ODDO BHF POLARIS DYNAMIC

Pre-contractual disclosures for financial products referred to in Article 8 (1), (2) and (2a) of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6 (1) of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Environmental and/or social characteristics

Product name: ODDO BHF Polaris Dynamic

ODDO BHF Polaris Dynamic (the "**Sub-Fund**") is a sub-fund of the SICAV ODDO BHF II.

Legal Entity Identifier (LEI): 529900JNJK6RERUTEI40

DOES THIS FINANCIAL PRODUCT HAVE A SUSTAINABLE INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE?

●● □ Yes	●● ⊠ No
□ It will make a minimum of sustainable investments with an environmental objective: N/A% □ in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy □ in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy □ It will make a minimum of sustainable investments with a social objective: N/A%	 ☑ It promotes Environmental/Social (E/S) characteristics and while it does not have as its objective a sustainable investment, it will have a minimum proportion of 10% of sustainable investments. ☑ with an environmental objective in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy ☑ with an environmental objective in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy ☐ with a social objective ☐ It promotes E/S characteristics but will not make any sustainable investments.

WHAT ENVIRONMENTAL AND/OR SOCIAL CHARACTERISTICS ARE PROMOTED BY

THIS FINANCIAL PRODUCT?



The Sub-Fund promotes environmental characteristics. This is reflected in the construction and weighting of the portfolio on the basis of MSCI ESG Ratings, exclusions and monitoring of controversies by the Investment Manager.

Sustainability indicators

Sustainable investment means an investment in an economic activity that

objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any

environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance

The **EU Taxonomy** is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of **environmentally sustainable economic activities**. That Regulation does not include a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not.

contributes to an environmental or social

practices.

measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained.

WHAT SUSTAINABILITY INDICATORS ARE USED TO MEASURE THE ATTAINMENT OF EACH OF THE ENVIRONMENTAL OR SOCIAL CHARACTERISTICS PROMOTED BY THIS FINANCIAL PRODUCT?

The MSCI ESG rating model uses various features and indicators. The Sub-Fund's monthly ESG report currently includes the following indicators that demonstrate that these have been achieved:

- The portfolio's weighted MSCI ESG rating to assess overall achievement of environmental and social characteristics:
- The weighted MSCI score to assess the quality of corporate governance;
- The weighted MSCI score to assess human capital;
- The Sub-Fund's carbon intensity (weighted sum of: CO₂ Scope 1 and Scope 2 emissions divided by the revenue of the relevant company).

Principal adverse impacts

are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anti-corruption and anti-bribery matters.

WHAT ARE THE OBJECTIVES OF THE SUSTAINABLE INVESTMENTS THAT THE FINANCIAL PRODUCT PARTIALLY INTENDS TO MAKE AND HOW DOES THE SUSTAINABLE INVESTMENT CONTRIBUTE TO SUCH OBJECTIVES?

The Sub-Fund's sustainable investments pursue the following objectives:

- 1. EU Taxonomy: Contribution to climate change adaptation and mitigation and the four other environmental objectives of the EU Taxonomy. This contribution is demonstrated by the weighted total amount of EU Taxonomy-aligned revenues of each investment in the portfolio and based on the data published by investee companies. If there is no available data on investee companies, MSCI research can be used.
- 2. Environment: Contribution to environmental impacts as defined by MSCI ESG Research through the "sustainable impact" section in relation to environmental objectives. This includes impacts on the following categories: alternative energy, energy efficiency, green building, sustainable water, pollution prevention and control, sustainable agriculture.

HOW DO THE SUSTAINABLE INVESTMENTS THAT THE FINANCIAL PRODUCT PARTIALLY INTENDS TO MAKE, NOT CAUSE SIGNIFICANT HARM TO ANY ENVIRONMENTAL OR SOCIAL SUSTAINABLE INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE?

The following approach is defined to be consistent with Article 2(17) of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 on sustainability-related disclosure requirements in the financial services sector.

- 1. Rating exclusions: The Sub-Fund does not invest in issuers with an MSCI ESG rating of "CCC" or "B".
- 2. Sector and standard-related exclusions: The exclusion policy is applied to exclude sectors that have the most significant negative impact on the sustainability objectives.

This exclusion policy is consistent with or complements the Sub-Fund's specific exclusions and includes coal, UNGC, unconventional oil and gas, controversial weapons, tobacco, biodiversity destruction and fossil fuel production in the Arctic.

3. Consideration of the main adverse impacts: The Investment Manager sets control rules (before trading) for certain selected significantly harmful activities: Exposure to controversial weapons (PAI 14 and 0% tolerance), activities negatively impacting biodiversity-sensitive areas (PAI 7 and 0% tolerance), CO_2 intensity of the Sub-Fund (PAI 3 and lower than the investment universe) and serious violations of the principles of the UN Global Compact and the Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises (PAI 10 and 0% tolerance).

For the other adverse impacts 1. GHG emissions, 2. Carbon footprint, 4. Exposure to companies active in the fossil fuel sector, 5. Share of non-renewable energy consumption and energy production, 6. Energy consumption intensity per high impact climate sector, 8. Emissions to water, 9. Hazardous and radioactive waste ratio, 11. Lack of processes and compliance mechanisms to monitor compliance with UNGC principles and OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises, 12. Unadjusted gender pay gap, 13. Board gender diversity, 15. GHG intensity, 16. Investee countries subject to social violations - the Investment Manager has not set any explicit control rules. These adverse impacts are only considered in the context of the MSCI ESG Scores for individual companies or countries, where applicable.

4. Dialogue, engagement and voting: Our policy of dialogue, engagement and voting supports the goal of avoiding significant harm by identifying key risks and making our voices heard to drive change and improvement.

HOW WERE THE INDICATORS FOR ADVERSE IMPACTS ON SUSTAINABILITY TAKEN INTO ACCOUNT?

Regulation (EU) 2020/852 defines certain areas that may in principle have a negative impact ("PAI"). The Investment Manager applies the pre-trade rules to three PAIs: Exposure to controversial weapons (PAI 14 and 0% tolerance), activities negatively impacting biodiversity-sensitive areas (PAI 7 and 0% tolerance), CO_2 intensity of the Sub-Fund (PAI 3 and lower than the investment universe) and serious violations of the principles of the UN Global Compact and the

Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises (PAI 10 and 0% tolerance).

MSCI ESG ratings also incorporate environmental, social and governance issues when the use of other PAI core data for companies and governments can support their ESG rating. For companies, ESG analysis includes, where data is available, monitoring of greenhouse gas emissions (PAI 1), lack of processes and compliance mechanisms to monitor compliance with the principles of the UN Global Compact and the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises (PAI 11), and board gender diversity (PAI 13). For government issuers, GHG intensity per capita (PAI 15, usually based on GDP rather than per capita) and countries in which investments are made that are subject to social violations (PAI 16) are also taken into account.

However, the Investment Manager does not set specific objectives or defined control rules for these other core PAIs apart from those mentioned in the first paragraph.

For more information about MSCI ESG Ratings visit https://www.msci.com/zh/esg-ratings.

HOW ARE THE SUSTAINABLE INVESTMENTS ALIGNED WITH THE OECD GUIDELINES FOR MULTINATIONAL ENTERPRISES AND THE UN GUIDING PRINCIPLES ON BUSINESS AND HUMAN RIGHTS? DETAILS:

The Management Company shall ensure that the Sub-Fund's sustainable investments comply with the United Nations Global Compact (UNGC) exclusion list as described in the Management Company's exclusion policy. Due to poor data quality, OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the United Nations Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights are currently not considered directly. However, individual aspects from the aforementioned Guidelines and Guiding Principles are considered indirectly (via the ESG Ratings from MSCI ESG Research).

The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do no significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific EU criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm environmental or social objectives.

DOES THIS FINANCIAL PRODUCT CONSIDER PRINCIPAL ADVERSE IMPACTS ON SUSTAINABILITY FACTORS?

☑ Yes, in accordance with the provisions of Article 8 in accordance with Article 6 of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 November 2019 on sustainability-related disclosures in the financial services sector ("SFDR"), the Investment Manager takes sustainability risks into account by integrating ESG (environmental, social and governance) criteria into the investment decision-making process. This process also makes it possible to assess the management team's ability to manage the adverse impacts of their business activities on sustainability. Exposure to controversial weapons (PAI 14), activities that negatively affect biodiversity-sensitive areas (PAI 7) and violations of the principles of the UNGC and the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises (PAI 10) are not tolerated. Any such issuers shall be excluded from the portfolio.

Information in accordance with Article 11 of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 can be found in the annual report, on the website: "am.oddo-bhf.com", and on request from the Management Company.

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WHAT INVESTMENT STRATEGY DOES THIS FINANCIAL PRODUCT FOLLOW?

The investment strategy

guides investment decisions based on factors such as investment objectives and risk tolerance. The Sub-Fund actively invests worldwide in equities. The Investment Manager incorporates sustainability risks into its investment process by considering ESG (environmental, social and good governance) characteristics in investment decisions as

well as principal adverse impacts that investment decisions may have on sustainability factors. The investment process is based on ESG integration, normative screening (including UN Global Compact, controversial weapons), sector exclusions and a best-in-class approach. The Sub-Fund's investments are thus subject to ESG restrictions. The Management Company observes the United Nations Principles for Responsible Investment (UN PRI) with respect to environmental, social, and governance issues, and also applies them in its commitments by e.g. exercising voting rights, actively exercising shareholder and creditor rights and engaging in dialogue with issuers. Issuers that significantly violate the principles of the UN Global Compact are excluded.

The Sub-Fund's initial investment universe for both equities and corporate bonds is companies in the MSCI ACWI Index ("Parent Index")**. The Sub-Fund may also invest in companies or issuers from OECD countries with a market capitalisation of at least EUR 100 million or with at least EUR 100 million in bonds issued. These are also subject to ESG analysis.

An ESG filter is applied, resulting in the exclusion of at least 20% of the companies included in the parent Index.

The ESG filter is based on the following ratings, among others:

- 1. The MSCI ESG Rating evaluates the exposure of companies to ESG related risks and opportunities on a scale of CCC (worst rating) to AAA (best rating). It is based on the sub-ratings on a scale of 0 (worst) to 10 (best) for the environment, social and governance areas.
- The Sub-Fund does not invest in issuers with an MSCI ESG Rating of "CCC" or "B".
- 2. MSCI Business Involvement Screening provides an analysis of the turnover generated in potentially critical sectors by companies under consideration. The Sub-Fund does not acquire the securities of companies generating any turnover with controversial weapons (biological/chemical weapons, cluster munitions, blinding laser weapons, land mines, etc.), or more than a specified level of turnover with other weapons (proportion of total turnover generated from nuclear, conventional and non-military weapons), gambling, pornography, tobacco, coal mining or coal-fired power generation.
- 3. The MSCI ESG Controversies Score analyses and monitors corporate management strategies and their effectiveness in preventing breaches of international norms and standards. Compliance with the UN Global Compact principles is one of the issues monitored. Companies that violate these principles according to the MSCI ESG Controversies Score will not be acquired for the Sub-Fund.
- 4. If the Sub-Fund directly acquires the securities or bonds of governments (direct investment), the securities of countries with an inadequate Freedom House score are not acquired. However, Freedom House scores are not considered for securities purchased indirectly as part of an investment in a target fund (no look-through).

Additional ESG assessments conducted by in-house research or by third parties may also be used. At least 90% of the issuers in the portfolio have an ESG rating, taking into account the weighting of the individual securities. Target funds with an ESG rating at fund level are also considered. The Sub-Fund focuses on companies and countries with a strong sustainability performance and targets an average MSCI ESG rating of A for the Sub-Fund assets.

0.5% of the Sub-Fund's net asset value is invested in Taxonomy-aligned activities. The Sub-Fund is required to invest a minimum of 10% of its assets in sustainable investments.

The Management Company also observes the CDP (Carbon Disclosure Project). Furthermore, as part of its exclusion policy, the Company has implemented a tiered divestment strategy, under which it will no longer invest in issuers in the coal industry above certain thresholds. The aim is to reduce the thresholds to 0% by 2030 for issuers from EU and OECD countries and by 2040 for the rest of the world.

WHAT ARE THE BINDING ELEMENTS OF THE INVESTMENT STRATEGY USED TO SELECT INVESTMENTS TO ATTAIN EACH OF THE ENVIRONMENTAL OR SOCIAL CHARACTERISTICS PROMOTED BY THIS FINANCIAL PRODUCT?

The Sub-Fund does not acquire the securities of companies generating any turnover with controversial weapons (biological/chemical weapons, cluster munitions, blinding laser weapons, land mines, etc.), or more than a specified level of turnover with other weapons (proportion of total turnover generated from nuclear, conventional and non-military weapons), gambling, pornography, tobacco, coal mining or coal-fired power generation.

The Sub-Fund does not invest in issuers with an MSCI ESG Rating of "CCC" or "B".

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Good governance

practices include sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of staff and tax compliance.

WHAT IS THE COMMITTED MINIMUM RATE TO REDUCE THE SCOPE OF THE INVESTMENTS CONSIDERED PRIOR TO THE APPLICATION OF THAT INVESTMENT STRATEGY?

The management team considers non-financial criteria by means of a selectivity-based approach that results in at least 20% of the MSCI ACWI Index** universe being excluded. The approach described above reduces the size of investments based on applicable sector exclusions and based on the MSCI ESG rating obtained and the ESG ratings assigned to eligible issuers.

WHAT IS THE POLICY TO ASSESS GOOD GOVERNANCE PRACTICES OF THE INVESTEE COMPANIES?

The ODDO BHF Asset Management Global Responsible Investment Policy sets out our definition and assessment of good corporate governance and is published on the "am.oddo-bhf.com" website. A good indicator of the degree to which corporate strategies are aligned with sustainable aspects is their position on the UN Global Compact. By committing to the ten principles on human rights, labour, environment and anti-corruption, companies send a positive signal regarding their ambitions towards building a sustainable financial ecosystem. The Investment Manager also checks whether companies apply a sustainability policy or if they have set appropriate targets. If so, the Investment Manager goes on to analyse the measures implemented to achieve these targets, who is in charge and whether there is a link between achieving these targets and executive remuneration.

WHAT IS THE ASSET ALLOCATION PLANNED FOR THIS FINANCIAL PRODUCT?

At least 80% of the Sub-Fund's net asset value is aligned with environmental and/or social characteristics.

The Sub-Fund may also hold up to 20% of its net asset value in "Other", as defined below, which includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments. At least 10% of the Sub-Fund's net asset value is invested in sustainable investments. The Sub-Fund may also hold assets aligned with the environmental or social characteristics that

do not qualify as sustainable investments.

At least 0.5% of the Sub-Fund's net asset value is invested in Taxonomy-aligned investments. There is no minimum commitment for other environmental or social investments.

At least 90% of the issuers in the portfolio have an ESG rating, taking into account the weighting of the individual securities. Target funds with an ESG rating at fund level are also considered.

Asset allocation describes the share of investments in specific assets.

Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

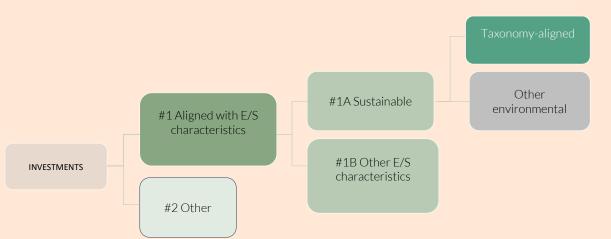
-turnover reflecting the share of revenue from green activities of investee companies.

-capital expenditure

(CapEx) showing the green investments made by investee companies, e.g. for a transition to a green economy.

-operational expenditure (OpEx) reflecting green

(OpEx) reflecting green operational activities of investee companies.



#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

#2 Other includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

The category **#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics** covers:

The sub-category **#1A Sustainable** covers sustainable investments with environmental or social objectives.

The sub-category **#1B Other E/S characteristics** covers investments aligned with the environmental or social characteristics that do not qualify as sustainable investments.

HOW DOES THE USE OF DERIVATIVES ATTAIN THE ENVIRONMENTAL OR SOCIAL CHARACTERISTICS PROMOTED BY THE FINANCIAL PRODUCT?

Derivatives are not actively used to improve ESG alignment or reduce ESG risk.



TO WHAT MINIMUM EXTENT ARE SUSTAINABLE INVESTMENTS WITH AN ENVIRONMENTAL OBJECTIVE ALIGNED WITH THE EU TAXONOMY?

Taxonomy-aligned investments include debt and/or equity investments in environmentally sustainable economic activities aligned with the EU Taxonomy. At least 0.5% of the Sub-und's net asset value is invested in Taxonomy-aligned investments. Data on Taxonomy alignment is provided by an external data provider; it is not certified by an auditor or verified by a third party. Currently there is no method to determine the share of Taxonomy-aligned investments for governments bonds. Therefore, no data are available on this.

DOES THE FINANCIAL PRODUCT INVEST IN FOSSIL GAS AND/OR NUCLEAR ENERGY RELATED ACTIVITIES THAT COMPLY WITH THE EU TAXONOMY¹⁶?

□Yes	
☐ In fossil gas	☐ In nuclear energy
▼ No	

To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for fossil gas include limitations on emissions and switching to renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For nuclear energy, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules.

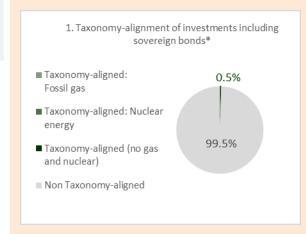
¹⁶ Activities in the field of fossil gas and/or nuclear energy are only aligned with the EU Taxonomy if they contribute to mitigating climate change ("climate protection") and do no significant harm to any of the objectives of the EU Taxonomy – see explanation in the left-hand margin. The full criteria for economic activities in the field of fossil gas and nuclear energy which are aligned with the EU Taxonomy are defined in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214

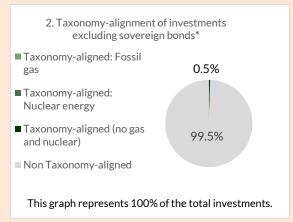
The Investment Manager analyses portfolio positions based on ESG criteria. Investments in nuclear energy and fossil gas are not excluded for the Sub-Fund. However, a minimum proportion of Taxonomy-aligned activities connected with investment in these areas is not intended for the Sub-Fund.

Enabling activities directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective.

Transitional activities are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to best performance.

The two graphs below show in green the minimum percentage of investments that are aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the Taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds*, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds.





*For the purpose of these graphs, "sovereign bonds" consist of all sovereign exposures.



with an environmental objective that do not take into account the criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities under the EU Taxonomy.



WHAT IS THE MINIMUM SHARE OF SUSTAINABLE INVESTMENTS WITH AN ENVIRONMENTAL OBJECTIVE THAT ARE NOT ALIGNED WITH THE EU TAXONOMY?

The percentage of sustainable investments with an environmental objective must be at least 1.0%.



WHAT IS THE MINIMUM SHARE OF SOCIALLY SUSTAINABLE INVESTMENTS?

The minimum share is 0.00%.



WHAT INVESTMENTS ARE INCLUDED UNDER "#2 OTHER", WHAT IS THEIR PURPOSE AND ARE THERE ANY MINIMUM ENVIRONMENTAL OR SOCIAL SAFEGUARDS?

The investments included in "#2 Other" are cash, derivatives, securities, target funds and money market instruments for which ESG data and ESG ratings are not available. All assets acquired for the Fund are subject to the minimum exclusions applicable to the Sub-Fund; therefore, minimum environmental or social safeguards exist. At instrument investment level, however, only the conditions specified for this investment instrument apply (no screening).



IS A SPECIFIC INDEX DESIGNATED AS A REFERENCE BENCHMARK TO DETERMINE WHETHER THIS FINANCIAL PRODUCT IS ALIGNED WITH THE ENVIRONMENTAL AND/OR SOCIAL CHARACTERISTICS THAT IT PROMOTES?

The Sub-Fund has not been designated an index to use as a reference benchmark to

Reference benchmarks are indexes to measure whether the financial product attains the environmental or social characteristics that they promote.

determine whether the Sub-Fund is aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics it promotes.

HOW IS THE REFERENCE BENCHMARK CONTINUOUSLY ALIGNED WITH EACH OF THE ENVIRONMENTAL OR SOCIAL CHARACTERISTICS PROMOTED BY THE FINANCIAL PRODUCT?

The reference benchmarks used by the Sub-Fund are not aligned with the environmental or social characteristics that the Sub-Fund promotes.

HOW IS THE ALIGNMENT OF THE INVESTMENT STRATEGY WITH THE METHODOLOGY OF THE INDEX ENSURED ON A CONTINUOUS BASIS?

The environmental and social characteristics are covered by the Sub-Fund's ESG investment strategy.

HOW DOES THE DESIGNATED INDEX DIFFER FROM A RELEVANT BROAD MARKET INDEX?

The environmental and social characteristics are covered by the Sub-Fund's ESG investment strategy.

WHERE CAN THE METHODOLOGY USED FOR THE CALCULATION OF THE DESIGNATED INDEX BE FOUND?

The environmental and social characteristics are covered by the Sub-Fund's ESG investment strategy.

WHERE CAN I FIND MORE PRODUCT SPECIFIC INFORMATION ONLINE?



Further product-specific information is available at: am.oddo-bhf.com

^{**} MSCI ACWI is a registered trademark of MSCI Limited.