

Periodic disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Sustainable investment means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices.

The **EU Taxonomy** is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of **environmentally sustainable economic activities**. That Regulation does not include a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not.

Product Name: Vontobel Fund – Emerging Markets Equity

Legal Entity Identifier: ZM4Q3MBON4HNUYCJQU59

Environmental and/or social characteristics

Did this financial product have a sustainable investment objective?

YES

It made sustainable investments with an environmental objective: ____%

in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy

in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy

It made sustainable investments with a social objective: ____%

NO

It promoted Environmental/Social (E/S) characteristics and while it did not have as its objective a sustainable investment, it had a proportion of ____% of sustainable investments

with an environmental objective in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy

with an environmental objective in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy

with a social objective

It promoted E/S characteristics, but did not make any sustainable investments

Sustainability indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained.

How did the sustainability indicators perform?

During the reference period, the attainment of the environmental and social characteristics promoted by the Sub-Fund has been measured with the sustainability indicators, as presented in the table below:

Sustainability Indicators	Value	Comments
Percentage of investments in securities of corporate issuers that derive a non-negligible part of their revenues from products and/or activities excluded by the Sub-Fund.	0%	For excluded products and/or activities please refer to the Investment Manager’s Exclusion Framework.
Percentage of investments in issuers that are in violation of certain global norms and standards promoted by the Sub-Fund or that are exposed to critical controversies (unless a positive outlook has been identified). Such controversies may be related to environmental, social or governance issues	0%	During the reporting period, there were two potential breaches of UNGC standards. After review, a positive outlook has been identified by the Research and ESG Analyst(s) and confirmed by Investment Risk.
Sub-Fund’s weighted average carbon intensity compared to the investment universe. The investment universe is represented by the Sub-Fund’s benchmark (MSCI Emerging Markets TR net.)	56.61 tons CO2e/USD million revenue (Sub-Fund) vs 288.56 tons CO2e/USD million revenue (benchmark)	
Percentage of securities covered by ESG analysis	100%	

... And compared to previous periods?

Financial year of the Fund ending on 31 August	2025	2024	2023
Sustainability Indicators	Value	Value	Value
Percentage of investments in securities of corporate issuers that derive a non-negligible part of their revenues from products and/or activities excluded by the Sub-Fund.	0%	0%	0%
Percentage of investments in issuers that are in violation of certain global norms and standards promoted by the Sub-Fund or that are exposed to critical controversies (unless a positive outlook has been identified). Such controversies may be related to environmental, social or governance issues	0%	0%	0%
Sub-Fund’s weighted average carbon intensity compared to the investment universe. The investment universe is represented by the Sub-Fund’s benchmark (MSCI Emerging Markets TR net.)	56.61 tons CO2e/USD million revenue (Sub-Fund) vs 288.56 tons CO2e/USD million revenue (benchmark)	96.42 tons CO2e/USD million revenue (Sub-Fund) vs 349.22 tons CO2e/USD million revenue (benchmark)	72.63 tons CO2e/USD million revenue (Sub-Fund) vs 321.75 tons CO2e/USD million revenue (benchmark)
Percentage of securities covered by ESG analysis	100%	100%	100%

- **What were the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially made and how did the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?**

Not applicable

- **How did the sustainable investments that the financial product partially made not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?**

Not applicable

How were the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors taken into account?

Not applicable

Were sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details:

Not applicable

The EU Taxonomy sets out a “do no significant harm” principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific Union criteria.

The “do no significant harm” principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.

How did this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

The Investment Manager considered the following adverse sustainability indicators for the Sub-Fund's investment strategy:

Table	Number	Principal Adverse Impact Indicator
1	1	Scope 1 GHG emissions
1	1	Scope 2 GHG emissions
1	1	Total GHG emissions (Scope 1 and 2)
1	3	GHG intensity of investee companies
1	7	Activities negatively affecting biodiversity-sensitive areas
1	10	Share of investments in investee companies that have been involved in violations of the UNGC principles or OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises
1	13	Board gender diversity
1	14	Share of investments in investee companies involved in the manufacture or selling of controversial weapons

The Investment Manager applied a process to identify issuers that are exposed to principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors based on in-house research and/or external data sources, including ESG data providers, news alerts, and the issuers themselves.

What were the top investments of this financial product?

The top investments of the Sub-Fund are detailed below:

Largest investments	Sector	% Assets	Country
TAIWAN SEMICONDUCTOR MANUFAC	Manufacture of computer, electronic and optical products	8.88	TAIWAN (PROVINCE OF CHINA)
TENCENT HOLDINGS LTD	Publishing, audiovisual and broadcasting	7.26	CHINA
AIA GROUP LTD	Insurance, reinsurance and pension funding	3.69	HONG KONG
ACCTON TECHNOLOGY CORP	Manufacture of computer, electronic and optical products	2.83	TAIWAN (PROVINCE OF CHINA)
ALIBABA GROUP HOLDING LTD	Retail trade, except of motor vehicles and motorcycles	2.50	HONG KONG
ICICI BANK LTD	Monetary intermediation	2.46	INDIA
PRESIDENT CHAIN STORE CORP	Retail trade, except of motor vehicles and motorcycles	2.00	TAIWAN (PROVINCE OF CHINA)
SAMSUNG ELECTRONICS CO LTD	Manufacture of computer, electronic and optical products	1.92	KOREA (THE REPUBLIC OF)
MERCADOLIBRE INC	Computer programming, consultancy and related activities	1.90	URUGUAY
EUROBANK ERGASIAS SERVICES A	Monetary intermediation	1.89	GREECE
HONG KONG EXCHANGES + CLEAR	Financial service activities	1.86	HONG KONG

Principal adverse impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anti-corruption and anti-bribery matters.



The list includes the investments constituting **the greatest proportion of investments** of the financial product during the reference period which is: 01/09/2024-31/08/2025

TRIP.COM GROUP LTD	Information service activities	1.85	SINGAPORE
NETEASE INC	Publishing, audiovisual and broadcasting	1.81	CHINA
SK HYNIX INC	Manufacture of computer, electronic and optical products	1.76	KOREA (THE REPUBLIC OF)
EICHER MOTORS LTD	Manufacture of motor vehicles, trailers and semi-trailers	1.75	INDIA

The portfolio proportions of investments presented above are an average over the reference period, based on the Sub-Fund's holdings at the quarter-ends of the financial year.

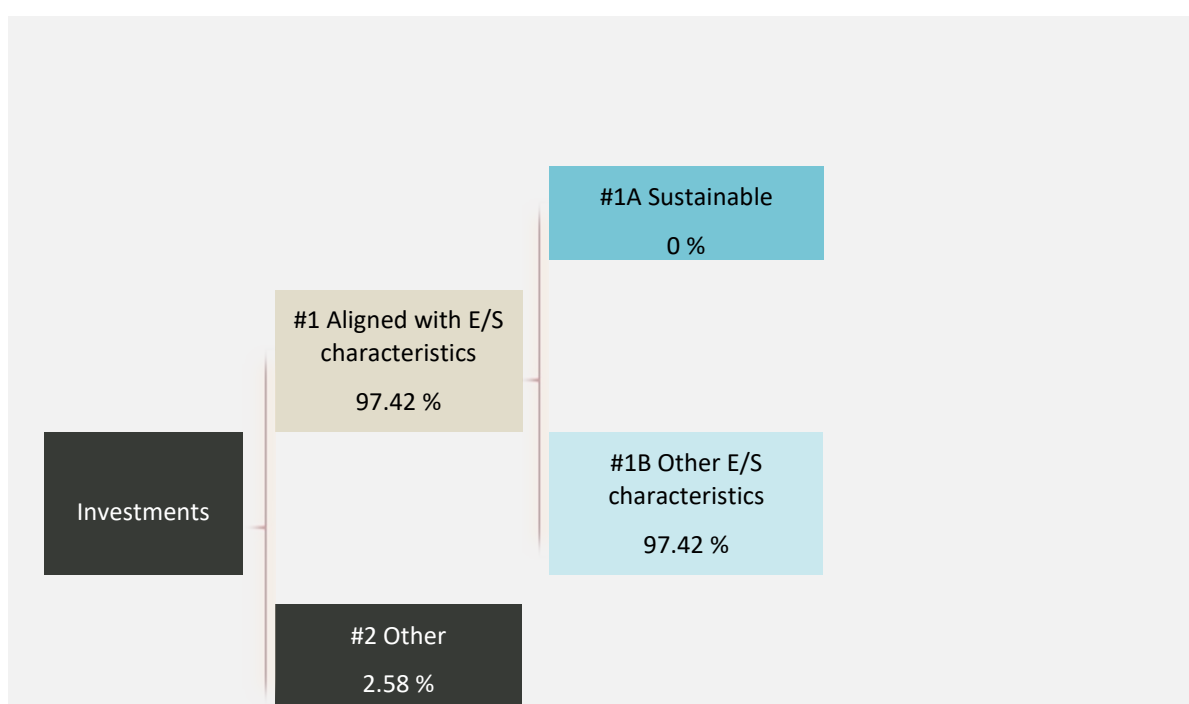


What was the proportion of sustainability-related investments?

The proportion of sustainability-related investments was 97.42% (assets aligned with environmental and social characteristics).

What was the asset allocation?

Asset allocation describes the share of investments in specific assets.



#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

#2 Other includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

The category **#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics** covers:

- The sub-category **#1A Sustainable** covers environmentally and socially sustainable investments.
- The sub-category **#1B Other E/S characteristics** covers investments aligned with the environmental or social characteristics that do not qualify as sustainable investments.

Depending on the potential usage of derivatives as part of this Sub-Fund's investment strategy, the exposure detailed above could be subject to variability as the portfolio's total value of investments (NAV) may be impacted by the Mark to Market of derivatives. For more details on the potential usage of derivatives by this Sub-Fund, please refer to its pre-contractual disclosures and the investment policy described in the Sales Prospectus.

● ***In which economic sectors were the investments made?***

The Sub-Fund's investments were made in the economic sectors detailed below:

Top sector	Sub- sector	Proportion (%)
Manufacturing	Manufacture of computer, electronic and optical products	17.91
Financial and insurance activities	Monetary intermediation	11.24
Information and communication	Publishing, audiovisual and broadcasting	10.64
Wholesale and retail trade	Retail trade, except of motor vehicles and motorcycles	8.48
Financial and insurance activities	Insurance, reinsurance and pension funding	5.42
Information and communication	Computer programming, consultancy and related activities	3.90
Manufacturing	Manufacture of electrical equipment	2.77
Human health and social work activities	Hospital activities	2.55
Financial and insurance activities	Other credit granting	1.94
Wholesale and retail trade	Other retail sale in non-specialised stores	1.87
Financial and insurance activities	Financial service activities	1.86
Information and communication	Information service activities	1.85
Manufacturing	Manufacture of motor vehicles, trailers and semi-trailers	1.75
Real estate activities	Real estate activities with own or leased property	1.37
Manufacturing	Manufacture of electronic components	1.37
Manufacturing	Manufacture of pharmaceutical preparations	1.37
Manufacturing	Manufacture of beverages	1.35
Information and communication	Real estate activities (online platforms)	1.29
Financial and insurance activities	Other monetary intermediation	1.13
Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	Transmission of electricity	1.11
total of remaining sectors with a proportion < 1.0%		15.98

The sector allocation of the portfolio presented above is an average based on the Sub-Fund's holdings at the quarter-ends of the financial year.

1.11% of the total value of investments (NAV) were in companies involved in sectors that could be connected to non-renewable energy sources, such as "Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply (NACE code D)", "Mining and quarrying (NACE code B)" or "Manufacture of coke and refined petroleum products (NACE code C19)". It's important to note that even companies categorized under different NACE codes might still have some involvement with non-renewable energy-related activities, even if it's not their main focus.



To what extent were the sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The Sub-Fund did not make any sustainable investments.

● ***Did the financial product invest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related activities complying with the EU Taxonomy?**¹*

☐ Yes

☐ In fossil gas

☐ In nuclear energy

☒ No

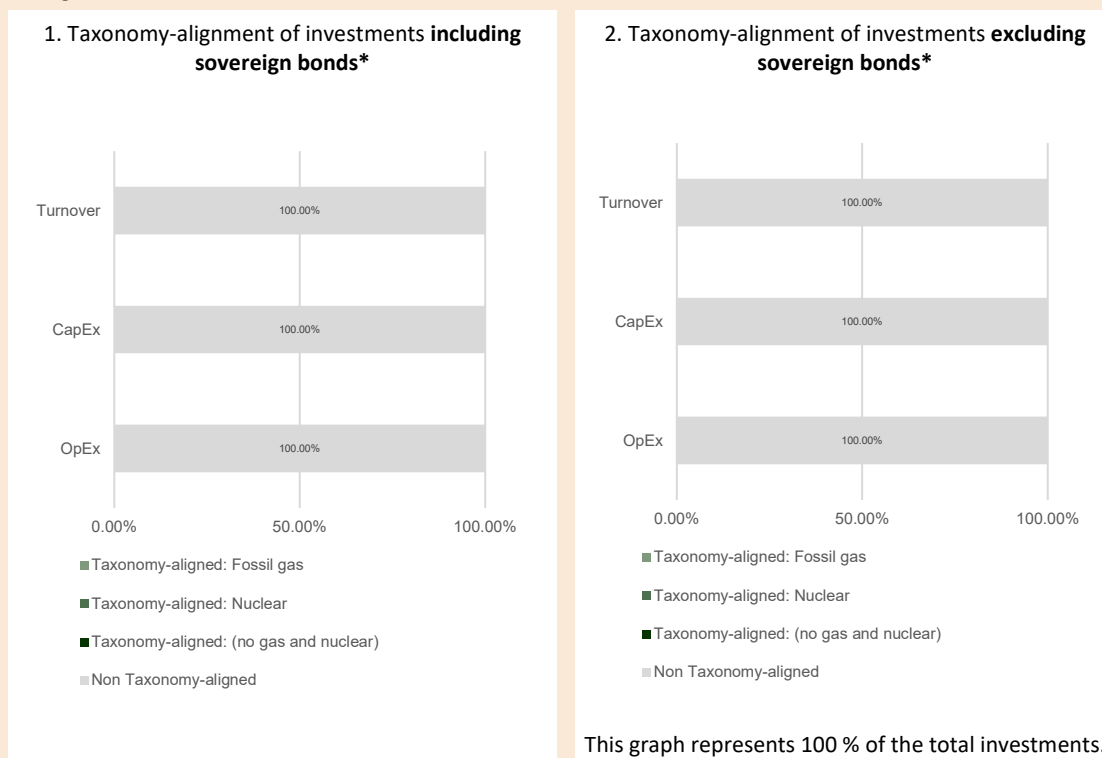
To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for **fossil gas** include limitations on emissions and switching to fully renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For **nuclear energy**, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules. **Enabling activities** directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective. **Transitional activities** are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.

¹ Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective -see explanatory note in the left-hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.

Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

- **turnover** reflecting the share of revenue from green activities of investee companies.
- **capital expenditure** (CapEx) showing the green investments made by investee companies, e.g. for a transition to a green economy.
- **operational expenditure** (OpEx) reflecting green operational activities of investee companies.

The graphs below show in green the percentage of investments that were aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds.*



** For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures*

- **What was the share of investments made in transitional and enabling activities?**
The share of investments made in transitional and enabling activities was 0%.
- **How did the percentage of investments that were aligned with the EU Taxonomy compare with previous reference periods?**

The Sub-Fund did not make any sustainable investments.

 are sustainable investments with an environmental objective that **do not take into account the criteria** for environmentally sustainable economic activities under Regulation (EU) 2020/852.

What was the share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The Sub-Fund did not make any sustainable investments.

What was the share of socially sustainable investments?

The Sub-Fund did not make any sustainable investments.

What investments were included under “other”, what was their purpose and were there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

The “Other” investments represented 2.58 % of the Sub-Fund’s Net Asset Value and consisted of:

- Cash and cash equivalent investments (2.58%), for liquidity management purposes.

Environmental or social safeguards were applied and assessed on all “other” assets except on (i) non single name derivatives, (ii) on UCITS and/or UCIs managed by other management company and (iii) on cash and cash equivalent investments described above.



What actions have been taken to meet the environmental and/or social characteristics during the reference period?

The binding elements of the investment strategy used for the selection of the investments to attain the environmental and/or social characteristics promoted by this Sub-Fund have been monitored throughout the reporting period.



How did this financial product perform compared to the reference benchmark?

Reference benchmarks are indexes to measure whether the financial product attains the environmental or social characteristics that they promote.

The Sub-Fund has not designated a reference benchmark to determine whether this Sub-Fund is aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics that it promotes.