ANNEX IV

Periodic disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

	Product name:	Comgest Growth Japan	Legal en identifier		635400SOOXIHGNYLGS59
Sustainable investment means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an	Enviro	nmental and/	or socia	l charac	teristics
environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not	Did this financial product	have a sustainal	ole investn	nent objec	tive?
significantly harm any	Yes			No	
environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices.	□ It made sustainab with an environm %		chai while sust	acteristic: it did not ainable inv	nvironmental/Social (E/S) s and have as its objective a estment, it had a proportion ustainable investments
The EU Taxonomy is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of environmentally sustainable economic	as environm under the EL	·		econor enviror Taxono	·
activities. That Regulation does not lay down a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable	qualify as e	c activities that do not nvironmentally under the EU		econom environ Taxono	
investments with an environmental objective			\boxtimes	with a s	ocial objective
might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not.	☐ It made sustainab with a social obje				S characteristics, but did not tainable investments
	To what extent were the financial product met?	environmental a	and/or soc	ial charac	teristics promoted by this

Sustainability indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained. The environmental and/or social characteristics promoted by the Fund were met by targeting and investing in companies with positive overall ESG quality.

To assist in selecting companies with positive overall ESG quality, the Investment Manager performed an ESG review of the market to identify and exclude companies with the poorest ESG credentials from the Fund's investable market. This resulted in a reduction of the investable market by at least 20%. The ESG review was applied to at least 90% of the Fund's investee companies.

In addition, throughout the period, the Investment Manager also applied an exclusion policy to exclude investment in: (i) companies with negative social characteristics including companies (a) manufacturing anti-personnel mines, cluster bombs, biological/chemical weapons, depleted uranium, nuclear weapons, white phosphorus, non-detectable fragments and blinding lasers (>0% of revenue), (b) producing and/or distributing conventional weapons (>10% of revenue), (c) directly manufacturing and/or distributing tobacco (>5% of revenue), and (d) with severe violations of the UN Global Compact without prospect for improvement; and (ii) companies with negative environmental characteristics including operators of thermal coal mines (>0% of revenue) and electricity producers with an energy mix exposed to coal exceeding defined relative or absolute thresholds (production or revenue based on coal equal to or exceeding 20% or electricity producers with installed capacity based on coal equal to or exceeding 5 GW), without a coal exit strategy.

In respect of sustainable investment held by the Fund, please find below the list of environmental objectives (set out in Article 9 of Regulation (EU) 202/852) and the list of social objectives to which the Fund's sustainable investments contributed:

1. Environmental objectives:

The Fund invested in sustainable investments with an environmental objective that contributed to the objective of climate change mitigation.

2. Social objectives:

The Fund invested in sustainable investments with social objectives that contributed to the below objectives:

- (i) the provision of decent working conditions (including for value chain workers), and
- (ii) the promotion of adequate living standards and wellbeing for end users.

How did the sustainability indicators perform?

As at end December 2023, the Fund had attained the environmental and social characteristics promoted, including:

- (i) at least 90% of the Fund's investee companies had an ESG score in the top 80% of companies rated by the Investment Manager;
- (ii) none of the Fund's investee companies were engaged in excluded activities; and
- (iii) 50.21% of assets qualified, in the opinion of the Investment Manager, as sustainable investments.

... and compared to previous periods?

	Sustainability indicators	Data as at end of December 2023	Data as at end of December 2022
	Percentage of investee companies that had an ESG score in the top 80% of companies rated by the Investment Manager.	At least 90% of the Fund's investee companies had an ESG score in the top 80% of companies rated by the Investment Manager.	At least 90% of the Fund's investee companies had an ESG score in the top 80% of companies rated by the Investment Manager.
	Percentage of investee companies that were engaged in excluded activities.	None	None
	Percentage of assets qualified, in the opinion of the Investment Manager, as sustainable investments.	50.21%	42%
		ives of the sustainable investn how did the sustainable in	-
	environmental objectives and s	its assets in sustainable inves ocial objectives listed above. inable investments contributed	
		contribution to the environment stment Manager using proprieta	
	which contributed to on	estee company's revenue was g e or more of the United Nations' 6, 7, 8, 9, 11, 12 and 16) ¹ .	
	that are Taxonomy elig	estee company's revenue was ge ible; or stee company's revenue was ge	
Principal adverse npacts are the most ignificant negative npacts of		ble investments that the finan rm to any environmental or	
nvestment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for numan rights, anti- corruption and anti-	more of the above environment objectives. This was done by impact indicators and where po SFDR Delegated Regulation (E	d to ensure that investments ide tal and/or social objectives did no assessing and monitoring the ossible relevant optional indicate EU 2022/1288) and by seeking Guidelines for Multinational E	ot significantly harm any of the 14 mandatory principal adve ors referenced in Annex 1 of to ensure that such investme

¹ SDG 2 – Zero Hunger, SDG 3 – Good Health and Well-being, SDG 4 – Quality Education, SDG 6 – Clean Water and Sanitation, SDG 7 – Affordable and Clean Energy, SDG 8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth, SDG 9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure, SDG 11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities, SDG 12 – Responsible Consumption and Production and SDG 16 Peace Justice and Strong Institutions.
 ² This assessment is based on estimation and is not relying on company reported data.

How were the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors taken into account?
The 14 mandatory principal adverse impact indicators have been reviewed by the Investment Manager as part of its ESG assessment for sustainable investments. The Investment Manager used external data where available and also relied on a qualitative assessment using information directly from the company or its own research where quantitative data was not available.
For investee companies that it considered were in material sectors the Investment Manager also assessed additional relevant optional indicators to ensure the sustainable investments were not significantly harming any environmental or social objectives
Were sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details:
To ascertain if companies were aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights ('Guidelines and Principles'), the Investment Manager reviewed and assessed the results obtained from PAIs 10 (Violations of the Guidelines and Principles) and 11 (Lack of processes and compliance mechanisms to monitor compliance with Guidelines and Principles) to ensure that the Fund's sustainable investments were not in violation of the UN Guiding Principles during the reference period and to ensure they have put in place processes and compliance mechanisms to help meet the Guidelines and Principles. Where data was missing the investment teams performed their own qualitative assessment by reviewing additional information which may include the investee companies' policies and procedures, controversies flagged by third party providers, investee companies' membership of the UN Global Compact or NGO reports.
The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific Union criteria.
The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the Union criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the Union criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.
Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.
How did this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?
The Fund considered principal adverse impacts ("PAI") on sustainability factors by assessing and monitoring the 14 mandatory principal adverse impact indicators (PAIs) referenced in Annex 1 of the delegated regulation (EU) 2022/1288. The Investment Manager used external data where available and relied on information directly from the company or its own research and knowledge of the relevant industry or sector to assess the 14 mandatory principal adverse impacts
The Investment Manager has reviewed and considered the 14 mandatory PAI indicators. The Investment Manager has actively engaged with some investee companies that are top emitters

	for better disclosure on climate and to establish a reliable roadmap for net zero targets. The Investment Manager will continue to monitor their progress.						
	For biodiversity & water, the data coverage and company disclosure remain low. The Investmer Manager will continue to engage with investee companies for better disclosure.						
	For PAI 7, disclosure remains largely insufficient. In the Investment Manager's view, the marker is still at an early stage of understanding and addressing biodiversity related risks. However, the Fund doesn't appear to have a significant presence in sectors most exposed to biodiversity related risks. The Investment Manager has engaged with several investee companies of biodiversity related risks.						
	For PAI 8, this is an area that shou industry, where water resources disclosure remains very low. The progress on this front.	are a general concern. Th	nis is however	difficult given			
	For PAI 9, the Investment Manager has engaged with top contributors either through direct engagement or via collaborative engagements. These engagements have helped the Investment Manager start to build a better understanding of the subject of hazardous waste.						
	For PAI 11, two investee companies do not have formal policies and procedures, but the Investment Manager believes they have sound labour practices, and it will encourage these companies to consider implementing formal policies and procedures.						
	For PAI 12, currently disclosure on gender pay gap is low but the Investment manager expects vast improvements in the near future given the introduction in 2023 of a regulatory requirement for companies to disclose this metric.						
	On board gender diversity, the Investment Manager systematically engages with invester companies. It has observed some improvements, but it will continue to engage with invester companies that lack board gender diversity.						
	companies. It has observed some	e improvements, but it will		-			
	companies. It has observed some	e improvements, but it will diversity. ators, further improvements nager, namely engagemer	continue to eng s and engagem nt on board ge	gage with invest ment priorities v ender diversity			
	companies. It has observed some companies that lack board gender As part of the review of PAI indic identified by the Investment Mar	e improvements, but it will diversity. ators, further improvements nager, namely engagemen ender pay gap, biodiversity a	continue to eng s and engagem nt on board ge	gage with invest ment priorities v ender diversity			
The list includes the	companies. It has observed some companies that lack board gender As part of the review of PAI indic identified by the Investment Mar companies, better disclosure on ge	e improvements, but it will diversity. ators, further improvements nager, namely engagemer ender pay gap, biodiversity a of this financial product?	continue to eng s and engagem nt on board ge and on climate	gage with invest nent priorities v ender diversity for top emitters			
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nvestments constituting the greatest proportion of investments of the financial product during the reference period	companies. It has observed some companies that lack board genderAs part of the review of PAI indic identified by the Investment Mai companies, better disclosure on geWhat were the top investmentsSony Group CorporationFanuc CorporationFanuc CorporationShin-Etsu Chemical Co LtdSuzuki Motor Corp.Oriental Land Co., Ltd.Keyence CorporationDAIKIN INDUSTRIES, LTD.Hamamatsu Photonics K.K.Cash – Japanese YenFanuc CorporationORIX CorporationORIX CorporationDAIKIN INDUSTRIES, LTD.Hamamatsu Photonics K.K.Cash – Japanese YenFanuc CorporationORIX CorporationORIX CorporationDAIKI CorporationORIX CorporationDAIKI Corporation	e improvements, but it will diversity. ators, further improvements hager, namely engagemer ender pay gap, biodiversity a of this financial product? Sector Consumer Discretionary Industrials Materials Consumer Discretionary Consumer Discretionary Information Technology Industrials Information Technology Others Industrials Financials Financials Industrials	% of assets and on climate % of assets 3.82% 3.37% 3.29% 3.24% 3.14% 3.05% 3.01% 2.95% 2.95% 2.92% 2.84%	Country Japan			
The list includes the investments constituting the greatest proportion of investments of the financial product during the reference period which is:	companies. It has observed some companies that lack board gender As part of the review of PAI indicidentified by the Investment Marcompanies, better disclosure on get What were the top investments Sony Group Corporation Fanuc Corporation Shin-Etsu Chemical Co Ltd Suzuki Motor Corp. Oriental Land Co., Ltd. Keyence Corporation DAIKIN INDUSTRIES, LTD. Hamamatsu Photonics K.K. Cash – Japanese Yen Fanuc Corporation ORIX Corporation	e improvements, but it will diversity. ators, further improvements hager, namely engagemer ender pay gap, biodiversity a of this financial product? Sector Consumer Discretionary Industrials Materials Consumer Discretionary Consumer Discretionary Information Technology Industrials Information Technology Others Industrials Financials Financials	% of assets 3.82% 3.37% 3.29% 3.24% 3.14% 3.05% 3.01% 2.95% 2.92%	Country Japan			

	What was the proportion of sustainability-related investments? The proportion of sustainable investment is 50.21% and included 7% of sus with a social objective and 43.21% of sustainable investment with an env Please see below the breakdown:	
	Breakdown of the proportion of the sustainable investments per eac environmental objectives set out in Article 9 of Regulation (EU) 2020 which those investments contributed	
	Environmental objective	% of assets
	Climate change mitigation	43.21%
	Breakdown of the proportion of the sustainable investments per eac objectives to which those investments contributed	h of social
	Social objective	% of assets
	Provision of decent working conditions (including for value chain workers)	2.75%
	Promotion of adequate living standards and wellbeing for end users	4.25%
Asset allocation describes the share of investments in specific assets.	 What was the asset allocation? As at end of December 2023, 98.57% of the assets of the financial product the environmental and social characteristics promoted. This included 50 investments. 1.43% of assets were not aligned with the environmental or so The Fund was primarily invested in direct holdings of listed equities. 98.57 in listed equities were aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics. 	0.21% of sustainable ocial characteristics. % of the investments
	Investments #1 Aligned with E/S characteristics 98.57% #1B Other E/S characteristics 48.36% #2 Other 1.43% #1 Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial #2Other includes the remaining investments of the financial product which with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustain	product. h are neither aligned
	The category #1 Aligned with E/S characteristics covers:	

- The sub-category **#1A Sustainable** covers environmentally and socially sustainable investments.

- The sub-category **#1B Other E/S characteristics** covers investments aligned with the environmental or social characteristics that do not qualify as sustainable investments.

In which economic sectors were the investments made?

Sector breakdown

Sector	% of
	assets
Information Technology	22.47
Consumer Discretionary	21.67
Industrials	17.98
Health Care	9.22
Consumer Staples	8.18
Financials	8.02
Materials	7.33
Communication Services	3.68
Cash	1.65

Data as of end of December. Due to rounding difference, figures may not add up to 100%

Sub-industry breakdown

Sub-industry	% of assets
Electronic Components	7.31
Industrial Machinery & Supplies & Components	6.99
Semiconductor Materials & Equipment	6.53
Health Care Supplies	5.44
Packaged Foods & Meats	4.87
IT Consulting & Other Services	4.73
Specialty Chemicals	3.91
Electronic Equipment & Instruments	3.89
Consumer Electronics	3.86
Broadline Retail	3.59
Apparel Retail	3.52
Automobile Manufacturers	3.41
Food Retail	3.31
Leisure Facilities	3.16
Human Resource & Employment Services	2.75
Home furnishing Retail	2.58
Industrial Conglomerates	2.45
Airport Services	2.37
Health Care Equipment	2.28
Wireless Telecommunication Services	2.16
Transaction & Payment Processing Services	2.10
Diversified Financial Services	2.02
Life & Health Insurance	1.98
Property & Casualty Insurance	1.92
Commodity Chemicals	1.90

Cash	1.65
Footwear	1.54
Interactive Media & Services	1.53
Diversified Metals & Mining	1.53
Health Care Technology	1.51
Construction Machinery & Heavy Transportation Equipment	1.23
Trading Companies & Distributors	1.20
Building Products	0.99

Data as of end of December. Due to rounding difference, figures may not add up to 100%



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To what extent were the sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The percentage of sustainable investments with an environmental objective of the Fund aligned with the EU Taxonomy is 0% of the net assets of the Fund.

Enabling activities

directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective.

Transitional activities

are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.

Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

- turnover reflects the "greenness" of investee companies today.
- capital expenditure (CapEx) shows the green investments made by investee companies, relevant for a transition to a green economy.
- operational expenditure (OpEx)

Did the financial product inves activities that comply with the EU	t in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related Taxonomy ³ ?
Yeso	
□ In fossil gas	□ In nuclear energy
No	

The graphs below show in green the percentage of investments that were aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds^{*}, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds.

1	l. Taxonomy-aligni including sov	ment of invest rereign bonds*		2	 Taxonomy-alignment of investments excluding sovereign bonds*
Turnover	0.00%			Turnover	0.00%
CapEx	0.00%			CapEx	0.00%
OpEx	0.00%			OpEx	0.00%
C	9% 5	50%	100%	0	0% 20% 40% 60% 80% 100%
& nu	nomy aligned inve Iclear) taxonomy aligned		as	& nu	onomy aligned investments (no gas uclear) 1 taxonomy aligned
This graph represents 100% of total investments.			This graph	h represents 100% of total investments.	

³ Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objectives. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.

reflects the green
operational activities
of investee
companies.

*For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures

What was the share of investments made in transitional and enabling activities?

The percentage of investments in enabling or transitional activities is 0% of the net assets of the Fund.

How did the percentage of investments that were aligned with the EU Taxonomy compare with previous reference periods?

In 2022 the percentage of investments of the Fund aligned with the EU Taxonomy was 0% of the net assets of the Fund.

are sustainable



What was the share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

investments with an environmental objective that **do not take into account the criteria** for environmentally sustainable economic activities under Regulation (EU) 2020/852

The share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective not aligned with the EU Taxonomy is 43.21% The Investment Manager has assessed the taxonomy eligibility and potential taxonomy alignment of the sustainable investments with an environmental objective and believes these companies are demonstrating positive advancement toward Taxonomy alignment and contribute to the environmental objectives identified.

What was the share of socially sustainable investments?

The share of socially sustainable investments is 7%.



What investments were included under "other", what was their purpose and were there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

As at end of December 2023, the Fund held cash for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments. The Fund also held derivatives for currency hedging purposes.

What actions have been taken to meet the environmental and/or social characteristics during the reference period?

Several actions were taken to meet the environmental and/or social characteristics during the reference period.

Engagement activities:

Maintaining an active relationship with investee companies is a key element of the Investment Manager's investment process.

In 2023, 29 engagement activities were carried out with 19 companies in the Fund to encourage best practices with regard to ESG topics, including working toward mitigating any adverse impacts identified. 48.3% of the engagement activities were related to Environmental topics, 6.9% to Social topics, 3.4% to Governance topics and 41.4% to combined ESG topics.

Voting activities:

The Investment Manager exercises its right to vote at shareholder meetings in accordance with corporate governance values and voting principles that have been determined by the Investment Manager with reference to regulations, industry standards and best practice. The Investment Manager's objective is to vote systematically at all shareholder meetings when it is technically possible to do so.

In 2023, the Investment Manager exercised its voting rights at 100% of shareholders' meeting for companies held by the Fund.

BREAKDOWN OF VOTES	%
For	95.8%
Against	4.2%
In Line with Management	96.0 %
Against Management	4.0%