ANNEX IV

Periodic disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Sustainable investment		Produc	t name:	Comgest Growth America		gal entity ntifier:	635400ORCJ1XNB3A6I17		
means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an		Environmental and/or social characteristics							
environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not		Did this financial product have a sustainable investment objective?							
significantly harm any		•• □	Yes			⊠ No			
environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices.			It made sustainable with an environmer objective:%			characteristics while it did not sustainable invo	avironmental/Social (E/S) s and have as its objective a estment, it had a proportion ustainable investments		
The EU Taxonomy is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of environmentally			in economic ac qualify as envi sustainable un Taxonomy	ronmentally		activities th	vironmental objective in economic lat qualify as environmentally e under the EU Taxonomy		
sustainable economic activities. That Regulation does not lay down a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable			N	ctivities that do environmentally der the EU		activities th	vironmental objective in economic lat do not qualify as environmentally a under the EU Taxonomy		
investments with an environmental objective						with a socia	al objective		
might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not.			It made sustainable with a social object				characteristics, but did not cainable investments		
			t extent were the e al product met?	nvironmental a	and/d	or social charad	cteristics promoted by this		

Sustainability indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained.

The environmental and/or social characteristics promoted by the Fund were met by targeting and investing in companies with positive overall ESG quality.

To assist in selecting companies with positive overall ESG quality, the Investment Manager performed an ESG review of the market to identify and exclude companies with the poorest ESG credentials from the Fund's investable market. This resulted in a reduction of the investable market by at least 20%. The ESG review was applied to at least 90% of the Fund's investee companies.

In addition, throughout the period, the Investment Manager also applied an exclusion policy to exclude investment in companies with negative social and environmental characteristics as set out in the Fund's pre-contractual disclosures.

In respect of sustainable investment held by the Fund, please find below the list of environmental objectives (set out in Article 9 of Regulation (EU) 202/852) and the list of social objectives to which the Fund's sustainable investments contributed:

1. Environmental objectives:

The Fund invested in sustainable investments that contributed to the environmental objective of climate change mitigation.

2. Social objectives:

The Fund invested in sustainable investments with social objectives that contributed to the below objectives:

- (i) the provision of decent working conditions (including for value chain workers); and
- (ii) the promotion of adequate living standards and wellbeing for end users.

How did the sustainability indicators perform?

As at end December 2024, the Fund had attained the environmental and social characteristics promoted, including:

- (i) at least 90% of the Fund's investee companies had an ESG score in the top 80% of companies rated by the Investment Manager;
- (ii) none of the Fund's investee companies were engaged in excluded activities; and
- (iii) 29.01% of assets qualified, in the opinion of the Investment Manager, as sustainable investments.

...and compared to previous periods?

Sustainability indicators	Data as at end of December 2024	Data as at end of December 2023	Data as at end of December 2022
Percentage of investee companies that had an ESG score in the top 80% of companies rated by the Investment Manager.	At least 90% of the Fund's investee companies had an ESG score in the top 80% of companies rated by the Investment Manager.	At least 90% of the Fund's investee companies had an ESG score in the top 80% of companies rated by the Investment Manager.	At least 90% of the Fund's investee companies had an ESG score in the top 80% of companies rated by the Investment Manager.
Percentage of investee companies that were engaged in excluded activities.	None	None	None

Percentage of	29.01%	32.37%	31.32%
assets qualified, in			
the opinion of the			
Investment			
Manager, as			
sustainable			
investments.			

What were the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially made and how did the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?

The Fund invested 29.01% of its assets in sustainable investments which contributed to the environmental objectives and social objectives listed above.

Description of how the sustainable investments contributed to the sustainable investment objective

The sustainable investments' contribution to the environmental and/or social objectives listed above was measured by the Investment Manager using proprietary analysis.¹

For the social objectives:

- **at least 25%** of the investee company's revenue is generated from business activities which contribute to one or more of the United Nations' Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs number 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 8, 9, 11 and 12).

For the environmental objectives:

- at least 5% of the investee company's revenue is reported to be from Taxonomy-aligned activities ('Taxonomy-aligned Revenue') or is estimated, using the Taxonomy's substantial contribution criteria, to be from activities which substantially contribute to an environmental objective under the Taxonomy ('Substantial Contribution Revenue'); or
- at least 10% of the investee company's CapEx is reported to be in Taxonomy-aligned activities or is estimated, using the Taxonomy's substantial contribution criteria, to be in activities which substantially contribute to an environmental objective under the Taxonomy ('Substantial Contribution CapEx'); or
- the percentage of Taxonomy-aligned CapEx divided by the percentage of Taxonomy-aligned Revenue, or Substantial Contribution CapEx divided by the percentage of Substantial Contribution Revenue, is greater than 1; or
- the investee company has its near-term climate targets approved by the Science Based Targets initiative (SBTi).

Principal adverse impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anticorruption and antibribery matters.

How did the sustainable investments that the financial product partially made not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

An assessment was performed to ensure that investments identified as contributing to one or more of the above environmental and/or social objectives did not significantly harm any of those objectives. This was done by assessing and monitoring the 14 mandatory principal adverse impact indicators and relevant optional indicators referenced in Annex 1 of the SFDR Delegated Regulation (EU 2022/1288) and by seeking to ensure that such investments were aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights.

¹ The methodology for qualifying investee companies as sustainable investments changed with effect from the Fund prospectus update on 4 June 2024. The percentage reported for 31 December 2024 reports against the updated methodology.

How were the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors taken into account?

The 14 mandatory principal adverse impact indicators and relevant optional indicators have been reviewed by the Investment Manager as part of its ESG assessment for sustainable investments. The Investment Manager used external data where available and also relied on a qualitative assessment using information directly from the company or its own research where quantitative data was not available.

The assessment performed by the Investment Manager focused on those PAIs which are material, depending on the sector in which investee companies operate. For investee companies that operate in sectors that have a limited impact on one or several PAI indicators, a brief conclusion was provided, to explain that there is no significant harm against those indicators given the sector the companies operate in. For PAIs that were material to the sectors investee companies operate in, a detailed assessment was performed to determine if the companies do significant harm. In the absence of specific data on the relevant PAI, other factors were used to assess significant harm (e.g. in the absence of data on hazardous waste, the Investment Manager assessed if a company operates in a biodiversity sensitive area and if it is linked to a controversy).

Were sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details:

The Investment Manager also assessed companies' alignment with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights ('Guidelines and Principles') by monitoring any reported violations of global norms (this assessment is covered by PAI 10) and assessing whether the investee companies have put in place processes and compliance mechanisms to help meet the Guidelines and Principles (this assessment is covered by PAI 11).

The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific Union criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the Union criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the Union criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.



How did this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

The Fund considered principal adverse impacts ("PAI") on sustainability factors by assessing and monitoring the 14 mandatory principal adverse impact indicators (PAIs) referenced in Annex 1 of the delegated regulation (EU) 2022/1288. The Investment Manager used external data where available and relied on information directly from the company or its own research and knowledge of the relevant industry or sector to assess the 14 mandatory principal adverse impacts.

The Investment Manager has reviewed and considered the 14 mandatory PAI indicators, identifying specific issues for several of them:

- PAIs 1 to 6 "Greenhouse Gas Emissions": The main emitters in the portfolio are either companies operating in high-emission sectors, where emissions are inherent to their activities or companies that have a significant upstream footprint linked to supply chains and purchased materials. The Investment Manager actively monitors emissions from top contributors to the Fund's overall carbon footprint and may engage with certain companies, where feasible and relevant, to support their climate transition strategies.
- PAIs 7 "Biodiversity", 8 "Water", and 9 "Waste": Biodiversity-related disclosure remains at an early stage, making it challenging for asset managers to accurately assess companies' exposure to biodiversity risks. To address this, the Investment Manager has established a biodiversity priority list for company engagement and it will continue to strengthen its efforts in this area moving forward.
- PAI 13 "Board gender diversity ": During the reporting period, only one company had less than 20% female representation on its board, while three others had less than 30%. The Investment Manager actively addresses diversity and inclusion in its discussions with portfolio companies where feasible and relevant.

Following the review of the PAIs, the Investment Manager will continue to monitor them and undertake engagement actions when deemed appropriate.



What were the top investments of this financial product?

The list includes the investments constituting the greatest proportion of investments of the financial product during the reference period which is:

Largest investments	Sector	% of	Country
		assets	
Microsoft Corporation	Information Technology	9.19	United States
Oracle Corporation	Information Technology	7.75	United States
Eli Lilly and Company	Health Care	7.29	United States
Apple Inc.	Information Technology	5.83	United States
Meta Platforms Inc Class A	Communication Services	4.97	United States
Costco Wholesale Corporation	Consumer Staples	4.70	United States
Alphabet Inc. Class A	Communication Services	4.70	United States
Visa Inc. Class A	Financials	4.68	United States
Avery Dennison Corporation	Materials	4.44	United States

The top investments represent the greatest proportion of investments over the course of the period covered, calculated at appropriate intervals to be representative of that period.



What was the proportion of sustainability-related investments?

The proportion of sustainable investment was 29.01% and included 6.51%% of sustainable investments with a social objective and 22.49% of sustainable investment with an environmental objective. Please see below the breakdown:

Breakdown of the proportion of the sust environmental objectives set out in Artic which those investments contributed	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			
Environmental objective % of assets				
Climate change mitigation 22.49%				

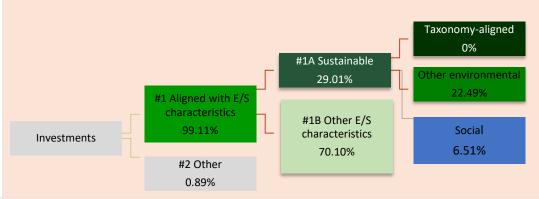
Breakdown of the proportion of the sustainable investments per each of social objectives to which those investments contributed						
Social objective	% of assets					
Provision of decent working conditions (including for value chain workers)	2.37%					
Promotion of adequate living standards and wellbeing for end 4.14%						
users						

Asset allocation describes the share of investments in specific assets.

What was the asset allocation?

As at end of December 2024, 99.11% of the assets of the financial product were used to meet the environmental and social characteristics promoted. This included 29.01% of sustainable investments. 0.89% of assets were not aligned with the environmental or social characteristics.

The Fund was primarily invested in direct holdings of listed equities. 100% of the investments in listed equities were aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics.



#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

#2 Other includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

The category #1 Aligned with E/S characteristics covers:

- The sub-category **#1A Sustainable** covers environmentally and socially sustainable investments.
- The sub-category **#1B Other E/S characteristics** covers investments aligned with the environmental or social characteristics that do not qualify as sustainable investments.

In which economic sectors were the investments made?

Sector breakdown

Sector	% of assets		
Information Technology	30.34		
Health Care	18.82		
Communication Services	12.14		
Industrials	11.81		
Consumer Discretionary	8.39		
Materials	8.18		
Financials	4.97		
Consumer Staples	4.46		
Cash	0.92		
Currency Forward	-0.03		

Data as of end of December. Due to rounding difference, figures may not add up to 100%

Sub-industry breakdown

Sub-industry	% of assets
Systems Software	17.58
Pharmaceuticals	13.78
Interactive Media & Services	9.63
Technology Hardware Storage & Peripherals	6.08
Health Care Equipment	5.04
Transaction & Payment Processing Services	4.97
Consumer Staples Merchandise Retail	4.46
Broadline Retail	4.40
Semiconductors	4.31
Construction Materials	4.22
Specialized Consumer Services	3.99
Paper & Plastic Packaging Products & Materials	3.96
Cargo Ground Transportation	3.73
Diversified Support Services	3.62
Industrial Machinery & Supplies & Components	2.97
Application Software	2.37
Publishing	2.15
Trading Companies & Distributors	1.49
Cash	0.92
Movies & Entertainment	0.36
Currency Forward	-0.03

Data as of end of December. Due to rounding difference, figures may not add up to 100%



To what extent were the sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The percentage of sustainable investments with an environmental objective of the Fund aligned with the EU Taxonomy is 0% of the net assets of the Fund.

Enabling activities directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to

Did the financial product invest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy?

² Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objectives. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.

an environmental objective.		Yes							
Transitional activities		□ In f	fossil gas	☐ In nuclear ene	ergy				
are activities for which low-carbon alternatives		No							
are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.	the alig	EU Tax gnment all the cond gr	xonomy. As t of sovereign investments aph shows th	here is no appropri bonds*, the first gra of the financial pi	iate method aph shows th roduct inclu nent only in	ology to detented to the deten	at were aligned with rmine the taxonomy- alignment in relation gn bonds, while the e investments of the		
Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:		1. Ta	xonomy-alignmer	nt of investments eign bonds*	2. Ta	axonomy-alignme excluding sover	ent of investments reign bonds*		
 turnover reflects the "greenness" of 									
investee companies today.	Tu	ırnover	0.00%		Turnover	0.00%			
 capital expenditure (CapEx) shows the green investments made by investee 		CapEx	0.00%		CapEx	0.00%			
companies, relevant for a transition to a green economy.		ОрЕх	0.00%		OpEx	0.00%			
 operational expenditure (OpEx) reflects the green operational activities of investee companies. 		0% 25% 50% 75% 100% Taxonomy-aligned: Fossil gas Taxonomy-aligned: Nuclear Taxonomy-aligned (no gas & nuclear) Non-taxonomy aligned				0% 25% 50% 75% 100% Taxonomy-aligned: Fossil gas Taxonomy-aligned: Nuclear Taxonomy-aligned (no gas & nuclear) Non-taxonomy aligned			
	This	This graph represents 100% of total investments.			This graph represents 100% of total investments.				
*For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bon What was the share of investments ma The percentage of investments in enabling or train					made in tra	nsitional and	enabling activities?		
	the	the Fund.							
		How did the percentage of investments that were aligned with the EU Taxonomy compare with previous reference periods?							
				2 the percentage of ely 0% of the net ass			aligned with the EU		
are sustainable investments with an environmental objective		What was the share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?							
that do not take into account the criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities under Regulation (EU) 2020/852	Tax pote and	The share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective not aligned with the EU Taxonomy is 22.49%. The Investment Manager has assessed the taxonomy eligibility and potential taxonomy alignment of the sustainable investments with an environmental objective and believes these companies are demonstrating positive advancement toward Taxonomy alignment and contribute to the environmental objectives identified.							



What was the share of socially sustainable investments?

The share of socially sustainable investments is 6.51%.



What investments were included under "other", what was their purpose and were there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

As at end of December 2024, the Fund held cash for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments. The Fund also held derivatives for currency hedging purposes.



What actions have been taken to meet the environmental and/or social characteristics during the reference period?

Several actions were taken to meet the environmental and/or social characteristics during the reference period.

Engagement activities:

Maintaining an active relationship with investee companies is a key element of the Investment Manager's investment process.

In 2024, 14 engagement activities were carried out with 9 companies in the Fund to encourage best practices with regard to ESG topics, including working toward mitigating any adverse impacts identified. 64% of the engagement activities were related to Environmental topics, 14% to Social topics, 14% to Governance topics and 7% to combined ESG topics.

Voting activities:

The Investment Manager exercises its right to vote at shareholder meetings in accordance with corporate governance values and voting principles that have been determined by the Investment Manager with reference to regulations, industry standards and best practice. The Investment Manager's objective is to vote systematically at all shareholder meetings when it is technically possible to do so.

BREAKDOWN OF VOTES	%
For	67.0%
Against	29.3%
Abstentions or Withholdings	3.2%
Other. ³	0.5%
In Line with Management	63.5 %
Against Management	36.5 %

¹ Voting in response to say-on-pay frequency vote options