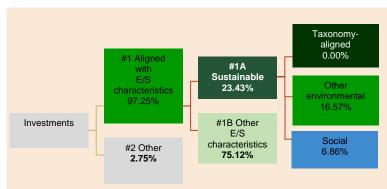


What was the proportion of sustainability-related investments?

The proportion of the Sub-Fund aligned with sustainable investment objectives was 23%.

What was the asset allocation?

Asset allocation describes the share of investments in specific assets.



- **#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics** includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.
- **#2** Other includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

The category #1 Aligned with E/S characteristics covers:

- The sub-category #1A Sustainable covers environmentally and socially sustainable investments.
- The sub-category **#1B Other E/S characteristics** covers investments aligned with the environmental or social characteristics that do not qualify as sustainable investments

We take into consideration Taxonomy alignment as a criteria for our sustainable investment contribution. However, as the methodology of counting for Sustainable Investment (pass/fail test) is different than prescribed methodology for Taxonomy alignment computation, and to avoid double counting, we do not report this contribution as Taxonomy-aligned in the graph above. For details on Taxonomy-alignment, please refer to the dedicated questions.

In which economic sectors were the investments made?

| BICS Industry | BICS Sector | % Assets |
|------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------|
| Financials | Banks | 32.17% |
| Financials | Diversified Banks | 8.51% |
| Industrials | Industrial Other | 4.27% |
| Consumer Discretionary | Casinos & Gaming | 4.09% |
| Communications | Wireless Telecommunications Services | 3.47% |
| Financials | Financial Services | 3.39% |
| Consumer Discretionary | Retail - Consumer Discretionary | 2.96% |
| Consumer Discretionary | Automobiles Manufacturing | 2.77% |
| Consumer Staples | Food & Beverage | 2.50% |
| Consumer Discretionary | Auto Parts Manufacturing | 2.10% |
| Financials | Consumer Finance | 2.08% |
| Consumer Discretionary | Consumer Services | 1.81% |

To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for fossil gas include limitations on emissions and switching to fully renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For nuclear energy, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules.

Enabling activities directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective.

Transitional activities are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.

| Materials | Chemicals | 1.71% |
|------------------------|---|-------|
| Industrials | Transportation & Logistics | 1.71% |
| Communications | Cable & Satellite | 1.60% |
| Consumer Discretionary | Apparel & Textile Products | 1.43% |
| Health Care | Health Care Facilities & Services | 1.43% |
| Industrials | Airlines | 1.39% |
| Consumer Staples | Consumer Products | 1.31% |
| Technology | Software & Services | 1.25% |
| Industrials | Electrical Equipment Manufacturing | 1.22% |
| Communications | Wireline Telecommunications Services | 1.20% |
| Utilities | Utilities | 0.99% |
| Consumer Discretionary | Restaurants | 0.97% |
| Health Care | Pharmaceuticals | 0.95% |
| Financials | Life Insurance | 0.88% |
| Communication Services | Entertainment Content | 0.67% |
| Technology | Semiconductors | 0.63% |
| Utilities | Power Generation | 0.60% |
| Consumer Staples | Consumer Staple Products | 0.60% |
| Materials | Construction Materials Manufacturing | 0.52% |
| Materials | Containers & Packaging | 0.47% |
| Financials | Commercial Finance | 0.44% |
| Industrials | Industrial Products | 0.43% |
| Consumer Discretionary | Educational Services | 0.41% |
| Health Care | Medical Equipment & Devices Manufacturing | 0.40% |
| Utilities | Renewable Energy | 0.39% |
| Energy | Oil & Gas Services & Equipment | 0.39% |
| Materials | Metals & Mining | 0.38% |
| Communication Services | Internet Media | 0.38% |
| Consumer Staples | Supermarkets & Pharmacies | 0.28% |
| Communication Services | Entertainment Resources | 0.22% |
| Consumer Staples | Mass Merchants | 0.21% |
| Real Estate | Real Estate | 0.20% |
| Energy | Pipeline | 0.19% |
| Industrials | Aerospace & Defense | 0.19% |
| Financials | Insurance | 0.18% |
| Financials | Property & Casualty Insurance | 0.17% |
| Consumer Discretionary | Travel & Lodging | 0.15% |
| Materials | Materials | 0.12% |
| Consumer Discretionary | Consumer Discretionary Services | 0.04% |

The breakdown was performed with the BICS level 2 classification as it is the most granular data available for all investments.



To what extent were the sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The Sub-Fund is not currently committed to making sustainable investments within the meaning of the EU Taxonomy.

| | | ncial product in nplying with the | t in fossii gas and/or Taxonomy⁴? | nuciear | energy | relate |
|---|------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------|--------|--------|
| | Yes: | | | | | |
| | | In fossil gas | In nuclear energy | | | |
| × | No | | | | | |

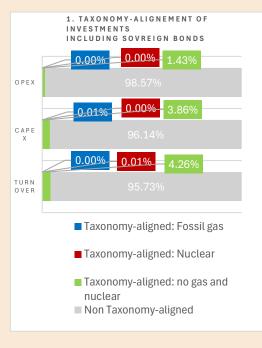
⁴ Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective - see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.

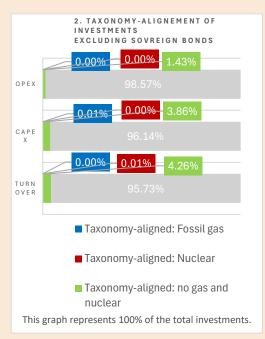
Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

- turnover
 reflecting the
 share of revenue
 from green
 activities of
 investee
 companies.
- capital
 expenditure
 (CapEx) showing
 the green
 investments made
 by investee
 companies, e.g. for
 a transition to a
 green economy.
- operational expenditure (OpEx) reflecting green operational activities of investee companies.

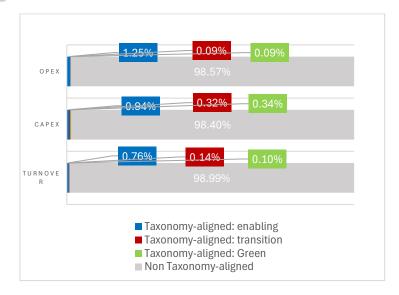
are sustainable investments with an environmental objective that do not take into account the criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities under Regulation (EU) 2020/852.

The graphs below show in green the percentage of investments that were aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds*, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds.



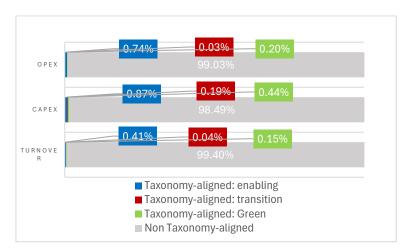


- * For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures.
 - What was the share of investments made in transitional and enabling activities?



How did the percentage of investments that were aligned with the EU Taxonomy compare with previous reference periods?

Overall, the proportion of investments aligned with the EU Taxonomy remained relatively low, which makes comments on progress or evolution less significant.



2023 Share of investments made in transitional, enabling, and green activities



What was the share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

16.57%: this number represents investments satisfying DNSH and good governance tests with a positive contribution on one of more of the following:

- Aligning with at least one of the United Nations' Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)
- Aligning with the European Taxonomy
- Aligning with a Net Zero Framework
- Aligning with best environmental and social practices.



What was the share of socially sustainable investments?

6.86%: this number represents investments satisfying DNSH and good governance tests with a positive contribution only the following criteria: Aligning with best social practices.



What investments were included under "other", what was their purpose and were there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

Other investments include cash and cash equivalent as well as bonds and other debt securities issued by public or quasi-public issuers, deposits held on an ancillary basis, derivative instruments for hedging purposes, and securities whose performances are swapped via TRS over a period exceeding one month. As such, they are not subject to any minimum environmental or social safeguards.



What actions have been taken to meet the environmental and/or social characteristics during the reference period?

The following actions were carried out by Tikehau Capital in 2024 to meet the environmental and social characteristics during the pre- and investment phases of the reporting period:

Net Zero

- As part of Tikehau's commitment to the Net Zero Asset Managers (NZAM) initiative, interim targets for each business line have been set and developed using methodologies derived from the Net Zero Investment Framework (NZIF). For the Capital Markets Strategies business line, the NZIF portfolio coverage approach was used to set targets of 50% of in-scope AuM to be net zero or aligned to net zero by 2030. The in-scope AuM includes all SFDR Article 8 and 9 funds within the scope of the target.
- The NZIF approach defines five categories, each a progressive step towards alignment with a net zero pathway, "Not Aligned", "Committed to Aligning", "Aligning", "Aligned" and "Net Zero". The portfolio coverage target aims to transition portfolios towards issuers that are categorised as net zero or aligned to net zero, as determined by a set of backward- and forward-looking indicators. Issuers that are aligning to net zero or committed to aligning are issuers that are in earlier stages in their net zero journey.

2. ESG integration

- Following the decision of Tikehau Capital to strengthen its ESG rating tool, ESG scores have been based on S&P Global methodologies since January 2024:
 - i. S&P Global's CSA (Corporate Sustainability Assessment) measures the performance and management of a company's material ESG risks, opportunities, and impacts, based on a combination of information reported by the company, of media and stakeholder analysis, of modelling approaches and of in-depth company engagement.
 - ii. The "Provisional CSA Fundamental Score", adapted for companies not covered by S&P, measures the performance of a company and its management of significant ESG risks, opportunities, and impacts, based on a combination of information provided by the company and, where applicable, by due diligence work by Tikehau Capital's research and/or investment teams or third-party consultants.

- These quantitative ESG scores are then classified into the following 3 categories:
 - Acceptable ESG risk,
 - Medium ESG risk, and
 - High ESG risk.
- Only investments in issuers that represent an acceptable ESG risk are allowed without prior internal approval. Issuers with a medium ESG risk are subject to review by the Compliance-Risk-ESG working group, which provides recommendations on the investment according to their respective area of expertise. Investments representing a high ESG risk are excluded. This approach is aligned with the process applicable prior to January 2024.

3. Monitoring of ESG constraints

- Starting from May 2024, the Weighted Average Carbon Intensity of the Sub-Fund is calculated only on scopes 1 & 2. Indeed, there are practical challenges with reporting, estimation, and calculation of scope 3 data, which has led to a fragmented data landscape that lacks coverage and quality across the investable universe. Whilst the data is improving, including due to notable efforts by a few industry actors, we found that it was often inconsistent and very volatile from one reporting year to another. Particularly, banks have exceptionally volatile scope 3 emissions, which can disproportionately skew results when in portfolio. We have therefore decided to work only with aggregated data at scope 1 & 2 level.
- Two internal monitoring tools were developed and rolled out to automatise the tracking of the key environmental and social characteristics promoted by the Sub-Fund, including carbon metrics.

4. Exclusions

- The Group's exclusion policy has been updated to include the upstream and midstream palm oil value chain.
- In addition, a list of sensitive sectors for investment monitoring was added and a sustainability monitoring list for automated screening based on the Sustainability Risk Monitoring Policy was created.
- Additional third-party data providers were added to monitor our exclusions and additional controls to identify companies that would be subject to sector or controversial exclusions have been rolled out.

5. <u>Controverses</u>

Tikehau Capital pays particular attention to anticipating and monitoring controversies. A Tikehau Investment Management - Controversy Management Committee was created in April 2024 to complement the existing process. This committee oversees the monitoring and review of controversies of existing investments and makes recommendations to the investment team. This committee consists of compliance, risk, ESG, research and investment teams.

6. Vote and engagement

- The voting and engagement process was reviewed and strengthened:
 - the Voting & Engagement Policy was reviewed, and additional guidelines were developed regarding our voting instructions on environmental, social and governance topics.
 - ii. CMS internal process for evaluating and validating votes that are not casted in accordance with proxy voting recommendations was reinforced over the period.

At Sub-Fund level, the following actions were taken to meet the environmental and social characteristics:

In the pre-investment process, issuer selection has been key to ensure the respect of the sustainability indicators set out by the Sub-Fund. All potential issuers went through the same process of analysis to ensure they did not breach sectoral or norm-based exclusion criteria, present the appropriate level of ESG risk and in a range of emissions intensity, consistent with the investment universe's WACI.

Throughout the reporting period, the Sub-Fund held three companies with an elevated controversy score assigned by our third-party data provider. The cases have been reviewed by the Controversy Management Committee. It was decided that the companies should remain under heightened monitoring while maintaining the existing investment positions.

Reference benchmarks are indexes to measure whether the financial product attains the environmental or social characteristics that they

promote.



How did this financial product perform compared to the reference benchmark?

Not applicable.

- How does the reference benchmark differ from a broad market index?
 Not applicable.
- How did this financial product perform with regard to the sustainability indicators to determine the alignment of the reference benchmark with the environmental or social characteristics promoted?

Not applicable.

- How did this financial product perform compared with the reference benchmark?
 Not applicable.
- How did this financial product perform compared with the broad market index?`

Not applicable

Template periodic disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Product name: Tikehau International Cross Assets (the "Sub-Fund")

Legal entity identifier: 222100OBAZRAGG8J9P33

Environmental and/or social characteristics

Did this financial product have a sustainable investment objective? Yes No It made **sustainable** It promoted Environmental/Social (E/S) characteristics and investments with an while it did not have as its objective a environmental objective: ___% sustainable investment, it had a proportion of in economic activities that 23% of sustainable investments qualify as environmentally with an environmental objective in economic sustainable under the EU activities that qualify as environmentally Taxonomy sustainable under the EU Taxonomy in economic activities that do with an environmental objective in not qualify as environmentally economic activities that do not qualify as sustainable under the EU environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy Taxonomy with a social objective It made sustainable investments It promoted E/S characteristics, but **did not** with a social objective: ___% make any sustainable investments

Please refer to Tikehau SFDR periodic disclosure calculations for more details about data sources, methodologies, and limitations.

Sustainable investment means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices.

The EU Taxonomy is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of environmentally sustainable economic activities. That Regulation does not include a list of socially sustainable economic activities.

Sustainable

investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not.



To what extent were the environmental and/or social characteristics promoted by this financial product met?

The Sub-Fund promotes the following environmental/social characteristics:

- 1. The Sub-Fund promotes companies that are making carbon efficiency efforts, seeking to outperform the weighted average carbon intensity of its Index.
- 2. The Sub-Fund promotes certain minimum environmental and social safeguards through applying exclusion criteria with regards to products and business practices that have been demonstrated to have negative impacts on the environment or society.

- 3. The Sub-Fund promotes business practices that uphold the United Nations Global Compact (UNGC) and OECD guidelines for Multinational Enterprises, avoiding companies that violate these principles.
- 4. The Sub-Fund refrains from investing in companies embedding a high ESG risk and places limitations on investments in companies with a medium ESG risk. Investments in companies classified as medium ESG risk are subject to a review by the Compliance-Risk-ESG working group, leveraging their specific expertise. This working group issues a favourable or unfavourable opinion, which will be considered for investment decision.

The Sub-Fund promotes Environmental/Social (E/S) characteristics and while it does not have as its objective a sustainable investment, it will have a minimum proportion of 10 % of sustainable investments.

How did the sustainability indicators perform?

During the reference period (2024), we collected the following information on the sustainability indicators of the Sub-Fund:

Sustainability Metric Unit Value in 2024 Comment indicator (annual average) Weighted Weighted Tons CO2e / - Sub-Fund: The Sub-Fund met the primary objective of the 45² average average Million Euros non-financial approach, Revenue carbon carbon - Benchmark: which is to ensure that the intensity 105 intensity WACI of the Sub-Fund is at - Result: Sub-(WACI) of (annual least 20% lower than that fund average) Fund is 57% of its Benchmark. compared to lower than its Benchmark Benchmark ¹ Number of holdings in the Fund found to be in The Sub-Fund did not invest in companies in breach of the Exclusion Policy adopted by the breach of the Exclusion Tikehau Capital Group Policy. Number of companies that are in violation of 0 The Sub-Fund did not invest in companies in **UNGC** and OECD guidelines violations of UNGC and OECD guidelines. At least 90% of companies **Proprietary** Split per Percentage - Acceptable were scored and the Sublevel of ESG ESG profile (out of ESG risk: Fund did not invest in Score of risk investments 94.41% companies with a high ESG companies in promoting E/S - Medium ESG risk. portfolio³ characteristics) risk: 1.62% - High ESG risk: 0.00%

Sustainability
indicators measure
how the
environmental or
social
characteristics
promoted by the
financial product
are attained.

¹ The Fund's and benchmark's WACI are now measured on scopes 1 & 2, compared to previous periods which were on scopes 1, 2 & 3.

² The Fund's and benchmark's WACI were integrated into the portfolio management system in the second half of the period. As a result, the annual WACI measurements for both only started in the third quarter of the period.

³ The methodology for ESG scores changed in 2024 and are now classified in different categories compared to previous periods.

| | | - Not score: 6.97% | |
|--|--|-----------------------|--|
| | | | |

The Sub-Fund's non-financial objectives were largely met in 2024. The Sub-Fund's WACI remained far below the 20% objective compared to the Benchmark.

There were no cases of companies in breach of the Exclusion Policy nor companies in violation of the UNGC and OECD guidelines in 2024.

Since January 2024, ESG scores have been based on a third-party's methodology, which has introduced new scoring categories compared to the previous reporting periods. During the reporting period, the Sub-Fund mostly invested in companies with an "Acceptable ESG Risk", and over 90% of companies were scored.

...and compared to previous periods?

| Sustainability | Metric | Unit | Value in 2023 | Value in 2022 |
|--|---|---|--|---|
| indicator | | | | |
| Weighted average carbon intensity (WACI) of fund compared to its investment universe | Weighted average carbon intensity (annual average) | Tons CO2e / Million Euros Revenue | - Sub-Fund: 709 - Investment universe: 1,378 - Result: Sub- Fund is 49% lower than investment universe | - Sub-Fund: 535 - Investment universe: 1,196 - Result: Sub-Fund is 55% lower than investment universe |
| Number of hold breach of the Ex Tikehau Capital Number of com | cclusion Policy Group | | 0 | 0 |
| | • | in violation of | o o | |
| Proprietary ESG profile Score of companies in portfolio | UNGC and OECD guidelines Proprietary Split per ESG profile level of ESG Score of risk companies in | | - ESG opportunity: 48.97% - Moderate ESG risk: 12.06% - Average ESG risk: 16.7% - Material ESG risk: 0% - Significant ESG risk:0% - Not scored: 12.73% | - ESG opportunity: 29% - Moderate ESG risk: 53% - Average ESG risk: 7% - Material ESG risk: 0% - Significant ESG risk: 0% - Not scored: 11% |

The Sub-Fund's non-financial objectives were met in 2022 and 2023. No comparison can be made between previous periods and 2024 in terms of WACI. In fact, since May 2024, the Sub-Fund's WACI has been calculated on Scopes 1 & 2 due to the practical

challenges of reporting, estimating, and calculating Scope 3 data. Comparisons on this indicator will start again from the next period.

There were no case of companies in breach of the Exclusion Policy nor companies in violation of the UNGC and OECD guidelines in 2022, 2023 and 2024.

The split per ESG score remained stable between 2022 and 2023. Due to the change in methodology of ESG profile scores between the previous periods and 2024, no direct comparison can be made. However, 2024 had a majority of ESG scores that were "acceptable", the lowest risk category.

What were the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially made and how did the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?

As from 30 January 2024, the Sub-Fund contemplates to making sustainable investments in companies that aim at positively contributing to different social and environmental objectives through their products and services, as well as their practices in line with recognised frameworks. The Group methodology incorporates various criteria into its definition of contribution to take into account the various dimension of environmental and social objectives that can be contributed to.

In practice, based on a pass-fail approach, the Sub-Fund shall consider that a company has a positive contribution (a "Positive Contributor") to the extent that, at company's level at least one of the criteria described below:

- Aligning with at least one of the United Nations' Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) – Alignment of a Positive Contributor is verified through a pass-failed test pursuant to which a minimum threshold of company's revenues or Opex/Capex must be contributing to one of the SDGs.
- Aligning with the European Taxonomy Alignment of a Positive Contributor
 is verified through a pass-failed test pursuant to which a minimum
 threshold of company's shares of revenues or Opex/Capex must be aligned
 with the European Taxonomy.
- Aligning with a Net Zero Framework Alignment of a Positive Contributor
 is verified through a pass-failed test pursuant to which the company must
 meet a certain decarbonisation status. The Management Company has
 selected eligible status defined by the Institutional Investors Group on
 Client Change (IIGCC) Net Zero Investment Framework. The pass-fail test
 performed by the Management Company relies on a qualitative analysis
 considering elements such as the companies' emission reduction targets,
 and carbon footprint.
- Aligning with best environmental and social practices Alignment of a
 Positive Contributor is verified through a pass-failed test pursuant to which
 (i) the company must be considered "best in class" in its sector on
 recognised KPIs such as one Principal Adverse Impact taken into account by
 the Sub-Fund and (ii) the company's ESG Score must be above its sector
 average.

These criteria may be amended at a later date to take into account improvements, for example in data availability and reliability, or any developments, including, but not limited to, regulations or other external benchmarks or initiatives.

Finally, companies identified as Positive Contributors may only be qualified as sustainable investment to the cumulative conditions that (i) they must not significantly undermine other environmental or social objectives (so called "do no significantly harm principle" or "DNSH") and (ii) they must apply good corporate governance practices.

More details about the Group Sustainable Investment Framework in particular the methodology, thresholds and data source is available on the Group Sustainable Investing Charter:

https://www.tikehaucapital.com/~/media/Files/T/TikehauCapital/publications/richarter-en-2017-12-06.pdfhttps://www.tikehaucapital.com

How did the sustainable investments that the financial product partially made not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

To ensure the sustainable investments comply with the DNSH in relation with any environmental or social sustainable investment objective, two pillars are used:

- The first pillar relies on the Exclusion Policy, which applies to any investment and covers the following topics that are directly related to some mandatory PAI indicators in Annex 1, Table 1 of the RTS of the SFDR: Controversial weapons, Violations of UN Global Compact principles, and Fossil Fuel involvement (coal and oil and gas).
- The second pillar is based on a DNSH test based on mandatory PAI indicators in Annex 1, Table 1 of the RTS of the SFDR where robust data is available. We focus on PAI 3 and 13.

How were the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors taken into account?

To ensure that the sustainable investments comply with the DNSH in relation with any environmental or social sustainable investment objective, the Sub-Fund shall take into account indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors belonging to the two following pillars:

The first pillar relies on exclusions and covers the following topics:

Controversial weapons, Violations of UN Global Compact principles, and Fossil fuel involvement (coal and oil and gas).

The second pillar relies on a DNSH test based on mandatory PAI indicators where robust data is available. The combination of the following indicators must be met to pass the DNSH test:

Principal adverse impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anticorruption and antibribery matters.

- GHG intensity: the company does not belong to the last decile compared to other companies within its sector
- Board diversity: the company does not belong to the last decile compared to other companies within its sector
- Controverses: the company is cleared of informed and verified controversy in relation to work conditions and human rights, environment, labour rights and corruption.

Were sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details:

The OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights are integrated into the Exclusion Policy. Furthermore, the Management Company conducts controversy monitoring on a, at minimum, quarterly basis which includes companies identified for human rights violations. The analysis is based on the data from external provider. When controversies arise, an internal working group composed of team members from the Compliance, Risk and ESG teams is consulted is consulted to determine the best course of action based on their area expertise. The DNSH criteria also encompass a pass-fail test on controversies which include work conditions and human rights.



The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific Union criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

How did this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

| Adverse | Metri | Unit | Value | Coverage | Value | Coverage | Value | Coverage |
|------------|-------|------|-------|----------|-------|----------|-------|----------|
| sustainabi | С | | 2024 | 2024 | 2023 | 2023 | 2022 | 2022 |
| lity | | | | | | | | |
| indicator | | | | | | | | |

| | 1 | ı | T | | 1 | | T | |
|--|--|---|-----------------|--------|-------------|--------|-------------|--------|
| 1. GHG emissions | Scope 1 GHG emiss ions | Tons CO2e / Million Euros Enterpris e Value | 1,255 | 67.19% | 5,215 | 75.37% | 4,991 | 71.05% |
| | Scope 2 GHG emiss ions | Tons CO2e / Million Euros Enterpris e Value | 1,361 | 67.19% | 2,649 | 75.37% | 3,419 | 71.05% |
| | Scope 3 GHG emiss ions | Tons CO2e / Million Euros Enterpris e Value | 83,055 | 67.19% | 98,55 3 | 75.37% | 98,799 | 71.05% |
| | Total GHG emiss ions scope 1 & 2 | Tons CO2e / Million Euros Enterpris e Value | 2,616 | 67.19% | 7,864 | 75.37% | 8,410 | 71.05% |
| | Total GHG emiss ions scope 1,2 & 3 | Tons CO2e / Million Euros Enterpris e Value | 85,671 | 67.19% | 106,4 17 | 75.37% | 107,21 0 | 71.05% |
| 2. Carbon footprint | Carbo n footp rint scope 1 & 2 | Tons CO2e / Million Euros Enterpris e Value | 7 | 67.19% | 17 | 75.37% | 12 | 71.05% |
| | Carbo n footp rint scope 1,2 & 3 | Tons CO2e / Million Euros Enterpris e Value | 225 | 67.19% | 227 | 75.37% | 150 | 71.05% |
| 3. GHG intensity of investee companies | GHG inten sity of invest ee comp anies scope 1 & 2 | Tons CO2e / Million Euros Revenue | 45 ⁴ | 95.49% | 55 | 89.03% | 54 | 71.37% |

 4 The Fund's WACI was integrated into the portfolio management system in the second half of the period. As a result, the Fund's annual WACI measurements only started in the third quarter of the period.

| | | T _ | I | | l · | | I | |
|-------------|---------|----------|----------|---------|-------|---------|--------|---------|
| | GHG | Tons | | | | | | |
| | inten | CO2e / | | | | | | |
| | sity | Million | | | | | | |
| | of | Euros | | | | | | |
| | invest | Revenue | | | | | | |
| | ee | | 1,012 | 95.49% | 712 | 89.03% | 546 | 71.37% |
| | comp | | | | | | | |
| | anies | | | | | | | |
| | scope | | | | | | | |
| | 1,2 & | | | | | | | |
| | 3 | | | | | | | |
| 4. | Share | | 0.37% | 81.29% | 0.37 | 82.73% | 0.40% | 71.18% |
| Exposure | of | Percenta | | | % | | | |
| to | invest | ge | | | ,,, | | | |
| companies | ment | gc | | | | | | |
| active in | s in | | | | | | | |
| the fossil | | | | | | | | |
| | comp | | | | | | | |
| fuel sector | anies | | | | | | | |
| | active | | | | | | | |
| | in the | | | | | | | |
| | fossil | | | | | | | |
| | fuel | | | | | | | |
| | secto | | | | | | | |
| | r | | | | | | | |
| Optional | Share | | 32.81% | 70.26% | 27.81 | 75.92% | 22.52% | 54.86% |
| 4. | of | Percenta | | | % | | | |
| Investmen | comp | ge | | | | | | |
| ts in | anies | | | | | | | |
| companies | witho | | | | | | | |
| without | ut | | | | | | | |
| carbon | Carbo | | | | | | | |
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| | ives | | 0.000/ | 04.400/ | 0.00 | 02.270/ | 0.000/ | 74.400/ |
| 7. | Share | Devices | 0.00% | 81.18% | 0.00 | 82.27% | 0.00% | 71.18% |
| Activities | of | Percenta | | | % | | | |
| negatively | invest | ge | | | | | | |
| affecting | ment | | | | | | | |
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| | affect | | | | | | | |
| | those | | | | | | | |
| | areas | | | | | | | |
| 10. | Share | | 0.00% | 81.18% | 2.62 | 82.27% | 1.56% | 71.18% |
| Violations | of | Percenta | | | % | | | |
| of UN | invest | ge | | | | | | |
| Global | ment | | | | | | | |
| Compact | s in | | | | | | | |
| principles | invest | | | | | | | |
| and | ee | | | | | | | |
| Organisati | comp | | | | | | | |
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| Cooperati | have | | | | | | | |
| on and | been | | | | | | | |
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| (OECD) | violat | | | | | | | |
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| Multinatio | UNGC | | | | | | | |
| nal | princi | | | | | | | |
| Enterprise | ples | | | | | | | |
| S | or | | | | | | | |
| | OECD | | | | | | | |
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| 12 Manag | Augra | Dorsonto | 22 120/ | E8 00% | 22.22 | 61 500/ | 17.400/ | F1 000/ |
|-------------------|--------|----------|---------|--------------|-------|---------|---------|---------|
| 13.Manag | Avera | Percenta | 23.12% | 58.99% | 23.22 | 61.59% | 17.40% | 51.98% |
| ement and | ge | ge | | | % | | | |
| supervisor | ratio | | | | | | | |
| y board | of | | | | | | | |
| gender | femal | | | | | | | |
| diversity | e to | | | | | | | |
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| | bers | | | | | | | |
| 14. | Share | | 0.00% | 81.91% | 0.00 | 82.98% | 0.00% | 71.18% |
| Exposure | of | Percenta | 0.00,1 | 0 = 10 = 7.1 | % | 0=10071 | 0.007.5 | |
| to | invest | ge | | | , , | | | |
| controvers | ment | 80 | | | | | | |
| ial | s in | | | | | | | |
| | invest | | | | | | | |
| weapons (anti- | | | | | | | | |
| | ee | | | | | | | |
| personnel | comp | | | | | | | |
| mines, | anies | | | | | | | |
| cluster | involv | | | | | | | |
| munitions, | ed in | | | | | | | |
| chemical | the | | | | | | | |
| weapons | manu | | | | | | | |
| and | factur | | | | | | | |
| biological | e or | | | | | | | |
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On environmental topics, PAIs show improvement between 2023 and 2024:

- Overall, PAIs related to GHG emissions, carbon footprint and GHG intensity decreased compared to previous periods, while the share of companies without carbon emission reduction initiatives increased in 2024.
- The PAI related to Fossil fuel involvement remained at the same level in 2024. The Sub-Fund's exposure is related to a company from the Utilities sector. This exposure is consistent with Tikehau Exclusion policy, which relies on Urgewald Global Coal Exclusion List and Urgewald Oil and Gas Exclusion List. The definition of the PAI maintained by our external provider encompasses a wider scope than our exclusion policy⁵. Consequently, reported exposure to fossil fuels involvement in 2024 persists, despite the absence of any violations of our exclusion policy.
- We maintained no exposure to companies negatively affecting biodiversity-sensitive areas.

On social topics, PAIs are stable with no exposure to controversial weapons, nor to companies in violations of the UNGC and OECD Guidelines. Since April 2024, a Controversy Management Committee was established to oversee the monitoring and review of controverses. This committee carefully evaluates cases flagged by our third-party data provider as potential breaches of the UN Global Compact principles or of the OECD guidelines. Following this review process, conducted by members of the Compliance, Risk, Research, ESG and Investment teams, some cases may be dismissed as breaches due to findings of overreach in the initial assessments. As a result of this refined approach, the PAI 10 does not report any breaches this year, although our data provider initially identified certain companies as being in breach. The Committee's analysis led to the conclusion that these cases did not meet the threshold for a violation and were subsequently internally reclassified as non-violations.

In addition, the Average ratio of female to male management and supervisory board members remained stable compared to the previous period.



What were the top investments of this financial product?

The list includes the investments constituting the greatest proportion of investments of the financial product as of 31/12/2024

| Largest Investments | BICS Sector | % Assets | Country |
|---------------------|--------------------------|----------|----------------|
| AMAZON.COM INC | Retail & Wholesale - | 2.07% | United-States |
| | Discretionary | | |
| MICROSOFT CORP | Software & Tech Services | 2.02% | United-States |
| VISA INC-CLASS A | Software & Tech Services | 1.62% | United-States |
| SHARES | | | |
| INTERCONTINENTAL | Consumer Discretionary | 1.22% | United Kingdom |
| HOTELS GROU | Services | | |
| ZOETIS INC | Health Care | 1.21% | United-States |
| ASML HOLDING NV | Semiconductors | 1.21% | Netherlands |

 ^{5 &}quot;Companies that derive any revenues from exploration, mining, extraction, distribution or refining of hard coal and lignite;

companies that derive any revenues from the exploration, extraction, distribution (including transportation, storage and trade) or refining of liquid fossil fuels; and

iii. companies that derive any revenues from exploring and extracting fossil gaseous fuels or from their dedicated distribution (including transportation, storage and trade)"

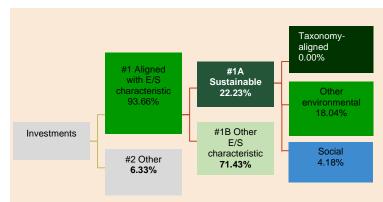
| AMADEUS IT GROUP SA | Software & Tech Services | 1.09% | Spain |
|---------------------|--------------------------------|-------|----------------|
| KONE OYJ-B | Industrial Products | 1.08% | Finland |
| ARISTA NETWORKS INC | Tech Hardware & Semiconductors | 1.00% | United-States |
| ALPHABET INC-CL A | Media | 0.98% | United-States |
| S&P GLOBAL INC | Software & Tech Services | 0.93% | United-States |
| INTERTEK GROUP PLC | Industrial Services | 0.91% | United Kingdom |
| FASTENAL CO | Industrial Services | 0.75% | United-States |
| COLOPLAST-B | Health Care | 0.72% | Denmark |
| ACCENTURE PLC-CL A | Software & Tech Services | 0.72% | Ireland |



What was the proportion of sustainability-related investments?

The proportion of the Sub-Fund aligned with sustainable investment objectives was 22%.

What was the asset allocation?



#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

#2 Other includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

The category **#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics** covers:

- The sub-category #1A Sustainable covers environmentally and socially sustainable investments.
- The sub-category **#1B Other E/S characteristics** covers investments aligned with the environmental or social characteristics that do not qualify as sustainable investments

We take into consideration Taxonomy alignment as a criteria for our sustainable investment contribution. However, as the methodology of counting for Sustainable Investment (pass/fail test) is different than prescribed methodology for Taxonomy alignment computation, and to avoid double counting, we do not report this contribution as Taxonomy-aligned in the graph above. For details on Taxonomy-alignment, please refer to the dedicated questions.

In which economic sectors were the investments made?

Asset allocation

To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for fossil gas include limitations on emissions and switching to fully renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For nuclear energy, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules.

directly enable other activities to

Enabling activities

other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective.

Transitional activities are

activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.

| BICS Industry | BICS Sector | % |
|------------------------|---|--------|
| • | | Assets |
| Financials | Banks | 25.18% |
| Technology | Software & Tech Services | 7.50% |
| Financials | Diversified Banks | 3.57% |
| Health Care | Health Care | 3.40% |
| Industrials | Industrial Other | 3.11% |
| Technology | Software & Services | 2.82% |
| Consumer Discretionary | Casinos & Gaming | 2.57% |
| Health Care | Pharmaceuticals | 2.53% |
| Financials | Financial Services | 2.32% |
| Consumer Discretionary | Retail & Wholesale - Discretionary | 2.07% |
| Technology | Semiconductors | 2.03% |
| Industrials | Machinery Manufacturing | 2.01% |
| Communications | Cable & Satellite | 1.90% |
| Consumer Discretionary | Consumer Services | 1.71% |
| Consumer Discretionary | Retail - Consumer Discretionary | 1.67% |
| Industrials | Industrial Services | 1.67% |
| Industrials | Industrial Products | 1.66% |
| Consumer Staples | Consumer Staple Products | 1.59% |
| Consumer Discretionary | Apparel & Textile Products | 1.53% |
| Financials | Life Insurance | 1.29% |
| Utilities | Utilities | 1.29% |
| Consumer Discretionary | Consumer Discretionary Services | 1.22% |
| Consumer Discretionary | Consumer Discretionary Products | 1.13% |
| Real Estate | Real Estate | 1.13% |
| Health Care | Medical Equipment & Devices Manufacturing | 1.04% |
| Technology | Tech Hardware & Semiconductors | 1.00% |
| Communications | Media | 0.98% |
| Industrials | Electrical Equipment Manufacturing | 0.87% |
| Financials | Property & Casualty Insurance | 0.87% |
| Consumer Discretionary | Educational Services | 0.83% |
| Communications | Wireless Telecommunications Services | 0.82% |
| Consumer Staples | Food & Beverage | 0.81% |
| Consumer Staples | Consumer Products | 0.72% |
| Consumer Staples | Mass Merchants | 0.56% |
| Materials | Chemicals | 0.55% |
| Technology | Hardware | 0.55% |
| Energy | Oil & Gas Services & Equipment | 0.55% |
| Consumer Discretionary | Home & Office Products Manufacturing | 0.54% |

| Utilities | Utilities | 0.50% |
|------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------|
| Communications | Wireline Telecommunications Services | 0.50% |
| Consumer Discretionary | Travel & Lodging | 0.50% |
| Materials | Materials | 0.48% |
| Consumer Staples | Supermarkets & Pharmacies | 0.42% |
| Health Care | Health Care Facilities & Services | 0.41% |
| Financials | Consumer Finance | 0.33% |
| Materials | Construction Materials Manufacturing | 0.33% |
| Consumer Discretionary | Restaurants | 0.27% |
| Utilities | Power Generation | 0.25% |
| Energy | Oil & Gas | 0.03% |



To what extent were the sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The Sub-Fund is not currently committed to making sustainable investments within the meaning of the EU Taxonomy.

Did the financial product invest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related activities complying with the EU Taxonomy⁶?

| | Yes: | | |
|---|------|---------------|-------------------|
| | | In fossil gas | In nuclear energy |
| × | No | | |

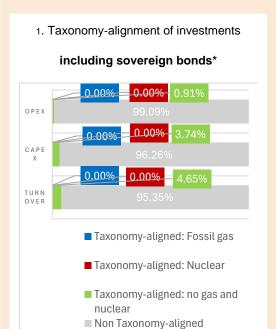
⁶ Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.

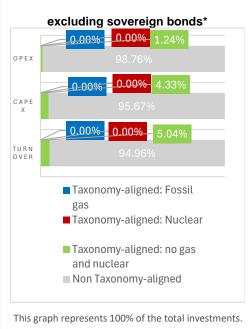
Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

- turnover
 reflecting the
 share of revenue
 from green
 activities of
 investee
 companies.
- capital
 expenditure
 (CapEx) showing
 the green
 investments made
 by investee
 companies, e.g. for
 a transition to a
 green economy.
- operational expenditure (OpEx) reflecting green operational activities of investee companies.

are sustainable investments with an environmental objective that do not take into account the criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities under Regulation (EU) 2020/852.

The graphs below show in green the percentage of investments that were aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds*, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds.

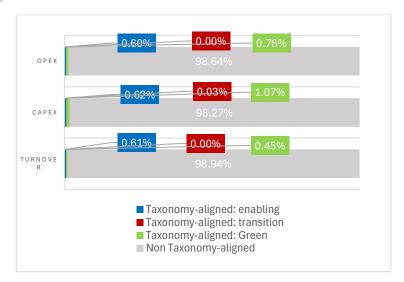




2. Taxonomy-alignment of investments

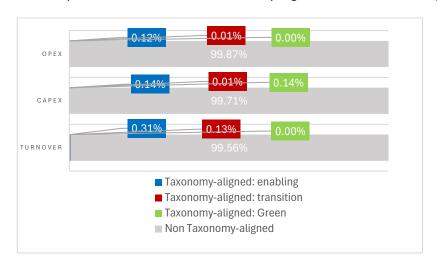
* For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures.

What was the share of investments made in transitional and enabling activities?



How did the percentage of investments that were aligned with the EU Taxonomy compare with previous reference periods?

Overall, the proportion of investments aligned with the EU Taxonomy remained relatively low, which makes comments on progress or evolution less significant.





What was the share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

18.04%: this number represents investments satisfying DNSH and good governance tests with a positive contribution on one of more of the following:

- Aligning with at least one of the United Nations' Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)
- Aligning with the European Taxonomy
- Aligning with a Net Zero Framework
- Aligning with best environmental and social practices.



What was the share of socially sustainable investments?

4.18%: this number represents investments satisfying DNSH and good governance tests with a positive contribution only the following criteria: Aligning with best social practices.



What investments were included under "other", what was their purpose and were there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

Other investments include cash and cash equivalent as well as bonds and other debt securities issued by public or quasi-public issuers, deposits held on an ancillary basis, derivative instruments for hedging purposes, and securities whose performances are swapped via TRS over a period exceeding one month. As such, they are not subject to any minimum environmental or social safeguards.



What actions have been taken to meet the environmental and/or social characteristics during the reference period?

The following actions were carried out by Tikehau Capital in 2024 to meet the environmental and social characteristics during the pre- and investment phases of the reporting period:

1. Net Zero

- As part of Tikehau's commitment to the Net Zero Asset Managers (NZAM) initiative, interim targets for each business line have been set and developed using methodologies derived from the Net Zero Investment Framework (NZIF). For the Capital Markets Strategies business line, the NZIF portfolio coverage approach was used to set targets of 50% of in-scope AuM to be net zero or aligned to net zero by 2030. The in-scope AuM includes all SFDR Article 8 and 9 funds within the scope of the target.
- The NZIF approach defines five categories, each a progressive step towards alignment with a net zero pathway, "Not Aligned", "Committed to Aligning", "Aligning", "Aligned" and "Net Zero". The portfolio coverage target aims to transition portfolios towards issuers that are categorised as net zero or aligned to net zero, as determined by a set of backward- and forward-looking indicators. Issuers that are aligning to net zero or committed to aligning are issuers that are in earlier stages in their net zero journey.

2. ESG integration

- Following the decision of Tikehau Capital to strengthen its ESG rating tool, ESG scores have been based on S&P Global methodologies since January 2024:
 - i. S&P Global's CSA (Corporate Sustainability Assessment) measures the performance and management of a company's material ESG risks, opportunities, and impacts, based on a combination of information reported by the company, of media and stakeholder analysis, of modelling approaches and of in-depth company engagement.
 - ii. The "Provisional CSA Fundamental Score", adapted for companies not covered by S&P, measures the performance of a company and its management of significant ESG risks, opportunities, and impacts, based on a combination of information provided by the company and, where applicable, by due diligence work by Tikehau Capital's research and/or investment teams or third-party consultants.
- These quantitative ESG scores are then classified into the following 3 categories:
 - Acceptable ESG risk,
 - Medium ESG risk, and
 - · High ESG risk.

Only investments in issuers that represent an acceptable ESG risk are allowed without prior internal approval. Issuers with a medium ESG risk are subject to review by the Compliance-Risk-ESG working group, which provides recommendations on the investment according to their respective area of expertise. Investments representing a high ESG risk are excluded. This approach is aligned with the process applicable prior to January 2024.

3. Monitoring of ESG constraints

- Starting from May 2024, the Weighted Average Carbon Intensity of the Sub-Fund is calculated only on scopes 1 & 2. Indeed, there are practical challenges with reporting, estimation, and calculation of scope 3 data, which has led to a fragmented data landscape that lacks coverage and quality across the investable universe. Whilst the data is improving, including due to notable efforts by a few industry actors, we found that it was often inconsistent and very volatile from one reporting year to another. Particularly, banks have exceptionally volatile scope 3 emissions, which can disproportionately skew results when in portfolio. We have therefore decided to work only with aggregated data at scope 1 & 2 level.
- Two internal monitoring tools were developed and rolled out to automatise the tracking of the key environmental and social characteristics promoted by the Sub-Fund, including carbon metrics.

4. Exclusions

- The Group's exclusion policy has been updated to include the upstream and midstream palm oil value chain.
- In addition, a list of sensitive sectors for investment monitoring was added and a sustainability monitoring list for automated screening based on the Sustainability Risk Monitoring Policy was created.
- Additional third-party data providers were added to monitor our exclusions and additional controls to identify companies that would be subject to sector or controversial exclusions have been rolled out.

5. <u>Controverses</u>

Tikehau Capital pays particular attention to anticipating and monitoring controversies. A Tikehau Investment Management - Controversy Management Committee was created in April 2024 to complement the existing process. This committee oversees the monitoring and review of controversies of existing investments and makes recommendations to the investment team. This committee consists of compliance, risk, ESG, research and investment teams.

6. Vote and engagement

- o The voting and engagement process was reviewed and strengthened:
 - I. the Voting & Engagement Policy was reviewed, and additional guidelines were developed regarding our voting instructions on environmental, social and governance topics.

Reference benchmarks are indexes to measure whether the financial product attains the environmental or social characteristics that they promote. II. CMS internal process for evaluating and validating votes that are not casted in accordance with proxy voting recommendations was reinforced over the period.

At Sub-Fund level, the following actions were taken to meet the environmental and social characteristics:

In the pre-investment process, issuer selection has been key to ensure the respect of the sustainability indicators set out by the Sub-Fund. All potential issuers went through the same process of analysis to ensure they did not breach sectoral or norm-based exclusion criteria, present the appropriate level of ESG risk and in a range of emissions intensity, consistent with the investment universe's WACI.

Throughout the reporting period, the Sub-Fund held six companies with elevated controversy scores assigned by our third-party data provider. All the cases have been reviewed by the Controversy Management Committee. It was decided that all the companies should remain under heightened monitoring while maintaining the existing investment position.



How did this financial product perform compared to the reference benchmark?

Not applicable.

- How does the reference benchmark differ from a broad market index?
 Not applicable.
- How did this financial product perform with regard to the sustainability indicators to determine the alignment of the reference benchmark with the environmental or social characteristics promoted?

Not applicable.

- How did this financial product perform compared with the reference benchmark?
 Not applicable.
- How did this financial product perform compared with the broad market index?
 Not applicable.

Template periodic disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

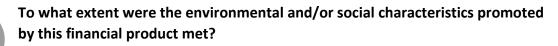
Product name: Tikehau Impact Crédit (the "Sub-Fund") Legal entity identifier: 222100WBFWO97RXU8M55

Environmental and/or social characteristics

Did this financial product have a sustainable investment objective? Yes No ★ It promoted Environmental/Social (E/S) It made **sustainable** characteristics and investments with an while it did not have as its objective a environmental objective: % sustainable investment, it had a proportion of in economic activities that 24% of sustainable investments qualify as environmentally with an environmental objective in economic sustainable under the EU activities that qualify as environmentally Taxonomy sustainable under the EU Taxonomy in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally with an environmental objective in economic activities that do not qualify as sustainable under the EU environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy Taxonomy with a social objective It made **sustainable investments** It promoted E/S characteristics, but **did not** make any sustainable investments with a social objective: %

Please refer to Tikehau SFDR periodic disclosure calculations for more details about data

sources, methodologies, and limitations



The Sub-Fund promotes the following environmental/social characteristics:

1. Carbon efficiency efforts and circular economy by investing in issuers in transition that have an explicit intention of having a positive and measurable impact and contribute to the transition towards a low-carbon and circular economy, as per an internal Impact grid analysis. The Sub-Fund seeks additionally through engagement with management and governance bodies of certain issuers, to support and accelerate sustainability measures.

Sustainable investment means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices.

The **EU Taxonomy** is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of environmentally sustainable economic activities. That Regulation does not include a list of socially

sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not.

- 2. The Sub-Fund promotes certain minimum environmental and social safeguards through applying exclusion criteria with regards to products and business practices that have been demonstrated to have negative impacts on the environment or society and Socially Responsible Investing ("SRI") criteria aiming at ensuring a better ESG performance of the Sub-Fund compared to its investment universe.
- 3. The Sub-Fund promotes business practices that uphold the United Nations Global Compact (UNGC) and OECD guidelines for Multinational Enterprises, avoiding companies that violate these principles.
- 4. The Sub-Fund refrains from investing in companies embedding a high ESG risk and places limitations on investments in companies with a medium ESG risk. Investments in companies classified as medium ESG risk are subject to a review by the Compliance-Risk-ESG working group, leveraging their specific expertise. This working group issues a favourable or unfavourable opinion, which will be considered for investment decision.

The Sub-Fund promotes Environmental/Social (E/S) characteristics and while it does not have as its objective a sustainable investment, it will have a minimum proportion of 10 % of sustainable investments.

How did the sustainability indicators perform?

During the reference period (2024), we collected the following information on the sustainability indicators of the Sub-Fund:

| Sustainability indicator | Metric | Unit | Value | | |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|-------------|---------------------------------------|--|--|
| Number of holdings in the Fur | | | 0 | | |
| the Exclusion Policy adopted by | • | | | | |
| Number of companies that are | e in violation of | UNGC and | 0 | | |
| OECD guidelines | | | | | |
| Proprietary ESG profile | Split per | Percentage | - Acceptable ESG risk: 96.02% | | |
| Score of companies in | level of ESG | | - Medium ESG risk: 3.06% | | |
| portfolio ¹ | risk (annual | | - High ESG risk: 0% | | |
| | average) | | - Not scored: 1.85% | | |
| SRI score of the fund | SRI score at | - | - Sub-Fund: 53.24 | | |
| compared to its investment | 31/12/2024 | | - Investment universe (after removing | | |
| universe after removing of | | | the worst 20%): 54.27 | | |
| the 20% worst issuer | | | - Result: Sub-Fund SRI score is lower | | |
| | | | than investment universe | | |
| Weighted average carbon | Weighted | Tons CO2e / | - Sub-Fund: 1198 | | |
| intensity (WACI) of fund | average | Million | - Sub-Fund coverage: 97% | | |
| compared to universe, with | carbon | Euros | - Investment universe: 1462 | | |
| coverage rate at fund level | intensity | Revenue | - Result: Sub-Fund is 18% lower than | | |
| of at least 90% - scope 1, 2 | (annual | | investment universe | | |
| & 3 | average) | | | | |
| Number of human and | Weighted | Number | - Sub-Fund: 0.58 | | |
| labour rights controversies | average | | | | |

 $^{^{1}}$ The methodology for ESG scores changed in 2024 and are now classified in different categories compared to previous periods.

Sustainability indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained.

| compared to universe, with coverage rate at fund level of at least 70% | number of controversies linked to human and labour rights at 31/12/2024 | | - Sub-Fund coverage: 76% - Investment universe: 1.53 - Result: lower average of human and labour rights controversies than investment universe |
|--|---|------------|---|
| The share of holding in the buckets | Split per impact case at 31/12/2024 | Percentage | "Sustainable Instruments" bucket: 41% - Green Bonds: 27% - Sustainability-linked bonds: 14% "Issuers" bucket: 59% - Pledgers: 37% - Transition issuers: 22% |
| The number of holdings in the fund subject to engagement | Between 01/01/2024 and 31/12/2024 | Number | 21 |
| Investments in companies without carbon emission reduction initiatives | Share at 31/12/2024 | Percentage | - Sub-Fund: 45.56% - Sub-Fund coverage: 86.66% |

The Sub-Fund's non-financial objectives and all the constraints from the French "Label ISR" were met in 2024.

There were no case of companies in breach of the Exclusion Policy nor companies in violation of the UNGC and OECD guidelines both in 2024.

Since January 2024, ESG scores have been based on a third-party's methodology, which have introduced new scoring categories. During the reporting period, the Sub-Fund mostly invested in companies with an "Acceptable ESG Risk", and no investments were made in high ESG risk companies, and the few medium ESG risk companies were reviewed and validated by the Compliance-Risk-ESG working group.

...and compared to previous periods?

| Sustainability | Metric | Unit | Value in 2023 | Value in 2022 |
|-------------------------|---------------------|------------|----------------------|-------------------------|
| indicator | | | | |
| Number of holdings in | the Fund found to | o be in | 0 | 0 |
| breach of the Exclusion | n Policy adopted b | y the | | |
| Tikehau Capital Group | | | | |
| Number of companies | that are in violati | on of UNGC | 0 | 0 |
| and OECD guidelines | | | | |
| Proprietary ESG | Split per level | Percentage | - ESG opportunity: | - ESG opportunity: 13% |
| profile Score of | of ESG risk | | 12.61% | - Moderate ESG risk: |
| companies in | (annual | | - Moderate ESG | 75% |
| portfolio | average) | | risk: 77.23% | - Average ESG risk: 11% |
| | | | - Average ESG risk: | - Material ESG risk: 0% |
| | | | 9.2% | - Significant ESG risk: |
| | | | - Material ESG risk: | 0% |
| | | | 0% | - Not scored: 1% |
| | | | - Significant ESG | |

| | | | risk: 0% - Not scored: 0.96% | |
|---|--|--|--|---|
| SRI score of the fund compared to its investment universe after removing of the 20% worst issuer | SRI score at end of reference period | - | - Sub-Fund: 52.58 - Investment universe (after removing the worst 20%): 55.67 | - Sub-Fund: 52.82 - Investment universe (after removing the worst 20%): 56.54 |
| Weighted average carbon intensity (WACI) of fund compared to universe, with coverage rate at fund level of at least 90% | Weighted average carbon intensity (annual average) | Tons CO2e / Million Euros Revenue | - Sub-Fund: 941 - Investment universe: 2,219 - Result: fund is 58% lower than investment universe | - Sub-Fund: 884 - Sub-Fund coverage: 95% - Investment universe: 1,976 |
| Number of human and labour rights controversies compared to universe, with coverage rate at fund level of at least 70% | Weighted average number of controversies linked to human and labour rights | Number | - Sub-Fund: 0.44 - Sub-Fund coverage: 80% - Investment universe: 1.52 | - Sub-Fund: 0.98 - Sub-Fund coverage: 83% - Investment universe: 1.53 |
| The share of holding in the buckets | Split per impact case at end of reference period | Percentage | "Sustainable Instruments" bucket: 29.28% - Green Bonds: 16.63% of which 1 investment with a Neutral Impact Grid rating Sustainability- linked bonds: 12.65% "Issuers" bucket: 66.65% - pledgers: 42.06% of which 1 investment in 2023 in a Bank with a Net Zero Banking Alliance commitment transition issuers: 62.01% of which 1 investment in 2023 with a Neutral Impact Grid rating | Instruments (Green and Sustainability-linked bonds): 23.89% Issuers (pledgers and transition issuers): 62.01% |
| The number of holdings in the fund subject to engagement | From beginning to end of | Number | 29 | 10 |

| reference | | |
|-----------|--|--|
| period | | |

The Sub-Fund's non-financial objectives were also met in 2022 and 2023. The Sub-Fund's WACI increased in 2024 compared to previous periods but remains below its investment universe. This increase can be partly attributed to the significant exposure to banks, which report high Scope 3 emissions, amplified by improvements in their reporting practices.

There were no case of companies in breach of the Exclusion Policy nor companies in violation of the UNGC and OECD guidelines in 2022, 2023 and 2024.

The split per ESG score remained stable between 2022 and 2023. Due to the change in methodology of ESG profile scores between the previous periods and 2024, no direct comparison can be made. However, 2024 had a majority of ESG scores that were "acceptable", the lowest risk category.

What were the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially made and how did the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?

As from 30 January 2024, the Sub-Fund contemplates to making sustainable investments in companies that aim at positively contributing to different social and environmental objectives through their products and services, as well as their practices in line with recognised frameworks. The Group methodology incorporates various criteria into its definition of contribution to take into account the various dimension of environmental and social objectives that can be contributed to.

In practice, based on a pass-fail approach, the Sub-Fund shall consider that an company has a positive contribution (a "Positive Contributor") to the extent that, at company's level at least one of the criteria described below:

- Aligning with at least one of the United Nations' Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) – Alignment of a Positive Contributor is verified through a pass-failed test pursuant to which a minimum threshold of company's revenues or Opex/Capex must be contributing to one of the SDGs.
- Aligning with the European Taxonomy Alignment of a Positive Contributor
 is verified through a pass-failed test pursuant to which a minimum
 threshold of company's shares of revenues or Opex/Capex must be aligned
 with the European Taxonomy.
- Aligning with a Net Zero Framework Alignment of a Positive Contributor
 is verified through a pass-failed test pursuant to which the company must
 meet a certain decarbonisation status. The Management Company has
 selected eligible status defined by the Institutional Investors Group on
 Client Change (IIGCC) Net Zero Investment Framework. The pass-fail test
 performed by the Management Company relies on a qualitative analysis

considering elements such as the companies' emission reduction targets, and carbon footprint.

Aligning with best environmental and social practices - Alignment of a
Positive Contributor is verified through a pass-failed test pursuant to which
(i) the company must be considered "best in class" in its sector on
recognised KPIs such as one Principal Adverse Impact taken into account by
the Sub-Fund and (ii) the company's ESG Score must be above its sector
average.

These criteria may be amended at a later date to take into account improvements, for example in data availability and reliability, or any developments, including, but not limited to, regulations or other external benchmarks or initiatives.

Finally, companies identified as Positive Contributors may only be qualified as sustainable investment to the cumulative conditions that (i) they must not significantly undermine other environmental or social objectives (so called "do no significantly harm principle" or "DNSH") and (ii) they must apply good corporate governance practices.

More details about the Group Sustainable Investment Framework in particular the methodology, thresholds and data source is available on the Group Sustainable Investing

Charter:

https://www.tikehaucapital.com/~/media/Files/T/TikehauCapital/publications/richarter-en-2017-12-06.pdfhttps://www.tikehaucapital.com

How did the sustainable investments that the financial product partially made not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

To ensure the sustainable investments comply with the DNSH in relation with any environmental or social sustainable investment objective, two pillars are used:

- The first pillar relies on the Exclusion Policy, which applies to any investment and covers the following topics that are directly related to some mandatory PAI indicators in Annex 1, Table 1 of the RTS of the SFDR: Controversial weapons, Violations of UN Global Compact principles, and Fossil Fuel involvement (coal and oil and gas).
- The second pillar is based on a DNSH test based on mandatory PAI indicators in Annex 1, Table 1 of the RTS of the SFDR where robust data is available. We focus on PAI 3 and 13.

How were the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors taken into account?

Principal adverse impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anticorruption and antibribery matters.

To ensure that the sustainable investments comply with the DNSH in relation with any environmental or social sustainable investment objective, the Sub-Fund shall take into account indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors belonging to the two following pillars:

The first pillar relies on exclusions and covers the following topics:

Controversial weapons, Violations of UN Global Compact principles, and Fossil fuel involvement (coal and oil and gas).

The second pillar relies on a DNSH test based on mandatory PAI indicators where robust data is available. The combination of the following indicators must be met to pass the DNSH test:

- GHG intensity: the company does not belong to the last decile compared to other companies within its sector
- Board diversity: the company does not belong to the last decile compared to other companies within its sector
- Controverses: the company is cleared of informed and verified controversy in relation to work conditions and human rights, environment, labour rights and corruption.

Were sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details:

The OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights are integrated into the Exclusion Policy. Furthermore, the Management Company conducts controversy monitoring on a, at minimum, quarterly basis which includes companies identified for human rights violations. The analysis is based on the data from external provider. When controversies arise, an internal working group composed of team members from the Compliance, Risk and ESG teams is consulted is consulted to determine the best course of action based on their area expertise. The DNSH criteria also encompass a pass-fail test on controversies which include work conditions and human rights.

The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific Union criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.



How did this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

| Adverse sustainabi lity indicator | Metric | Unit | Value 2024 | Coverage 2024 | Value 2023 | Coverage 2023 | Value 2022 | Cover age 2022 |
|--|--|--|---------------|------------------|---------------|------------------|---------------|----------------------|
| 1. GHG emissions | Scope 1 GHG emissions | Tons CO2e / Million Euros Enterprise Value | 3,525 | 68.16% | 3,537 | 67.04% | 2,417 | 62.42 % |
| | Scope 2 GHG emissions | Tons CO2e / Million Euros Enterprise Value | 1,001 | 68.16% | 1,049 | 67.04% | 854 | 62.42 % |
| | Scope 3 GHG emissions | Tons CO2e / Million Euros Enterprise Value | 15,165 | 68.16% | 13,649 | 67.04% | 8,770 | 62.42 % |
| | Total GHG emissions scope 1 & 2 | Tons CO2e / Million Euros Enterprise Value | 4,526 | 68.16% | 4,586 | 67.04% | 3,271 | 62.42 % |
| | Total GHG emissions scope 1,2 & 3 | Tons CO2e / Million Euros Enterprise Value | 19,691 | 68.16% | 18,235 | 67.04% | 12,04 1 | 62.42 % |
| 2. Carbon footprint | Carbon footprint scope 1 & 2 | Tons CO2e / Million Euros | 133 | 68.16% | 122 | 67.04% | 112 | 62.42 |

| | | I | I | | I | | 1 | |
|-------------|-----------------|-------------|--------|---------|----------|----------|--------|--------|
| | | Enterprise | | | | | | |
| | | Value | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | Carbon | Tons CO2e / | | | | | | |
| | footprint | Million | | | | | | 62.42 |
| | scope 1,2 | Euros | 582 | 68.16% | 483 | 67.04% | 413 | % |
| | & 3 | Enterprise | | | | | | 70 |
| | | Value | | | | | | |
| 3. GHG | GHG | Tons CO2e / | | | | | | |
| intensity | intensity of | Million | | | | | | |
| of | investee | Euros | 125 | 94.81% | 155 | 91.61% | 259 | 87.83 |
| investee | companies | Revenue | 123 | 34.01/0 | 133 | 91.01% | 239 | % |
| companies | scope 1 & | | | | | | | |
| | 2 | | | | | | | |
| | GHG | Tons CO2e / | | | | | | |
| | intensity of | Million | | | | | | |
| | investee | Euros | 1,198 | 94.81% | 907 | 91.61% | 821 | 91.99 |
| | companies | Revenue | 1,130 | 34.01/0 | 307 | 91.01% | 021 | % |
| | scope 1,2 | | | | | | | |
| | & 3 | | | | | | | |
| 4. | Share of | Percentage | 0.00% | 73.76% | 0.00% | 72.53% | 0.70 | 72.83 |
| Exposure | investment | | | | | | % | % |
| to | s in | | | | | | | |
| companies | companies | | | | | | | |
| active in | active in | | | | | | | |
| the fossil | the fossil | | | | | | | |
| fuel sector | fuel sector | | | | | | | |
| Optional | Share of | Percentage | 45.56% | 86.66% | 46.08% | 86.06% | 43.58 | 63.34 |
| 4. | companies | | | | | | % | % |
| Investmen | without | | | | | | | |
| ts in | Carbon | | | | | | | |
| companies | Emission | | | | | | | |
| without | Reduction | | | | | | | |
| carbon | initiatives | | | | | | | |
| emission | | | | | | | | |
| reduction | | | | | | | | |
| initiatives | | | | | | | | |
| 5. Share of | Share of | Percentage | 17.22% | 28.94% | Not | Not | Not | Not |
| non - | non - | | | | reporte | reported | repor | repor |
| renewable | renewable | | | | d at the | at the | ted at | ted at |
| energy | energy | | | | time | time | the | the |
| consumpti | consumpti | | | | | | time | time |
| on and | on of | | | | | | | |
| productio | investee | | | | | | | |
| n | companies | | | | | | | |
| | from non - | | | | | | | |
| | renewable | | | | | | | |
| | energy | | | | | | | |
| | sources | | | | | | | |
| | compared | | | | | | | |
| 1 | to renewable | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | energy | | | | | | | |
| | sources | | | | | | | |

| 5. Share of non - renewable energy consumpti on and productio n | Share of non - renewable energy production of investee companies from non - renewable energy sources compared to renewable | Percentage | 0.00% | 70.18% | Not reporte d at the time | Not reported at the time | Not repor ted at the time | Not repor ted at the time |
|---|---|----------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| 6. Energy consumpti on intensity per high impact climate sector | energy sources Energy consumpti on in GWh per million EUR of revenue of investee companies , per high impact climate | GWh/Million Euros invested | See table below | See table below | Not reporte d at the time | Not reported at the time | Not repor ted at the time | Not repor ted at the time |
| 7. Activities negatively affecting biodiversit y- sensitive areas | sector Share of investment s in investee companies with sites/oper ations located in or near to biodiversit y- sensitive areas where activities of those investee companies negatively affect those areas | Percentage | 0.00% | 75.59% | 0.00% | 74.89% | 0.00 | 74.97 |

| 8. Emissions to water | Tonnes of emissions to water generated by investee companies per million EUR invested | Tons/Million Euros invested | 0.00 | 0.00% | Not reporte d at the time | Not reported at the time | Not repor ted at the time | Not repor ted at the time |
|---|--|-----------------------------------|-------|--------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| 9. Hazardous waste and radioactiv e waste ratio | Tonnes of hazardous waste and radioactive waste generated by investee companies per million EUR invested | Tons/Million Euros invested | 0.00 | 0.00% | Not reporte d at the time | Not reported at the time | Not repor ted at the time | Not repor ted at the time |
| 10. Violations of UN Global Compact principles and Organisati on for Economic Cooperati on and Developm ent (OECD) Guidelines for Multinatio nal Enterprise s | Share of investment s in investee companies that have been involved in violations of the UNGC principles or OECD Guidelines for Multinatio nal Enterprises | Percentage | 0.00% | 75.59% | 0.00% | 74.89% | 0.00 | 74.97 |
| 11. Lack of processes and complianc e mechanis ms to monitor complianc e with OECD | Share of investment s in investee companies without policies to monitor complianc e with or with | Percentage | 2.74% | 48.68% | Not reporte d at the time | Not reported at the time | Not repor ted at the time | Not repor ted at the time |

| | | | ı | 1 | 1 | | 1 | , |
|-------------|--------------|------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|--------|----------|
| Guidelines | grievance/ | | | | | | | |
| for | complaints | | | | | | | |
| Multinatio | handling | | | | | | | |
| nal | mechanis | | | | | | | |
| Enterprise | ms to | | | | | | | |
| s or the | address | | | | | | | |
| UN | violations | | | | | | | |
| Guiding | of the | | | | | | | |
| principles | OECD | | | | | | | |
| including | Guidelines | | | | | | | |
| the | for | | | | | | | |
| principles | Multinatio | | | | | | | |
| and rights | nal | | | | | | | |
| set out in | Enterprises | | | | | | | |
| the eight | , the UN | | | | | | | |
| fundamen | Guiding | | | | | | | |
| tal | Principles, | | | | | | | |
| conventio | including | | | | | | | |
| ns | the | | | | | | | |
| identified | principles | | | | | | | |
| in the ILO | and rights | | | | | | | |
| Declaratio | set out in | | | | | | | |
| n and the | the eight | | | | | | | |
| Internatio | fundament | | | | | | | |
| nal Bill of | al | | | | | | | |
| Human | convention | | | | | | | |
| Rights | s identified | | | | | | | |
| | in the ILO | | | | | | | |
| | Declaratio | | | | | | | |
| | n and the | | | | | | | |
| | Internation | | | | | | | |
| | al Bill of | | | | | | | |
| | Human | | | | | | | |
| | Rights | | | | | | | |
| 12. | Average | Percentage | 0.11% | 5.46% | Not | Not | Not | Not |
| Gender | gender pay | | | | reporte | reported | repor | repor |
| pay gap | gap | | | | d at the | at the | ted at | ted at |
| between | between | | | | time | time | the | the |
| female | female and | | | | | | time | time |
| and male | male | | | | | | | |
| employees | employees | | | | | | | |
| . , | of investee | | | | | | | |
| | companies | | | | | | | |
| 13.Manag | Average | Percentage | 17.20% | 41.23% | 17.08% | 41.73% | 12.01 | 29.73 |
| ement and | ratio of | | | | | | % | % |
| supervisor | female to | | | | | | | |
| y board | male | | | | | | | |
| gender | manageme | | | | | | | |
| diversity | nt and | | | | | | | |
| , | supervisor | | | | | | | |
| | y board | | | | | | | |
| | members | | | | | | | |
| | in investee | | | | | | | |
| | companies | | | | | | | |
| L | | İ | <u> </u> | <u> </u> | ı | | l | <u> </u> |

| | , expressed as a percentag e of all board members | | | | | | | |
|--|--|------------|-------|--------|-------|--------|------|------------|
| 14. Exposure to controvers ial weapons (anti- personnel mines, cluster munitions, chemical weapons and biological weapons) | Share of investment s in investee companies involved in the manufacture or selling of controvers ial weapons | Percentage | 0.00% | 76.11% | 0.00% | 74.89% | 0.00 | 74.97 % |

On environmental topics, PAIs show improvement between 2023 and 2024:

- Overall, most PAIs related to GHG emissions, carbon footprint and GHG intensity remained stable or decreased between 2023 and 2024 while the share of companies without carbon emission reduction initiatives remains stable. Indicators taking into account scope 3 emissions slightly increased. This can be explained by the slightly improved coverage, better disclosure of scope 3 emissions which are often very significant in every sector.
- The PAI related to Fossil fuel involvement remained null.
- We maintained no exposure to companies negatively affecting biodiversity-sensitive areas.
- The PAI related to energy consumption intensity per high impact climate sector was measured and disclosed for the first time.

On social topics, PAIs are stable with no exposure to controversial weapons, nor to companies in violations of the UNGC and OECD Guidelines for the third consecutive period.

In addition, the Average ratio of female to male management and supervisory board members remained stable between 2023 and 2024.

Overall, the coverage levels of PAIs increased in all categories, with the exception of management and supervisory board gender diversity, which remained stable.



What were the top investments of this financial product?

BICS Sector

| _ | 1 | | - |
|--------------------------|---------------------------|-------|----------------|
| THYSSEN ELEVATOR | Electrical Equipment | | |
| 6.625 07/28 | Manufacturing | 2.37% | Germany |
| AEDAS HOMES 4 08/26 | Real Estate | 2.36% | Spain |
| VERALLIA 1 5/8 05/28 | Containers & Packaging | 2.27% | France |
| WABTEC 1 1/4 12/27 | Railroad | 2.24% | United States |
| TECHEM 6 07/26 | Industrial Other | 2.12% | Germany |
| RBS 5 1/8 CoCo Perp Call | | | |
| 05/27 | Diversified Banks | 2.04% | United Kingdom |
| DANSKE BANK 4 3/8 | | | |
| C05/26 CoCo-PERP | Banks | 2.03% | Denmark |
| VOLVO CAR 4.25 05/28 | Automobiles Manufacturing | 2.01% | Sweden |
| LLOYDS 8 1/2 CoCo Perp | | | |
| Call 09/27 | Banks | 1.96% | United Kingdom |
| VIRGIN MONEY 8 1/4 | | | |
| CoCo Perp Call 06/27 | Banks | 1.96% | United Kingdom |
| | Forest & Paper Products | | |
| SAPPI 3.625 03/28 | Manufacturing | 1.93% | South Africa |
| FAURECIA 5.5 06/31 | Auto Parts Manufacturing | 1.92% | France |
| | Supermarkets & | | |
| PICARD 5.375 07/27 | Pharmacies | 1.91% | France |
| | Forest & Paper Products | | |
| AHLSTROM 3.625 02/28 | Manufacturing | 1.91% | Finland |

% Assets

Country

The list includes the investments constituting the greatest proportion of investments of the financial product as of 31/12/2024.



GREENKO 5.55 01/25

What was the proportion of sustainability-related investments?

Renewable Energy

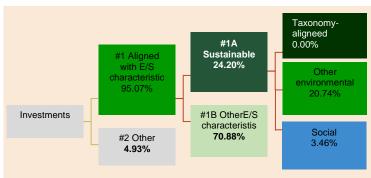
The proportion of the Sub-Fund aligned with sustainable investment objectives was 24%.

1.89%

India

What was the asset allocation?

Asset allocation describes the share of investments in specific assets.



#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

#2 Other includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

The category #1 Aligned with E/S characteristics covers:

- The sub-category #1A Sustainable covers environmentally and socially sustainable investments.
- The sub-category **#1B Other E/S characteristics** covers investments aligned with the environmental or social characteristics that do not qualify as sustainable investments

We take into consideration Taxonomy alignment as a criteria for our sustainable investment contribution. However, as the methodology of counting for Sustainable Investment (pass/fail test) is different than prescribed methodology for Taxonomy alignment computation, and to avoid double counting, we do not report this contribution as Taxonomy-aligned in the graph above. For details on Taxonomy-alignment, please refer to the dedicated questions.

In which economic sectors were the investments made?

| BICS Industry | BICS Sector | % |
|---------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------|
| DICS IIIuusti y | Bic3 Sector | Assets |
| Financials | Banks | 18.38% |
| Materials | Containers & Packaging | 8.42% |
| Industrials | Industrial Other | 7.50% |
| Consumer Discretionary | Auto Parts Manufacturing | 4.63% |
| Industrials | Electrical Equipment Manufacturing | 4.11% |
| Materials | Forest & Paper Products Manufacturing | 3.84% |
| Financials | Diversified Banks | 3.65% |
| Materials | Chemicals | 3.56% |
| Communications | Cable & Satellite | 3.53% |
| Utilities | Utilities | 3.34% |
| Utilities | Power Generation | 2.98% |

To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for fossil gas include limitations on emissions and switching to fully renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For nuclear energy, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules.

Enabling activities directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective.

Transitional activities are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.

| Real Estate | Real Estate | 2.36% |
|---------------------------|--|-------|
| Industrials | Railroad | 2.24% |
| onsumer Discretionary | Automobiles Manufacturing | 2.01% |
| Consumer Staples | Supermarkets & Pharmacies | 1.91% |
| Utilities | Renewable Energy | 1.89% |
| Industrials | Waste & Environment Services & Equipment | 1.86% |
| Consumer Discretionary | Retail - Consumer Discretionary | 1.77% |
| Industrials | Airlines | 1.72% |
| Financials | Property & Casualty Insurance | 1.68% |
| Consumer Staples | Food & Beverage | 1.67% |
| Consumer Discretionary | Homebuilders | 1.65% |
| Consumer Discretionary | Consumer Services | 1.64% |
| Industrials | Machinery Manufacturing | 1.62% |
| Communications | Wireline Telecommunications Services | 1.61% |
| Materials | Metals & Mining | 1.46% |
| Health Care | Health Care Facilities & Services | 1.46% |
| Industrials | Transportation & Logistics | 1.38% |
| Financials | Financial Services | 1.20% |



To what extent were the sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The Sub-Fund is not currently committed to making sustainable investments within the meaning of the EU Taxonomy.

Did the financial product invest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related activities complying with the EU Taxonomy²?

| | Yes: | | |
|---|------|---------------|-------------------|
| | | In fossil gas | In nuclear energy |
| X | No | | |

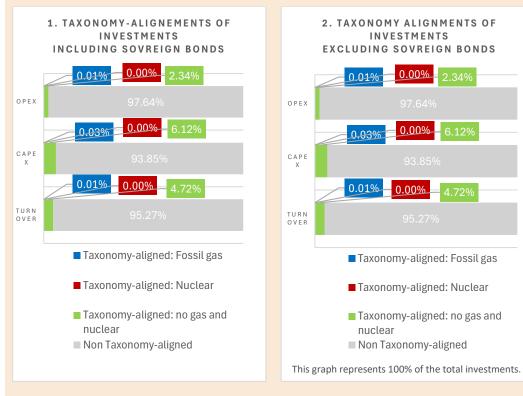
² Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.

Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

- turnover
 reflecting the
 share of revenue
 from green
 activities of
 investee
 companies.
- expenditure
 (CapEx) showing
 the green
 investments made
 by investee
 companies, e.g. for
 a transition to a
 green economy.
- operational expenditure (OpEx) reflecting green operational activities of investee companies.

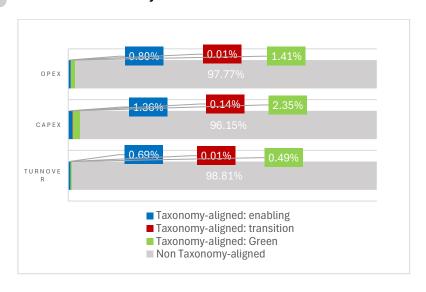
are sustainable investments with an environmental objective that do not take into account the criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities under Regulation (EU) 2020/852.

The graphs below show in green the percentage of investments that were aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds*, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds..



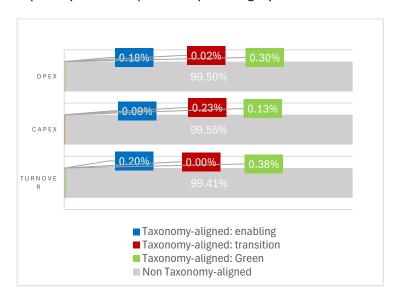
For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures.

What was the share of investments made in transitional and enabling activities?



How did the percentage of investments that were aligned with the EU Taxonomy compare with previous reference periods?

The Taxonomy alignment of the Sub-Fund slightly increased over the period, especially for the Capex and Opex category.



2023 Share of investments made in transitional, enabling, and green activities



What was the share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

20.74%: this number represents investments satisfying DNSH and good governance tests with a positive contribution on one of more of the following:

- Aligning with at least one of the United Nations' Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)
- Aligning with the European Taxonomy
- Aligning with a Net Zero Framework
- Aligning with best environmental and social practices.



What was the share of socially sustainable investments?

3.46%: this number represents investments satisfying DNSH and good governance tests with a positive contribution only the following criteria: Aligning with best social practices.



What investments were included under "other", what was their purpose and were there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

Other investments include cash and cash equivalent as well as bonds and other debt securities issued by public or quasi-public issuers, deposits held on an ancillary basis,

derivative instruments for hedging purposes, and securities whose performances are swapped via TRS over a period exceeding one month. As such, they are not subject to any minimum environmental or social safeguards.



What actions have been taken to meet the environmental and/or social characteristics during the reference period?

The following actions were carried out by Tikehau Capital in 2024 to meet the environmental and social characteristics during the pre- and investment phases of the reporting period:

1. Net Zero

- As part of Tikehau's commitment to the Net Zero Asset Managers (NZAM) initiative, interim targets for each business line have been set and developed using methodologies derived from the Net Zero Investment Framework (NZIF). For the Capital Markets Strategies business line, the NZIF portfolio coverage approach was used to set targets of 50% of inscope AuM to be net zero or aligned to net zero by 2030. The in-scope AuM includes all SFDR Article 8 and 9 funds within the scope of the target.
- The NZIF approach defines five categories, each a progressive step towards alignment with a net zero pathway, "Not Aligned", "Committed to Aligning", "Aligning", "Aligned" and "Net Zero". The portfolio coverage target aims to transition portfolios towards issuers that are categorised as net zero or aligned to net zero, as determined by a set of backward- and forward-looking indicators. Issuers that are aligning to net zero or committed to aligning are issuers that are in earlier stages in their net zero journey.

2. <u>ESG integration</u>

- Following the decision of Tikehau Capital to strengthen its ESG rating tool, ESG scores have been based on S&P Global methodologies since January 2024:
 - i. S&P Global's CSA (Corporate Sustainability Assessment) measures the performance and management of a company's material ESG risks, opportunities, and impacts, based on a combination of information reported by the company, of media and stakeholder analysis, of modelling approaches and of in-depth company engagement.
 - ii. The "Provisional CSA Fundamental Score", adapted for companies not covered by S&P, measures the performance of a company and its management of significant ESG risks, opportunities, and impacts, based on a combination of information provided by the company and, where applicable, by due diligence work by Tikehau Capital's research and/or investment teams or third-party consultants.

- These quantitative ESG scores are then classified into the following 3 categories:
 - Acceptable ESG risk,
 - Medium ESG risk, and
 - High ESG risk.
- Only investments in issuers that represent an acceptable ESG risk are allowed without prior internal approval. Issuers with a medium ESG risk are subject to review by the Compliance-Risk-ESG working group, which provides recommendations on the investment according to their respective area of expertise. Investments representing a high ESG risk are excluded. This approach is aligned with the process applicable prior to January 2024.

3. Monitoring of ESG constraints

 Two internal monitoring tools were developed and rolled out to automatise the tracking of the key environmental and social characteristics promoted by the Sub-Fund, including carbon metrics.

4. Exclusions

- The Group's exclusion policy has been updated to include the upstream and midstream palm oil value chain.
- In addition, a list of sensitive sectors for investment monitoring was added and a sustainability monitoring list for automated screening based on the Sustainability Risk Monitoring Policy was created.
- Additional third-party data providers were added to monitor our exclusions and additional controls to identify companies that would be subject to sector or controversial exclusions have been rolled out.

5. Controverses

 Tikehau Capital pays particular attention to anticipating and monitoring controversies. A Tikehau Investment Management - Controversy Management Committee was created in April 2024 to complement the existing process. This committee oversees the monitoring and review of controversies of existing investments and makes recommendations to the investment team. This committee consists of compliance, risk, ESG, research and investment teams.

6. <u>Vote and engagement</u>

- The voting and engagement process was reviewed and strengthened:
 I. the Voting & Engagement Policy was reviewed, and additional guidelines were developed regarding our voting instructions on environmental, social and governance topics.
 - II. CMS internal process for evaluating and validating votes that are not casted in accordance with proxy voting recommendations was reinforced over the period.

At Sub-Fund level, the impact process has been rolled out both at selection and during bond's holding period:

 During the selection process, all investments underwent a rigorous impact case analysis to assess their alignment with the Sub-Fund's impact thesis.
 This assessment ensured that each company made a meaningful contribution to the overarching sustainability objectives of the Sub-Fund.

- In the monitoring phase, companies were tracked against one to three key performance indicators (KPIs), providing a structured approach to measuring progress.
- Engagement with selected companies in portfolio was driven by analysis of their progress against the KPIs.



How did this financial product perform compared to the reference benchmark?

Not applicable.

- How does the reference benchmark differ from a broad market index?
 Not applicable.
- How did this financial product perform with regard to the sustainability indicators to determine the alignment of the reference benchmark with the environmental or social characteristics promoted?

Not applicable.

- How did this financial product perform compared with the reference benchmark?
 Not applicable.
- How did this financial product perform compared with the broad market index?
 Not applicable.

Reference benchmarks are indexes to measure whether the financial product attains the environmental or social characteristics that they promote. Template periodic disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Product name: Tikehau European Sovereignty Fund (the "Sub-Fund")

Legal entity identifier: 9845000B870104137511

Environmental and/or social characteristics

investment means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices.

The **EU Taxonomy** is

Sustainable

a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of environmentally sustainable economic activities. That Regulation does not include a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not.

| Did this financial product have a sustainable investment objective? | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|
| Yes | • No | | | |
| investments with an environmental objective:% in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy | It promoted Environmental/Social (E/S) characteristics and while it did not have as its objective a sustainable investment, it had a proportion of 77% of sustainable investments with an environmental objective in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with an environmental objective in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with a social objective | | | |
| It made sustainable investments with a social objective:% | It promoted E/S characteristics, but did not make any sustainable investments | | | |

Please refer to Tikehau SFDR periodic disclosure calculations for more details about data sources, methodologies, and limitations.

To what extent were the environmental and/or social characteristics promoted by this financial product met?

The Sub-Fund promotes the following environmental/social characteristics:

- 1. The Sub-Fund promotes certain minimum environmental and social safeguards through applying exclusion criteria with regards to products and business practices that have been demonstrated to have negative impacts on the environment or society.
- 2. The Sub-Fund promotes business practices that uphold the United Nations Global Compact (UNGC) and OECD guidelines for Multinational Enterprises, avoiding companies that violate these principles.

3. The Sub-Fund refrains from investing in companies embedding a high ESG risk and places limitations on investments in companies with a medium ESG risk. Investments in companies classified as medium ESG risk are subject to a review by the Compliance-Risk-ESG working group, leveraging their specific expertise. This working group issues a favourable or unfavourable opinion, which will be considered for investment decision.

The Sub-Fund promotes Environmental/Social (E/S) characteristics and while it does not have as its objective a sustainable investment, it will have a minimum proportion of 40% of sustainable investments.

How did the sustainability indicators perform?

During the reference period (2024), we collected the following information on the sustainability indicators of the Sub-Fund:

| Sustainability indicator | Metric | Unit | Value in 2024 (annual average) | Comment |
|---|-----------------------------------|---|--|--|
| Number of holdings in the Fund found to be in breach of the Exclusion Policy adopted by the Tikehau Capital Group | | 0 | The Sub-Fund did not invest in companies in breach of the Exclusion Policy. | |
| Number of companies that are in violation of UNGC and OECD guidelines | | 0 | The Sub-Fund did not invest in companies in violations of UNGC and OECD guidelines. | |
| Proprietary ESG profile Score of companies in portfolio ¹ | Split per level of ESG risk | Percentage (out of investments promoting E/S characteristics) | - Acceptable ESG risk: 100% - Medium ESG risk: 0.00% - High ESG risk: 0.00% - Not score: 0.00% | At least 90% of companies were scored and the Sub-Fund did not invest in companies with a high ESG risk. |

The Sub-Fund's non-financial objectives were met in 2024. There were no cases of companies in breach of the Exclusion Policy, nor were there companies in violation of the UNGC and OECD guidelines during the reporting period.

During this period, the Sub-Fund only invested in companies with an "Acceptable ESG Risk", the lowest risk category from our methodology.

... and compared to previous periods?

Due to the limited life of the Sub-Fund, 2024 is the first period for which such data is available. Therefore, comparisons with previous periods are not yet possible.

Sustainability indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained.

¹ The methodology for ESG scores changed in 2024 and are now classified in different categories compared to previous periods.

What were the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially made and how did the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?

As from 30 January 2024, the Sub-Fund contemplates to making sustainable investments in companies that aim at positively contributing to different social and environmental objectives through their products and services, as well as their practices in line with recognised frameworks. The Group methodology incorporates various criteria into its definition of contribution to take into account the various dimension of environmental and social objectives that can be contributed to.

In practice, based on a pass-fail approach, the Sub-Fund shall consider that a company has a positive contribution (a "Positive Contributor") to the extent that, at company's level at least one of the criteria described below:

- Aligning with at least one of the United Nations' Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) – Alignment of a Positive Contributor is verified through a pass-failed test pursuant to which a minimum threshold of company's revenues or Opex/Capex must be contributing to one of the SDGs.
- Aligning with the European Taxonomy Alignment of a Positive Contributor
 is verified through a pass-failed test pursuant to which a minimum
 threshold of company's shares of revenues or Opex/Capex must be aligned
 with the European Taxonomy.
- Aligning with a Net Zero Framework Alignment of a Positive Contributor
 is verified through a pass-failed test pursuant to which the company must
 meet a certain decarbonisation status. The Management Company has
 selected eligible status defined by the Institutional Investors Group on
 Client Change (IIGCC) Net Zero Investment Framework. The pass-fail test
 performed by the Management Company relies on a qualitative analysis
 considering elements such as the companies' emission reduction targets,
 and carbon footprint.
- Aligning with best environmental and social practices Alignment of a
 Positive Contributor is verified through a pass-failed test pursuant to which
 (i) the company must be considered "best in class" in its sector on
 recognised KPIs such as one Principal Adverse Impact taken into account by
 the Sub-Fund and (ii) the company's ESG Score must be above its sector
 average.

These criteria may be amended at a later date to take into account improvements, for example in data availability and reliability, or any developments, including, but not limited to, regulations or other external benchmarks or initiatives.

Finally, companies identified as Positive Contributors may only be qualified as sustainable investment to the cumulative conditions that (i) they must not significantly undermine other environmental or social objectives (so called "do no

significantly harm principle" or "DNSH") and (ii) they must apply good corporate governance practices.

More details about the Group Sustainable Investment Framework in particular the methodology, thresholds and data source is available on the Group Sustainable Investing

Charter:

https://www.tikehaucapital.com/~/media/Files/T/TikehauCapital/publications/richarter-en-2017-12-06.pdfhttps://www.tikehaucapital.com

How did the sustainable investments that the financial product partially made not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

To ensure the sustainable investments comply with the DNSH in relation with any environmental or social sustainable investment objective, two pillars are used:

- The first pillar relies on the Exclusion Policy, which applies to any
 investment and covers the following topics that are directly related to some
 mandatory PAI indicators in Annex 1, Table 1 of the RTS of the SFDR:
 Controversial weapons, Violations of UN Global Compact principles, and
 Fossil Fuel involvement (coal and oil and gas).
- The second pillar is based on a DNSH test based on mandatory PAI indicators in Annex 1, Table 1 of the RTS of the SFDR where robust data is available. We focus on PAI 3 and 13.

How were the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors taken into account?

To ensure that the sustainable investments comply with the DNSH in relation with any environmental or social sustainable investment objective, the Sub-Fund shall take into account indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors belonging to the two following pillars:

The first pillar relies on exclusions and covers the following topics:

Controversial weapons, Violations of UN Global Compact principles, and Fossil fuel involvement (coal and oil and gas).

The second pillar relies on a DNSH test based on mandatory PAI indicators where robust data is available. The combination of the following indicators must be met to pass the DNSH test:

- GHG intensity: the company does not belong to the last decile compared to other companies within its sector
- Board diversity: the company does not belong to the last decile compared to other companies within its sector

Principal adverse impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anticorruption and antibribery matters.

 Controverses: the company is cleared of informed and verified controversy in relation to work conditions and human rights, environment, labour rights and corruption.

Were sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details:

OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights are integrated into the Exclusion Policy. Furthermore, the Management Company conducts controversy monitoring on a, at minimum, quarterly basis which includes companies identified for human rights violations. The analysis is based on the data from external provider. When controversies arise, an internal working group composed of team members from the Compliance, Risk and ESG teams is consulted is consulted to determine the best course of action based on their area expertise. The DNSH criteria also encompass a pass-fail test on controversies which include work conditions and human rights.

The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific Union criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.



How did this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

| Adverse sustainability indicator | Metric | Unit | Value 2024 | Coverage 2024 |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------|--|------------|------------------|
| 1. GHG emissions | Scope 1 GHG emissions | Tons CO2e / Million Euros Enterprise Value | 105 | 97.65% |
| | Scope 2 GHG emissions | Tons CO2e / Million Euros Enterprise Value | 111 | 97.65% |

| _ | T | T | 1 | |
|--|---|--|--------|--------|
| | Scope 3 GHG emissions | Tons CO2e / Million Euros Enterprise Value | 3,809 | 97.65% |
| | Total GHG emissions scope 1 & 2 | Tons CO2e / Million Euros Enterprise Value | 216 | 97.65% |
| | Total GHG emissions scope 1,2 & 3 | Tons CO2e / Million Euros Enterprise Value | 4,025 | 97.65% |
| 2. Carbon footprint | Carbon footprint scope 1 & 2 | Tons CO2e / Million Euros Enterprise Value | 20 | 97.65% |
| | Carbon footprint scope 1,2 & 3 | Tons CO2e / Million Euros Enterprise Value | 364 | 97.65% |
| 3. GHG intensity of investee companies | GHG intensity of investee companies scope 1 & 2 | Tons CO2e / Million Euros Revenue | 83 | 97.65% |
| | GHG intensity of investee companies scope 1,2 & 3 | Tons CO2e / Million Euros Revenue | 1,371 | 97.65% |
| 4. Exposure to companies active in the fossil fuel sector | Share of investments in companies active in the fossil fuel sector | Percentage | 3.02% | 97.65% |
| Optional 4. Investments in companies without carbon emission reduction initiatives | Share of companies without Carbon Emission Reduction initiatives | Percentage | 18.39% | 97.65% |
| 7. Activities negatively affecting biodiversity-sensitive areas | Share of investments in investee companies with sites/operations located in or near to biodiversity- sensitive areas where activities of those investee companies negatively affect those areas | Percentage | 0.00% | 97.65% |
| 10. Violations of UN Global Compact principles and Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises | Share of investments in investee companies that have been involved in violations of the UNGC principles or OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises | Percentage | 0.00% | 97.65% |

| 13. Management and supervisory board gender diversity | Average ratio of female to male management and supervisory board members in investee | Percentage | 40.07% | 97.65% |
|---|--|------------|--------|--------|
| | expressed as a percentage of all board members | | | |
| 14. Exposure to controversial weapons (antipersonnel mines, cluster munitions, chemical weapons and biological weapons) | Share of investments in investee companies involved in the manufacture or selling of controversial weapons | Percentage | 0.00% | 97.65% |

The list includes the investments constituting the greatest proportion of investments of the financial product as of 31/12/2024.

- Due to the limited life of the Sub-Fund, 2024 is the first period for which such data is available. Therefore, comparisons with previous periods are not yet possible, especially for PAIs related to GHG emissions, carbon footprint and GHG intensity.
- The PAI related to Fossil fuel involvement is due to exposures related to companies from the Utilities sector. These exposures are consistent with Tikehau Exclusion policy, which relies on Urgewald Global Coal Exclusion List and Urgewald Oil and Gas Exclusion List. The definition of the PAI maintained by our external provider encompasses a wider scope than our exclusion policy². Consequently, there is reported exposure to fossil fuels involvement in 2024, despite the absence of any violations of our exclusion policy.
- There was no exposure to companies negatively affecting biodiversity-sensitive areas.
- On social topics, we have no exposure to companies in violations of the UNGC and OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises, nor exposure to controversial weapons. In addition, the Average ratio of female to male management and supervisory board members is decent.

Overall, the coverage levels of PAIs were notably high.



What were the top investments of this financial product?

| Largest Investments | BICS Sector | % Assets | Country |
|---------------------|-------------|----------|---------|
|---------------------|-------------|----------|---------|

i. 2 "Companies that derive any revenues from exploration, mining, extraction, distribution or refining of hard coal and lignite;

ii. companies that derive any revenues from the exploration, extraction, distribution (including transportation, storage and trade) or refining of liquid fossil fuels; and

iii. companies that derive any revenues from exploring and extracting fossil gaseous fuels or from their dedicated distribution (including transportation, storage and trade)"

| ASML HOLDING NV | Semiconductors | 5.14% | Netherlands |
|---------------------|--------------------------|-------|-------------|
| SAP SE | Software & Services | 4.28% | Germany |
| RHEINMETALL AG | Industrial Products | 3.87% | Germany |
| AIRBUS SE | Aerospace & Defense | 3.72% | France |
| AIR LIQUIDE SA | Materials | 3.59% | France |
| SAFRAN SA | Aerospace & Defense | 3.22% | France |
| DEUTSCHE BOERSE AG | Financial Services | 2.88% | Germany |
| QIAGEN N.V. | Health Care | 2.87% | Netherlands |
| AMADEUS IT GROUP SA | Software & Tech Services | 2.85% | Spain |
| EURONEXT NV | Financial Services | 2.63% | Netherlands |
| IBERDROLA SA | Utilities | 2.58% | Spain |
| VINCI SA | Industrial Other | 2.55% | France |
| | Electrical Equipment | | |
| LEGRAND SA | Manufacturing | 2.49% | France |
| KONE OYJ-B | Industrial Products | 2.48% | Finland |
| AENA SME SA | Industrial Services | 2.48% | Spain |



What was the proportion of sustainability-related investments?

The proportion of the Sub-Fund aligned with sustainable investment objectives was 78%.

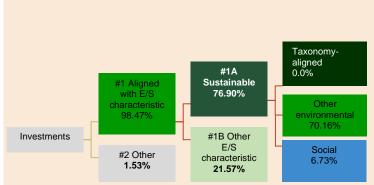
What was the asset allocation?

Asset allocation describes the share of investments in specific assets.

To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for fossil gas include limitations on emissions and switching to fully renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For nuclear energy, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules.

Enabling activities directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective.

Transitional activities are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.



#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

#2 Other includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

The category #1 Aligned with E/S characteristics covers:

- The sub-category #1A Sustainable covers environmentally and socially sustainable investments.
- The sub-category **#1B Other E/S characteristics** covers investments aligned with the environmental or social characteristics that do not qualify as sustainable investments

We take into consideration Taxonomy alignment as a criteria for our sustainable investment contribution. However, as the methodology of counting for Sustainable Investment (pass/fail test) is different than prescribed methodology for Taxonomy alignment computation, and to avoid double counting, we do not report this contribution as Taxonomy-aligned in the graph above. For details on Taxonomy-alignment, please refer to the dedicated questions.

In which economic sectors were the investments made?

| BICS Industry | BICS Sector | % Assets |
|---------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------|
| Health Care | Health Care | 18.28% |
| Industrials | Industrial Products | 13.93% |
| Industrials | Aerospace & Defense | 9.23% |
| Technology | Software & Tech Services | 6.72% |
| Technology | Semiconductors | 5.69% |
| Technology | Software & Services | 5.54% |
| Financials | Financial Services | 5.52% |
| Consumer Staples | Consumer Staple Products | 5.01% |
| Materials | Materials | 3.59% |
| Utilities | Utilities | 3.56% |
| Consumer Discretionary | Consumer Discretionary Products | 2.89% |

| Industrials | Industrial Other | 2.55% |
|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------|
| Industrials | Electrical Equipment Manufacturing | 2.49% |
| Industrials | Industrial Services | 2.48% |
| Consumer Discretionary | Consumer Services | 2.18% |
| Utilities | Utilities | 1.92% |
| Consumer Staples | Consumer Products | 1.50% |
| Health Care | Pharmaceuticals | 1.42% |
| Materials | Construction Materials Manufacturing | 1.23% |
| Consumer Staples | Food & Beverage | 1.04% |
| Consumer Discretionary | Apparel & Textile Products | 0.98% |
| Technology | Tech Hardware & Semiconductors | 0.63% |

The breakdown was performed with the BICS level 2 classification as it is the most granular data available for all investments.



To what extent were the sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The Sub-Fund is not currently committed to making sustainable investments within the meaning of the EU Taxonomy.

Did the financial product invest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related activities complying with the EU Taxonomy³?

| | Yes: | | |
|---|------|---------------|-------------------|
| | | In fossil gas | In nuclear energy |
| X | No | | |

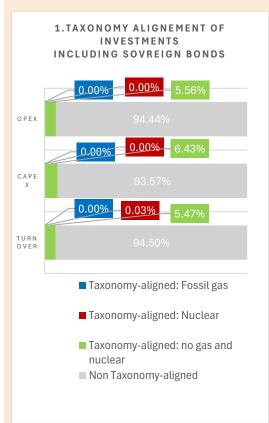
³ Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.

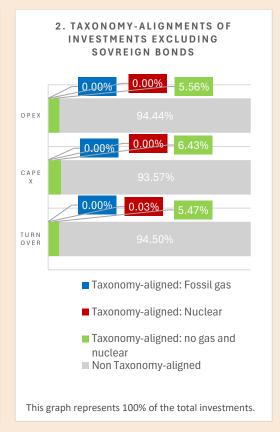
Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

- turnover
 reflecting the
 share of revenue
 from green
 activities of
 investee
 companies.
- capital
 expenditure
 (CapEx) showing
 the green
 investments made
 by investee
 companies, e.g. for
 a transition to a
 green economy.
- operational expenditure (OpEx) reflecting green operational activities of investee companies.

are sustainable investments with an environmental objective that do not take into account the criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities under Regulation (EU) 2020/852.

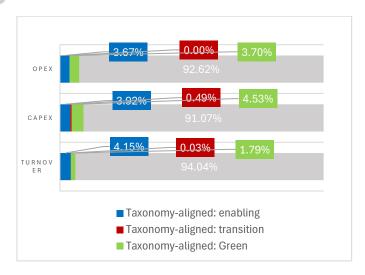
The graphs below show in green the percentage of investments that were aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds*, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds.





* For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures.

What was the share of investments made in transitional and enabling activities?



How did the percentage of investments that were aligned with the EU Taxonomy compare with previous reference periods?

Due to the limited life of the Sub-Fund, 2024 is the first period for which such data is available. Therefore, comparisons with previous periods are not yet possible



What was the share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

70.17%: this number represents investments satisfying DNSH and good governance tests with a positive contribution on one of more of the following:

- Aligning with at least one of the United Nations' Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)
- Aligning with the European Taxonomy
- Aligning with a Net Zero Framework
- Aligning with best environmental and social practices.



What was the share of socially sustainable investments?

7.36%: this number represents investments satisfying DNSH and good governance tests with a positive contribution only the following criteria: Aligning with best social practices.



What investments were included under "other", what was their purpose and were there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

Other investments include cash and cash equivalent as well as bonds and other debt securities issued by public or quasi-public issuers, deposits held on an ancillary basis, derivative instruments for hedging purposes, and securities whose performances are swapped via TRS over a period exceeding one month. As such, they are not subject to any minimum environmental or social safeguards.



What actions have been taken to meet the environmental and/or social characteristics during the reference period?

The following actions were carried out by Tikehau Capital in 2024 to meet the environmental and social characteristics during the pre- and investment phases of the reporting period:

1. Net Zero

- As part of Tikehau's commitment to the Net Zero Asset Managers (NZAM) initiative, interim targets for each business line have been set and developed using methodologies derived from the Net Zero Investment Framework (NZIF). For the Capital Markets Strategies business line, the NZIF portfolio coverage approach was used to set targets of 50% of in-scope AuM to be net zero or aligned to net zero by 2030. The in-scope AuM includes all SFDR Article 8 and 9 funds within the scope of the target.
- The NZIF approach defines five categories, each a progressive step towards alignment with a net zero pathway, "Not Aligned", "Committed to Aligning", "Aligning", "Aligned" and "Net Zero". The portfolio coverage target aims to transition portfolios towards issuers that are categorised as net zero or aligned to net zero, as determined by a set of backward- and forward-looking indicators. Issuers that are aligning to net zero or committed to aligning are issuers that are in earlier stages in their net zero journey.

2. ESG integration

- Following the decision of Tikehau Capital to strengthen its ESG rating tool, ESG scores have been based on S&P Global methodologies since January 2024:
- i. S&P Global's CSA (Corporate Sustainability Assessment) measures the performance and management of a company's material ESG risks, opportunities, and impacts, based on a combination of information reported by the company, of media and stakeholder analysis, of modelling approaches and of in-depth company engagement.
- ii. The "Provisional CSA Fundamental Score", adapted for companies not covered by S&P, measures the performance of a company and its management of significant ESG risks, opportunities, and impacts, based on a combination of information provided by the company and, where applicable, by due diligence work by Tikehau Capital's research and/or investment teams or third-party consultants.
 - These quantitative ESG scores are then classified into the following 3 categories:
 - Acceptable ESG risk,
 - · Medium ESG risk, and
 - · High ESG risk.
 - Only investments in issuers that represent an acceptable ESG risk are allowed without prior internal approval. Issuers with a medium ESG risk are subject to review by the Compliance-Risk-ESG working group, which provides recommendations on the investment according to their respective area of expertise. Investments representing a high ESG risk are excluded. This approach is aligned with the process applicable prior to January 2024.

3. Monitoring of ESG constraints

- Starting from May 2024, the Weighted Average Carbon Intensity of the Sub-Fund is calculated only on scopes 1 & 2. Indeed, there are practical challenges with reporting, estimation, and calculation of scope 3 data, which has led to a fragmented data landscape that lacks coverage and quality across the investable universe. Whilst the data is improving, including due to notable efforts by a few industry actors, we found that it was often inconsistent and very volatile from one reporting year to another. Particularly, banks have exceptionally volatile scope 3 emissions, which can disproportionately skew results when in portfolio. We have therefore decided to work only with aggregated data at scope 1 & 2 level.
- Two internal monitoring tools were developed and rolled out to automatise the tracking of the key environmental and social characteristics promoted by the Sub-Fund, including carbon metrics.

4. Exclusions

- The Group's exclusion policy has been updated to include the upstream and midstream palm oil value chain.
- In addition, a list of sensitive sectors for investment monitoring was added and a sustainability monitoring list for automated screening based on the Sustainability Risk Monitoring Policy was created.
- Additional third-party data providers were added to monitor our exclusions and additional controls to identify companies that would be subject to sector or controversial exclusions have been rolled out.

5. Controverses

Tikehau Capital pays particular attention to anticipating and monitoring controversies. A Tikehau Investment Management - Controversy Management Committee was created in April 2024 to complement the existing process. This committee oversees the monitoring and review of controversies of existing investments and makes recommendations to the investment team. This committee consists of compliance, risk, ESG, research and investment teams.

6. Vote and engagement

- The voting and engagement process was reviewed and strengthened:
 - I. the Voting & Engagement Policy was reviewed, and additional guidelines were developed regarding our voting instructions on environmental, social and governance topics.
 - II. CMS internal process for evaluating and validating votes that are not casted in accordance with proxy voting recommendations was reinforced over the period.

At Sub-Fund level, the following actions were taken to meet the environmental and social characteristics:

In the pre-investment process, issuer selection has been key to ensure the respect of the sustainability indicators set out by the Sub-Fund. All potential issuers went through the same process of analysis to ensure they did not breach sectoral or norm-based exclusion criteria, present the appropriate level of ESG risk and in a range of emissions intensity, consistent with the investment universe's WACI.

Throughout the reporting period, the Sub-Fund held three companies with an elevated controversy score assigned by our third-party data provider. The cases have been reviewed by the Controversy Management Committee. It was decided that the companies should remain under heightened monitoring while maintaining the existing investment position.



How did this financial product perform compared to the reference benchmark?

Not applicable.

- How does the reference benchmark differ from a broad market index?
 Not applicable.
- How did this financial product perform with regard to the sustainability indicators to determine the alignment of the reference benchmark with the environmental or social characteristics promoted?

Not applicable.

- How did this financial product perform compared with the reference benchmark?
 Not applicable.
- How did this financial product perform compared with the broad market index?`
 Not applicable.

Reference benchmarks are indexes to measure whether the financial product attains the environmental or social characteristics that they promote.