ANNEX ACCORDING TO THE DISCLOSURE AND TAXONOMY REGULATION (UNAUDITED)

Periodic disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Sustainable investment

means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices.

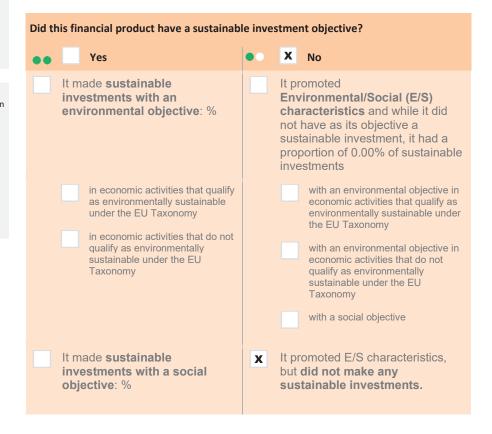
The EU Taxonomy is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of environmentally sustainable economic activities. That Regulation does not include a list of socially sustainable.

environmentally sustainable economic activities. That Regulation does not include a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not.

Product name: MainFirst - Global Equities Fund

Legal entity identifier: 529900IF1NEH8Z5TVR58

Environmental and/or social characteristics





To what extent were the environmental and/or social characteristics promoted by the financial product fulfilled?

The sub-fund promotes the following E/S characteristics:

- climate change mitigation
- slowing of climate change
- protection of human rights
- protection of labour rights
- protection of health
- mitigation of gun violence
- mitigation of corruption
- avoidance of unethical business practices
- promotion of good corporate governance
- mitigation of child labour and forced labour

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Sustainability indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained.

How did the sustainability indicators perform?

All equity investments were screened against the exclusion criteria and the ESG score of the fund was below the ESG score of the benchmark at all times.

31/12/2024

Portfolio Value 1,160.51 2,024.57
2,024.57
10,523.63
eq) 3,185.08
O2eq) 13,708.72
eq/EURm) 10.32
42.47
eq/EURm) 39.98
220.47
0.00
0.00
0.00
(

...and compared to previous periods?

All equity investments were screened against the exclusion criteria and the ESG score of the fund was below the ESG score of the benchmark at all times.

What were the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intended to make and how does the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?

E/S characteristics are promoted with the financial product, but no sustainable investments will be made.

Principal adverse impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anticorruption and antibribery matters.

How have the sustainable investments, which were in part made with the financial product, not caused significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

Principal adverse impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anticorruption and antibribery matters.E/S characteristics are promoted with the financial product, but no sustainable investments will be made.

How were the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors taken into account?

E/S characteristics are promoted with the financial product, but no sustainable investments will be made.

Were sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details:

E/S characteristics are promoted with the financial product, but no sustainable investments will be made.

The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do no significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific Union criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.

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How did this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

In the sub-fund, the principal adverse impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors set out in Annex 1 of Table I of Regulation (EU) 2022/1288 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 6 April 2022 are taken into account in the context of Article 7 of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088. The following adverse impacts on sustainability factors are taken into account in the investment process:

- No. 1 "Greenhouse gas emissions" (Scope 1, Scope 2, Scope 3, Total)
- No. 2 "Carbon footprint"

- No. 4 "Participation in fossil fuel companies"
 No. 10 "Violations of the Principles of the UN Global Compact and the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises
 No. 14 "Exposure to controversial weapons (anti-personnel mines, cluster munitions, chemical weapons and biological weapons)

The portfolio managers use the external analyses of Sustainalytics and, when needed, public documents of the companies and notes from direct dialogues with the company management to identify, measure and evaluate adverse sustainability impacts. The adverse sustainability impacts can then be subjected to comprehensive analysis and taken into account in investment decisions.



The list includes the investments constituting the greatest proportion of investments of the financial product during the reference period which is: 01/01/2024 - 31/12/2024

What are the main investments of this financial product?

Largest investments	Sector	% Assets	Country
Amazon.com Inc.	TRADE, MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR OF MOTOR VEHICLES AND MOTORCYCLES	4.66	United States of America
Dte. Börse Commodities GmbH/Gold Ounce 999 Cert. v.07(2199)	FINANCIAL AND INSURANCE ACTIVITIES	4.61	Germany
Amundi Physical Metals PLC/Gold Ounce 999 Cert. v.19(2118)	FINANCIAL AND INSURANCE ACTIVITIES	4.47	Ireland
Compagnie Financière Richemont SA	PROVISION OF PROFESSIONAL, SCIENTIFIC AND TECHNICAL SERVICES	4.42	Switzerland
Microsoft Corporation	INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION	4.37	United States of America
Trip.com Group Ltd.	FINANCIAL AND INSURANCE ACTIVITIES	4.31	Cayman Islands
L'Oréal S.A.	PROVISION OF PROFESSIONAL, SCIENTIFIC AND TECHNICAL SERVICES	3.73	France
Meta Platforms Inc.	INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION	3.71	United States of America
SAP SE	INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION	3.69	Germany
Chocoladefabriken Lindt & Sprüngli AG	MANUFACTURING	3.42	Switzerland
NVIDIA Corporation	MANUFACTURING	3.40	United States of America
Tesla Inc.	MANUFACTURING	3.33	United States of America
LVMH Moët Hennessy Louis Vuitton SE	PROVISION OF PROFESSIONAL, SCIENTIFIC AND TECHNICAL SERVICES	3.25	France
Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Co. Ltd.	MANUFACTURING	2.86	Taiwan
SK Hynix Inc.	MANUFACTURING	2.76	South Korea

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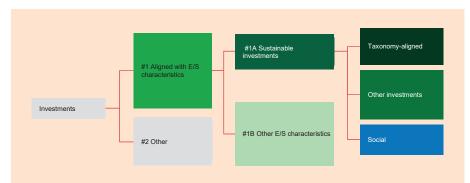
What was the share of sustainability-related investments?

Sustainability-related investments refers to all investments that contribute to achieving the environmental and/or social characteristics of the investment strategy.

The share of sustainability-related investments is shown in the following graphic.

What were the asset allocations?

Asset allocation describes the share of investments in specific assets.



#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product. The share of these investments amounts to 84.78% as at the reporting date.

#2 Other includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments. The share of these investments amounts to 15.22% as at the reporting date.

Category #1 Aligned with environmental or social characteristics includes the following sub-categories:

- The sub-category **#1A Sustainable** covers environmentally and socially sustainable investments. The share of these investments amounts to 0.00% as at the reporting date.
- The sub-category #1B Other E/S characteristics covers investments aligned with the environmental or social characteristics that do not qualify as sustainable investments. The share of these investments amounts to 84.78% as at the reporting date.

In which economic sectors were the investments made?

In addition, in the period under review, 0.0% of investments were made in the fossil fuel sector. The proportion includes companies that generate revenue in the fossil fuel sector, including the extraction, processing, storage and transport of petroleum products, natural gas and thermal and metallurgical coal.

Sector	Sub-sector	% Assets
***** not defined *****	***** not defined *****	0.59
MINING AND QUARRYING	Mining of non-ferrous metal ores	2.62
MINING AND QUARRYING	Other mining, quarrying n.e.c.	1.97
MINING AND QUARRYING	Mining of other non-ferrous metal ores	2.59
FINANCIAL AND INSURANCE ACTIVITIES	Equity investments	4.31
FINANCIAL AND INSURANCE ACTIVITIES	Other financial service activities n.e.c.	4.61
FINANCIAL AND INSURANCE ACTIVITIES	Activities of trust, estate and agency accounts	4.47
PROVISION OF PROFESSIONAL, SCIENTIFIC AND TECHNICAL SERVICES	Business and other management consultancy activities	13.90
ADMINISTRATIVE AND SUPPORT SERVICE ACTIVITIES	Travel agencies	0.25
ADMINISTRATIVE AND SUPPORT SERVICE ACTIVITIES	Travel agencies, tour operators and other reservation service providers	0.26
ADMINISTRATIVE AND SUPPORT SERVICE ACTIVITIES	Renting and leasing of construction and civil engineering machinery and equipment	0.39
ACCOMMODATION AND FOOD SERVICE ACTIVITIES	Restaurants, pubs, snack bars, cafés, ice cream parlours, etc.	1.27

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TRADE, MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR OF MOTOR VEHICLES AND MOTORCYCLES	Mail order and internet retail trade	4.66
INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION	Computing infrastructure, data processing, hosting and other information service activities	7.88
INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION	Computer programming activities	5.25
INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION	Other software publishing	6.87
INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION	Web portals	0.41
MANUFACTURING	Manufacture of batteries and accumulators	2.58
MANUFACTURING	Manufacture of electricity distribution and control apparatus	1.00
MANUFACTURING	Manufacture of motor vehicles	3.33
MANUFACTURING	Manufacture of other special- purpose machinery n.e.c.	3.54
MANUFACTURING	Manufacture of instruments and appliances for measuring, testing and navigation	2.31
MANUFACTURING	Manufacture of soap and detergents, cleaning and polishing preparations	4.50
MANUFACTURING	Manufacture of cocoa, chocolate and sugar confectionery	3.42
MANUFACTURING	Manufacture of weapons and ammunition	2.63
MANUFACTURING	Manufacture of electronic components	6.99
MANUFACTURING	Manufacture of electronic components and boards	3.40
MANUFACTURING	Manufacture of medical and dental instruments and supplies	1.06
MANUFACTURING	Manufacture of basic pharmaceutical products	0.72
MANUFACTURING	Leather processing (excluding manufacture of leather garments)	1.02

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With respect to EU Taxonomy compliance, the criteria for fossil gas include limiting emissions and switching to fully renewable energy or lowcarbon fuels by the end of 2035. The criteria for **nuclear** energy include comprehensive safety and waste management regulations. **Enabling activities** directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective. Transitional activities are economic activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and that have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.



To what extent were sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The share of Taxonomy-aligned investments was calculated on the basis of the total portfolio or the total portfolio excluding government issuers. The measurement of the investments with regard to the previously mentioned asset allocation in "#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics", "#2 Other investments" and "#1A Sustainable investments" was not taken into account.

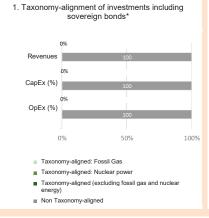
Did the financial product invest in EU Taxonomy-aligned fossil gas and/or nuclear energy activities²?

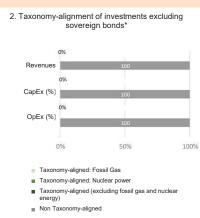
	Yes	
	In fossil gas	In nuclear power
X	No	

Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

- **Turnover** reflecting the share of revenue from green activities of investee companies
- Capital expenditure (CapEx) showing the green investments made by investee companies, e.g. for a transition to a green economy
- **Operational expenditure** (OpEx) reflecting green operational activities of investee companies

The following charts present the minimum percentage of EU Taxonomy-aligned investments in green. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the Taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds*, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy-alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product that includes sovereign bonds.





This chart reflects 100.00% of the total

What is the share of investments made in transitional and enabling activities?

Enabling activities: 0.00%

Transitional activities: 0.00%

^{*} For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' excludes sovereign exposures.

² Fossil gas and/or nuclear energy activities are only EU Taxonomy-aligned if they contribute to climate change mitigation and do not significantly affect any EU Taxonomy objective - see explanation in the left margin. The detailed criteria for EU Taxonomy-aligned economic activities in the sector of fossil gas and nuclear energy are set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.

ANNEX ACCORDING TO THE DISCLOSURE AND TAXONOMY REGULATION (UNAUDITED)

How has the share of investments brought into line with the EU Taxonomy evolved compared to previous reference periods?

All equity investments were screened against the exclusion criteria and the ESG score of the fund was below the ESG score of the benchmark at all times.

Reporting period	2024	2023
Taxonomy-aligned	0.37%	No information

are sustainable investments with an environmental objective that do not take into account the criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities under Regulation (EU) 2020/852.



What was the share of non-EU- Taxonomy-compliant sustainable investments with an environmental objective?

E/S characteristics are promoted with the financial product, but no sustainable investments will be made.



What was the share of socially sustainable investments?

E/S characteristics are promoted with the financial product, but no sustainable investments will be made.



What investments were included under "other", what was their purpose and were there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

This includes hedging instruments, investments for diversification purposes, investments for which no data is available and cash. The sustainability indicators used to measure the achievement of the individual E/S characteristics in "#1 Investments geared towards E/S characteristics" are not systematically applied in "#2 Other".

Minimum social and environmental protection is available for investments where a UNGC audit is possible. This includes, for example, shares, but not cash or derivatives.



What measures were taken during the reference period to fulfil the environmental and/or social characteristics?

Exclusion criteria are applied prior to security selection in order to achieve the sustainability characteristics: mitigation of environmental damage, slowing of climate change, protection of human rights, protection of labour rights, protection of health, mitigation of armed violence, mitigation of corruption, avoidance of unethical business practices, promotion of good corporate governance, mitigation of child and forced labour.

The investment focus may be on large-, mid- and small-caps. Stock selection is based on comprehensive company analyses (bottom-up); structurally small- and mid-capitalised companies are included in the investment mix (barbell strategy).

The Sustainalytics scoring model is used to monitor and independently confirm the company's commitment to sustainability. Within this process, the defined PAIs are also taken into account. Engagement is an integral part of achieving the environmental and social objectives of the investment strategy. Solid corporate governance is an essential factor for increasing the value of any company. As a shareholder, we understand the necessity of actively participating in the development of a company. Necessity in this context refers to the portfolio management team's active dialogue with the company in the portfolio as well as the exercise of voting rights at general meetings.

Close contact with the portfolio companies ensures a continuous focus on fundamental factors as well as sustainability factors. The aim of the engagement activity is to actively influence the ESG profile of the companies throughout the investment period and therefore to reduce negative impacts on sustainability factors.

Taking account of various aspects such as sustainability and corporate strategy, our aim is to exercise our voting rights actively, comprehensively and in the best possible way in the interest of the investors and to implement our policies.

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Reference benchmarks are indexes to measure whether the financial product attains the environmental or social characteristics that they promote.

How did this financial product perform compared to the specific reference benchmark?

No benchmark was defined within the framework of the sustainability strategy.

- How does the reference benchmark differ from a broad market index?
 No reference benchmark is designated to determine whether the (sub)fund is aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics that it promotes.
- How did this financial product perform with regard to the sustainability indicators to determine the alignment of the reference benchmark with the environmental or social characteristics promoted?

No benchmark was defined within the framework of the sustainability strategy.

• How did this financial product perform compared with the reference benchmark?

No benchmark was defined within the framework of the sustainability strategy.

How did this financial product perform compared to the broad market index?

No benchmark was defined within the framework of the sustainability strategy.