

Sustainable investment means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices.

The **EU Taxonomy** is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852 establishing a list of **environmentally sustainable economic activities**. That Regulation does not include a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not.

Environmental and/or social characteristics

Did this financial product have a sustainable investment objective?

Yes

No

It made **sustainable investments with an environmental objective**: [N/A]

in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy

in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy

It made **sustainable investments with a social objective**: [N/A]

It **promoted Environmental/Social (E/S) characteristics** and while it did not have as its

objective a sustainable investment, it had a proportion of 70.70% of sustainable investments

with an environmental objective in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy

with an environmental objective in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy

with a social objective

It promoted E/S characteristics, but **did not make any sustainable investments**



To what extent were the environmental and/or social characteristics promoted by this financial product met?

Through our work and MSCI ESG Research, we consider a broad spectrum of criteria relating to the E pillar (physical risks linked to climate change, water stress, waste management, etc.) and S pillar (staff training, product safety, auditing production practices, etc.) as part of our general approach.

Additionally, the investment teams seek to identify relevant and material factors as part of ex-ante analysis of ESG profiles and ex-post assessment of the sustainability trajectory of the issuer and/or industry. Based on dependencies and major impacts, the following elements may be considered: controversies (type, severity and recurrence), externalities (toxic/carbon emissions, water consumption, destruction of biodiversity, accidents, dismissals, strikes, precarious contracts, fraud, etc.) and contributions (Taxonomy alignment, participation in the United Nations sustainable development goals (SDG), alignment with the Paris Agreement temperature goal, etc.).

How did the sustainability indicators perform?

Sustainability indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained.

The performance of the sustainability indicators used to demonstrate the promotion of the aforementioned environmental and/or social characteristics is shown below. A detailed ESG report is available in the appendix.

...and compared to previous periods?

Sustainability indicators	31/12/2024	29/12/2023
ESG score (/10)	6.84	6.65
E score (/10)	6.96	6.88
S score (/10)	5.3	5.2
G score (/10)	6.1	5.9
Women on the board of directors (%)	36.00%	35%
Carbon intensity (tonnes of CO ₂ eq/million dollars of revenue)	125	122
Asset stranding transition categories (%)	1.00%	0%
SBTi target set companies (%)	21.00%	24%
SBTi committed companies (%)	24.00%	24%
Green share (%)	5.00%	5%

As the data shown in the table has been recalculated, there may be slight differences from the original publication.

What were the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intended to make and how did the sustainable investments contribute to such objectives?

With regard to corporate issuers, the objectives followed by the product's sustainable investments are:

- Companies' general positive contribution through contributing revenue, i.e. revenue linked to activities with a positive impact on the environment or society (clean energy, energy efficiency, access to care, etc.) or to issuance of sustainable debt instruments (green, social or sustainable bonds);
- Contribution to environmental objectives, such as targets for reducing emissions in line with the Paris Agreement or reducing water use;
- Contribution to social objectives, through alignment with United Nations Sustainable Development Goal 5 (gender equality), 8 (decent work and economic growth) or 10 (reduced inequalities).

Public issuers qualifying as sustainable investments promoted the following objectives:

- States' general positive contribution through issuance of sustainable debt instruments (green, social or sustainable bonds);
- Positive environmental contribution: Signatory to the Paris Agreement or the United Nations Convention on Biological Diversity;
- Positive social contribution: Performance with respect to equality (Gini index) and freedom of the press (Freedom House).

As at 31 December 2024, the product had invested 70.70% of its net assets in issuers qualifying as sustainable investments, of which 55.59% contributed to an environmental objective, and 64.21% to a social objective, as described above.

We used the data published by and available from MSCI ESG Research.

As at 31 December 2024, the Taxonomy-alignment of the product was 3.07%. Taxonomy-aligned investments contributed to the following objectives:

- Climate change mitigation
- Climate change adaptation

How did the sustainable investments that the financial product partially made not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

In order to be classed as sustainable, an investment must do no significant harm to the various environmental or social objectives to which it intends to contribute.

To ensure that the sustainable investments of the financial product do no significant harm (“DNSH”) to any of its environmental or social objectives, our DNSH procedure for products with a sustainable objective includes:

- Standard sector exclusions which reduce the product’s exposure to social and environmental controversies;
- Consideration of the mandatory principal adverse impacts (PAIs) of these investments on sustainability factors.

We also use ESG ratings as part of our approach, as a minimum safeguard in relation to overall sustainability performance.

How were the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors taken into account?

All mandatory PAIs are taken into consideration in the Management Company’s definition of sustainable investments by means of:

- Sectoral and normative exclusions, including compliance with minimum guarantees, through exclusionary PAIs:
 - o PAI 10 – Violations of UN Global Compact principles and OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises, for corporate issuers;
 - o PAI 14 – Exposure to controversial weapons, for corporate issuers;
 - o PAI 16 – Investee countries subject to social violations, for sovereign issuers;
- A proprietary quantitative scoring model, incorporating mandatory PAIs.

Further details on the scoring model are available in the document “Definition of sustainable investments” which can be found on our website:

<https://am.fr.rothschildandco.com/en/responsible-investing/documentation/>.

Were the sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Detailed description:

For all the Management Company’s investments, we exclude companies suspected of violating the ten fundamental principles of the United Nations Global Compact (UNGC).

Furthermore, as part of our definition of a sustainable investment for corporate issuers, we check to ensure that there are no violations of the United Nations Global Compact (UNGC) or OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises. To that end, we use an overall controversy indicator measuring the company’s past and current involvement in violations of international standards. The regulatory frameworks considered include the following: the United Nations Global Compact (UNGC), the United Nations Guiding Principles on

Principal adverse impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anti-corruption and anti-bribery matters.

Business and Human Rights, the Conventions of the International Labour Organization (ILO) and the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises.

The EU Taxonomy sets out a “do no significant harm” principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific EU criteria.

The “do no significant harm” principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.



How did this financial product take into account principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

The financial product considers principal adverse impacts (PAI) on the sustainability factors on which Rothschild & Co Asset Management focuses its efforts as a priority:

o Corporate issuers

- Climate change
 - o Greenhouse gas intensity and emissions, scopes 1 and 2 (PAI 1 & 3)
 - o Exposure to companies active in the fossil fuel sector (PAI 4)
 - o Investments in companies without carbon emission reduction initiatives (optional climate PAI 4)
- Human rights, business ethics and respect for human dignity
 - o Violations of UN Global Compact principles and Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises (PAI 10)
 - o Board gender diversity (PAI 13)
 - o Exposure to controversial weapons (PAI 14)
 - o Lack of anti-corruption and anti-bribery policies (optional social/human rights PAI 15)

o Sovereign issuers:

- Human rights, business ethics and respect for human dignity
- Investee countries subject to social violations (PAI 16)

As part of taking PAIs into account, we relied on methodology and data from our external service provider, MSCI ESG Research.

From an operational standpoint, adverse impacts are taken into account in every aspect of our sustainability approach, including the exclusion policy, the analysis and selection process using ESG criteria, the engagement system and ESG reporting.

For this product, we report annually on all mandatory PAIs and optional PAIs chosen by the Management Company.

Adverse sustainability indicator	Metric	Impact	Unit
1. GHG emissions	Scope 1 GHG emissions	32,747.2	tCO ₂
1. GHG emissions	Scope 2 GHG emissions	5,470.9	tCO ₂
1. GHG emissions	Scope 3 GHG emissions	176,624.0	tCO ₂
1. GHG emissions	Scopes 1/2 GHG emissions	38,218.1	tCO ₂
1. GHG emissions	Scopes 1/2/3 GHG emissions	214,842.1	tCO ₂
2. Carbon footprint	Scope 1 carbon footprint	74.7	tCO ₂ /EUR m
2. Carbon footprint	Scope 2 carbon footprint	12.5	tCO ₂ /EUR m

2. Carbon footprint	Scope 3 carbon footprint	405.3	tCO ₂ /EUR m
2. Carbon footprint	Scopes 1/2 carbon footprint	87.1	tCO ₂ /EUR m
2. Carbon footprint	Scopes 1/2/3 carbon footprint	489.9	tCO ₂ /EUR m
3. Carbon intensity	Scopes 1/2/3 carbon intensity	835.6	TCO _{2e} /EUR m
4. Exposure to companies active in the fossil fuel sector	Exposure to companies active in the fossil fuel sector	7.1	%
5. Share of non-renewable energy consumption and production	Share of non-renewable energy consumption and production	69.2	%
6. Energy consumption intensity per high impact climate sector	A sector	0.0	GWh/EUR m
6. Energy consumption intensity per high impact climate sector	B sector	0.8	GWh/EUR m
6. Energy consumption intensity per high impact climate sector	C sector	0.5	GWh/EUR m
6. Energy consumption intensity per high impact climate sector	D sector	1.7	GWh/EUR m
6. Energy consumption intensity per high impact climate sector	E sector	2.7	GWh/EUR m
6. Energy consumption intensity per high impact climate sector	F sector	0.2	GWh/EUR m
6. Energy consumption intensity per high impact climate sector	G sector	0.1	GWh/EUR m
6. Energy consumption intensity per high impact climate sector	H sector	0.5	GWh/EUR m
6. Energy consumption intensity per high impact climate sector	L sector	0.4	GWh/EUR m
7. Activities negatively affecting biodiversity-sensitive areas	Activities negatively affecting biodiversity-sensitive areas	27.1	%
8. Emissions to water	Emissions to water	0.0	T/EUR m invested
9. Hazardous waste ratio	Hazardous waste ratio	0.0	T/EUR m invested
10. Violations of UN Global Compact principles and Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises	Violations of UN Global Compact principles and Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises	0.0	%
11. Lack of processes and compliance mechanisms to monitor compliance with UN Global Compact principles and OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises	Lack of processes and compliance mechanisms to monitor compliance with UN Global Compact principles and OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises	0.6	%
12. Unadjusted gender pay gap	Unadjusted gender pay gap	13.6	%
13. Board gender diversity	Board gender diversity	41.2	%
14. Exposure to controversial weapons (anti-personnel mines, cluster munitions, chemical weapons and biological weapons)	Exposure to controversial weapons (anti-personnel mines, cluster munitions, chemical weapons and biological weapons)	0.0	%
15. GHG intensity	GHG intensity	180.1	TCO _{2e} /EUR m of GDP
16. Investee countries subject to social	Investee countries subject to social	0.0	number

violations (number of countries)	violations (number of countries)		
16. Investee countries subject to social violations (in relative terms)	Investee countries subject to social violations (in relative terms)	0.0	%
16. Investee countries subject to social violations (as % of AuM)	Investee countries subject to social violations (as % of AuM)	0.0	%
4 (optional). Investments in companies without carbon emission reduction initiatives	Investments in companies without carbon emission reduction initiatives	46.0	%
15 (optional). Lack of anti-corruption and anti-bribery policies	Lack of anti-corruption and anti-bribery policies	1.5	%



What were the top investments of this financial product?

The list includes the investments constituting the **greatest proportion of investments** of the financial product during the reference period which is: 31/12/2024

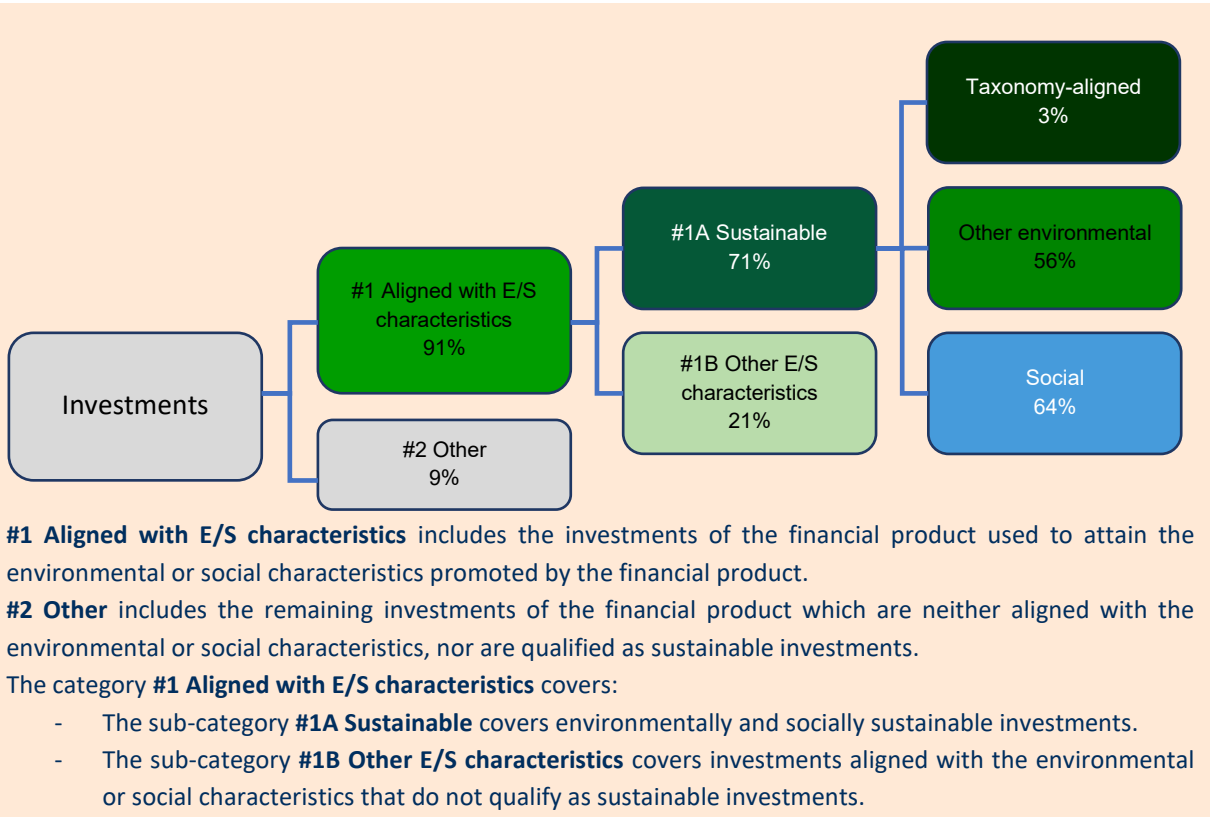
Largest investments	Sector	% Assets	Country
RMM Court Terme C	-	8.47%	Europe
Bundesrepub. Deutschland 2.6 08/15/33	Govt	7.74%	Germany
Future Euro-bobl Mar25	-	3.17%	Germany
Trip.com Group Ltd	Technology	1.47%	Asia excl. Japan
Meta Platforms Inc	Technology	1.45%	US
MercadoLibre Inc	Technology	1.34%	Latin America
Ivanhoe Mines Ltd	Commodities	1.26%	Canada
Grab Holdings Ltd	Technology	1.24%	Asia excl. Japan
Agnico Eagle Mines Ltd	Commodities	1.21%	Canada
Alibaba Group Holding Ltd	Technology	1.20%	Asia excl. Japan
Walt Disney Co/The	Consumer discretionary	1.17%	US
Airbus SE	Industrial goods	1.13%	France
Uber Technologies Inc	Technology	1.12%	US
Newmont Corp	Commodities	1.08%	US
Contemporary Amperex Technolog	Automotive	1.06%	Asia excl. Japan



What was the proportion of sustainability-related investments?

What was the asset allocation?

Asset allocation describes the share of investments in specific assets.



The applicable criteria for **fossil gas** to be considered aligned with the EU Taxonomy include restrictions on emissions and a transition to fully renewable energy sources or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For **nuclear energy**, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules.

Enabling activities directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective.

Transitional activities are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.

The asset allocation figures presented above are expressed as a percentage of net assets.

In which economic sectors were the investments made?

Sector	% Assets
Banking	14.97%
Technology	13.28%
Industrial goods	9.55%
Financial services	8.92%
Govt	8.59%
Commodities	5.37%
Insurance	5.01%
Consumer discretionary	4.65%
Health care	3.96%
Construction	3.08%
Energy	2.41%
Utilities	2.19%
Automotive	1.99%
Consumer staples	1.37%
Chemicals	1.31%
Telecoms	0.66%



To what extent were the sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

Did the financial product invest in nuclear and/or fossil gas related activities complying with the EU Taxonomy¹?

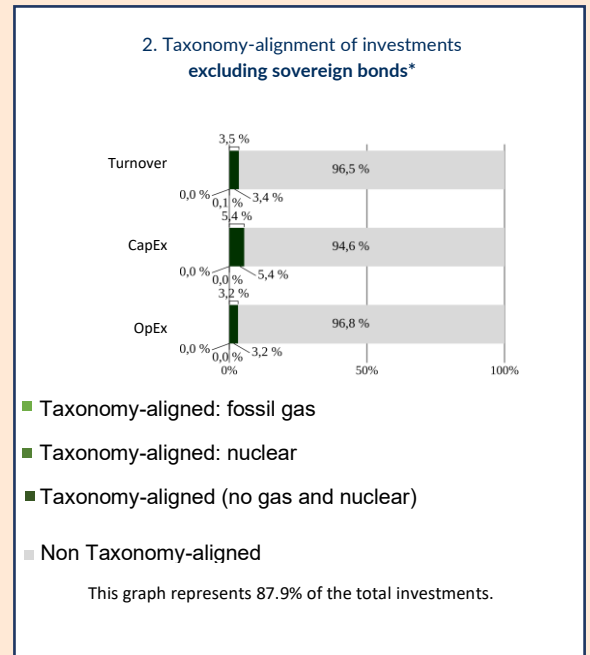
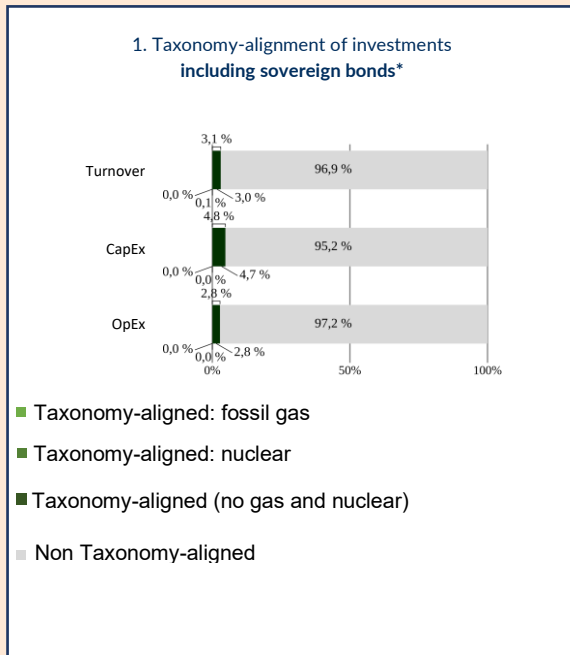
Yes

In fossil gas

In nuclear energy

No

The graphs below show in green the percentage of investments that were aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds*, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds.



* For the purpose of these graphs, "sovereign bonds" consist of all sovereign exposures

Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

- **turnover** reflecting the share of revenue from green activities of investee companies;

- **capital expenditure** (CapEx) showing the green investments made by investee companies, e.g. for a transition to a green economy;

- **operational expenditure** (OpEx) reflecting green operational activities of investee companies.

We used the Taxonomy data reported and collected by MSCI ESG Research.

What was the share of investments made in transitional and enabling activities?

As at 31 December 2024, 0.07% of investments were made in transitional activities, and 1.51% in enabling activities.

How did the percentage of investments that were aligned with the EU Taxonomy compare with previous reference periods?

	31/12/2024	29/12/2023	Change in basis points
Alignment with the EU Taxonomy	3.1%	2.0%	107

¹ Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective – see explanatory note in the left-hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.

are sustainable investments with an environmental objective that **do not take into account the criteria** for environmentally sustainable economic activities under Regulation (EU) 2020/852.



What was the share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

Within the sustainable investments made, the share with an environmental objective not aligned with the Taxonomy is 55.59% of net assets.



What was the share of socially sustainable investments?

Within the sustainable investments made, the share with a social objective is 64.21% of net assets.



What investments were included under “other”, what was their purpose and were there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

A share of the financial product’s net assets may be invested in securities that are not analysed with respect to ESG criteria. However, all investments adhere to the Management Company’s common exclusion framework, guaranteeing a baseline level of compliance with ESG principles.

Such securities held in the portfolio serve to further the financial product’s financial investment objective. The financial product may invest up to 10% of its net assets in cash on an ancillary basis.



What actions have been taken to meet the environmental and/or social characteristics during the reference period?

During the financial year, the product’s allocation was adjusted on the basis of its sustainability procedures and the environmental and social characteristics promoted.

Such adjustments related to sector exposures and/or investments in specific issuers, and were made on the basis of updates to exclusion lists and/or investment cases, compliance with the product’s sustainability requirements, controversies management and/or engagement activities. During the financial year, the management company’s common exclusion framework was expanded to include all controversial weapons.

Our Engagement and Voting Report summarises our major engagement activity and voting decisions during the course of the year, together with concrete examples of cases encountered in the Rothschild & Co Asset Management portfolios. This report is available on our website at the following address:

<https://am.fr.rothschildandco.com/en/responsible-investing/documentation/>.



How did this financial product perform compared with

the reference benchmark?

How does the reference benchmark differ from a broad market index?

N/A

How did this financial product perform with regard to the sustainability indicators to determine the alignment of the reference benchmark with the environmental or social characteristics promoted?

N/A

How did this financial product perform compared with the reference benchmark?

N/A

How did this financial product perform compared with the broad market index?

N/A

Reference benchmarks are indexes to measure whether the financial product attains the environmental or social characteristics that they promote.



R-co Valor Balanced C EUR

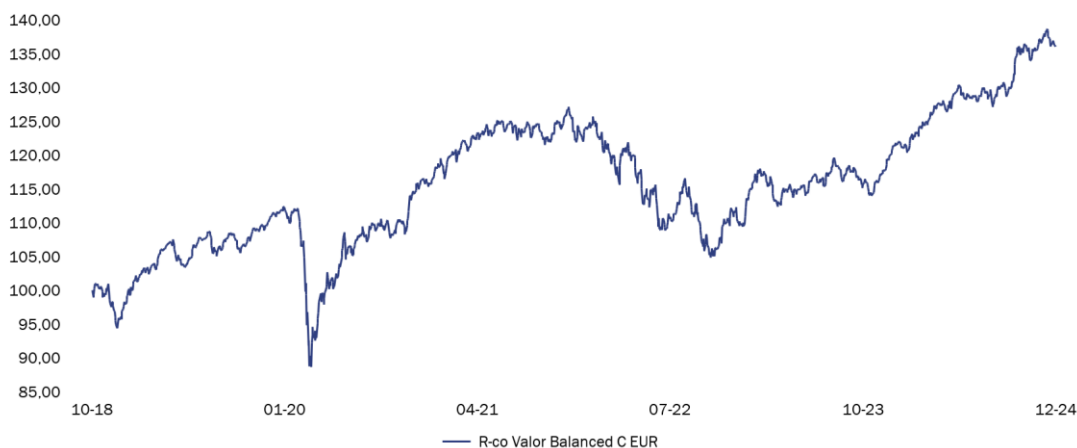
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INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE

Achieve capital growth over a recommended investment horizon of three to five years via exposure to equity and fixed-income markets with a balanced profile, discretionary asset allocation and a selection of financial securities based on the financial analysis of issuers.

PERFORMANCE CHART SINCE INCEPTION



AS OF 31/12/2024

 ISIN
FR0013367265
 Net Asset Value
136,18 €
 AuM
587,17 M€

CUMULATIVE PERFORMANCE (%)

	1 month	2024	1 year	3 years	5 years	Inception
Fund	-0,55	11,62	11,62	9,64	22,78	36,18

ANNUAL PERFORMANCE (%)

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Fund	11,35	-11,79	6,68	4,98	15,64

ANNUALISED PERFORMANCE (%)

	3 years	5 years	Inception
Fund	3,11	4,19	5,12

RISK INDICATORS

	1 year	3 years	5 years
Fund volatility (%)	5,68	7,84	9,71
Bench. volatility (%)	-	-	-
Sharpe Ratio*	1,41	0,10	0,30
Tracking error (%)	-	-	-
Information Ratio	-	-	-
Beta	-	-	-

Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future performance.

Calculation: weekly basis. The figures provided relate to past months and years.

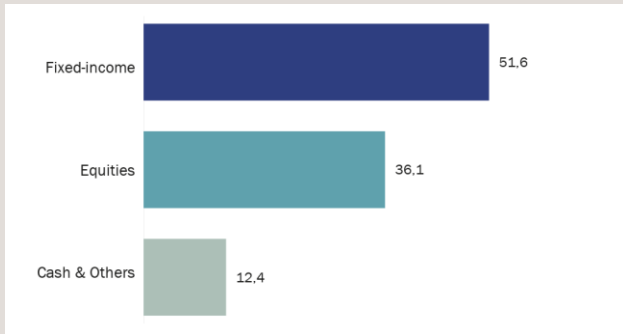
*Replacement of EONIA by ESTR as the new reference short-term interest rate in the eurozone from 01/01/2022.

Source: Rothschild & Co Asset Management. This non-contractual document does not constitute an offer to sell or investment advice. Its purpose is to provide you with simplified information on the fund's features. Before any subscription please read the legal notices on page 3. For further information please refer to the regulatory documents (KID or complete prospectus) and/or your usual contact person: Rothschild & Co Asset Management – 29 avenue de Messine – 75008 Paris - France – Tel: (33) 1 40 74 40 74 – AMF approval number GP-17000014



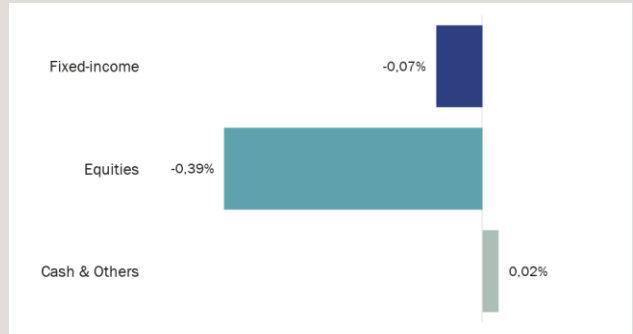
Overall portfolio

ASSET CLASS EXPOSURE (%)



NB: Cash & Others segment includes restatement of derivatives
 Cash & Other = Money market funds, OATs less than 1 year and cash

GROSS CONTRIBUTION TO PERFORMANCE IN THE MONTH



CONTRIBUTION TO GROSS PERFORMANCE BY ASSET CLASS (%)

Asset class	Average fund weight	Average benchmark weight	Average overweight	Fund contribution	Benchmark contribution	Relative contribution
Fixed-income	52,5	-	-	-0,07	-	-
Equities	36,9	-	-	-0,39	-	-
Cash & Others	10,6	-	-	0,02	-	-
Total	100,0	-	-	-0,43	-	-

Source: Rothschild & Co Asset Management



Equity segment

% invested : 36,07%

% exposed : 36,07%

TOP HOLDINGS (%)

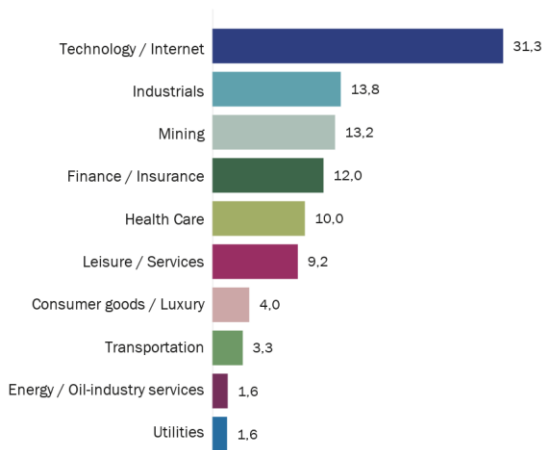
Name	%
Trip.com Group Ltd	1,5
Meta Platforms Inc	1,5
MercadoLibre Inc	1,3
Alphabet	1,3
Ivanhoe Mines Ltd	1,3

Non rebased weights

MAIN TRANSACTIONS OVER THE MONTH

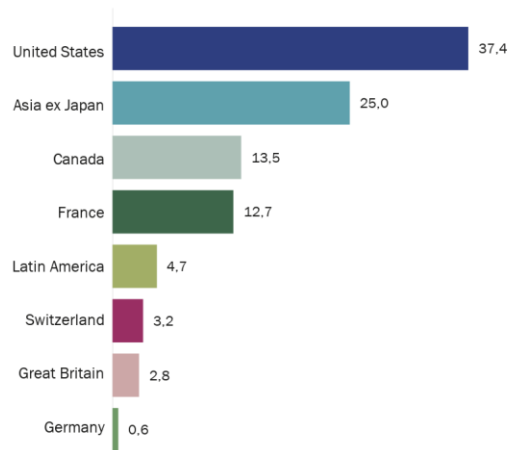
Purchases	Sales
Huntington Bancshares Inc/OH	No sell movement
Alibaba Group Holding Ltd	

NET EXPOSURE BY SECTOR (%)



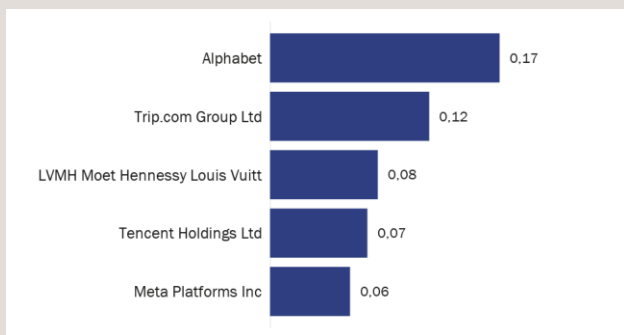
Rebased weights

NET EXPOSURE BY GEOGRAPHICAL REGION (%)



Rebased weights

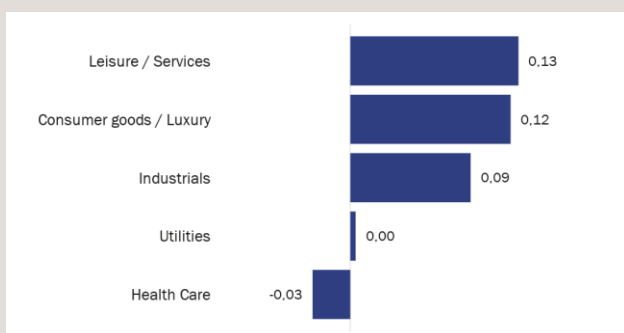
BEST CONTRIBUTIONS BY ASSET (%)



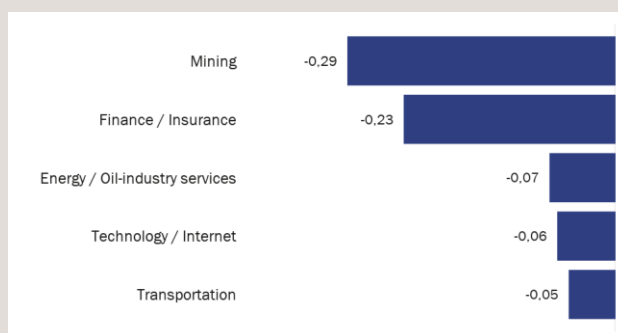
WORST CONTRIBUTIONS BY ASSET (%)



BEST CONTRIBUTIONS BY SECTOR (%)



WORST CONTRIBUTIONS BY SECTOR (%)





Fixed Income segment

Modified Duration : 3,90 YTM : 3,54%

TOP HOLDINGS (%)

Name	%
Bundesrepub. Deutschland 2.6 08/15/33	7,7
Enel Finance Intl Nv 0 1/4 06/17/27	0,8
Erste&steiermar Bank Dd 0 3/4 07/06/28	0,6
Intesa Sanpaolo Spa 5 1/4 01/13/30	0,6
Iccrea Banca Spa 4 1/4 02/05/30	0,5

Non rebased weights
Excluding UCITS and derivatives

CONTRIBUTION TO GROSS PERFORMANCE BY DEBT TYPE (%)

Debt type	Average weight	Contribution
Corporate	31,9	0,00
Senior financials - covered	28,5	0,06
Government	15,0	-0,29
Financial T2	12,3	0,01
Financial T1	6,9	0,10
Bond fund	3,1	0,02
Corporate hybrid	2,7	0,01
Derivatives and counterparties	-0,4	-0,06
Total	100,0	-0,14

MAIN TRANSACTIONS OVER THE MONTH

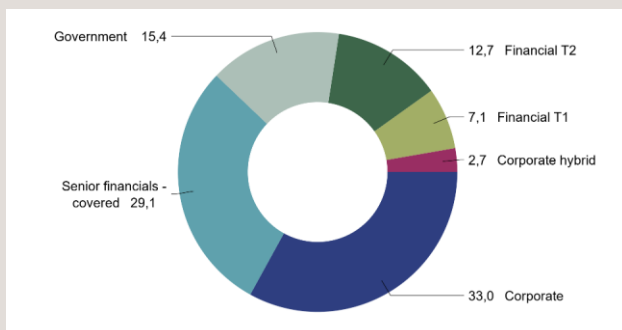
Purchases	Sales
No purchase movement	Deut Pfandbriefbank Ag 4 3/8 08/28/26
	G City Europe Ltd 4 1/4 09/11/25

MODIFIED DURATION EXPOSURE BY MATURITY

Maturity	Weight (%)	Contribution to sensitivity
< 1 year	9,6	0,07
1-3 years	34,5	0,69
3-5 years	29,2	1,18
5-7 years	7,2	0,41
7-10 years	19,4	1,55
> 10 years		
Cash		
Total	100,0	3,90

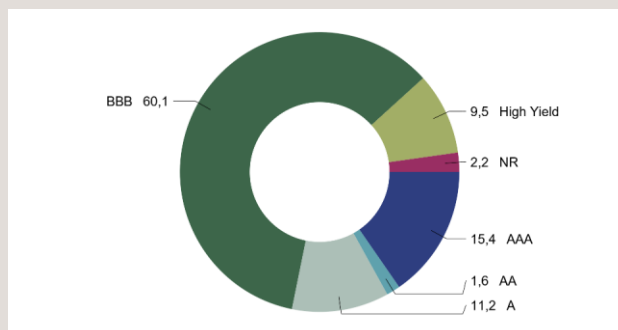
Rebased weights

DISTRIBUTION BY TYPE OF BONDS (%)



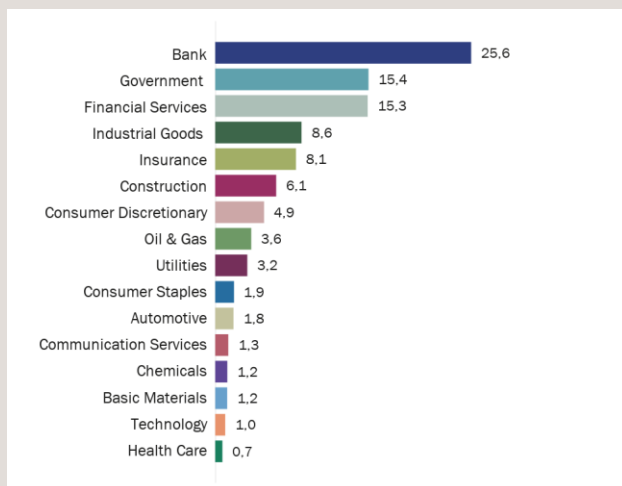
Rebased weights
Excluding UCITS and derivatives

BREAKDOWN BY RATING (%)



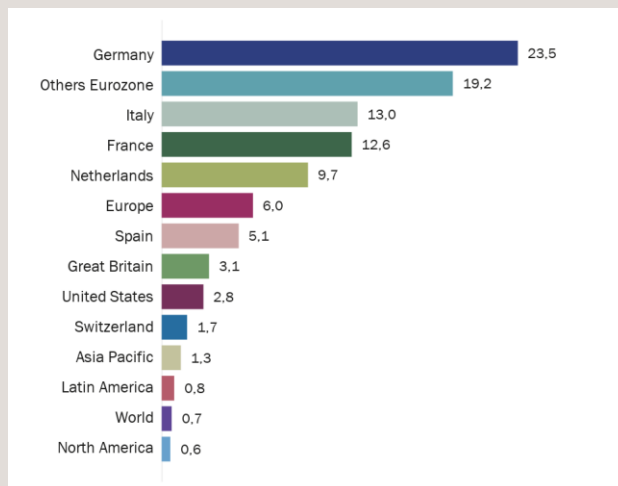
Rebased weights
Excluding UCITS and derivatives

NET EXPOSURE BY SECTOR (%)



Rebased weights

NET EXPOSURE BY GEOGRAPHICAL REGION (%)



Rebased weights



Characteristics

Legal

Legal form	SICAV
Domicile	France
AMF Classification	-
Share / Fund Currency	EUR
Share Class Type	Accumulation
Inception date	24/10/2018
Class inception	26/10/2018
Investment horizon	3-5 years
Benchmark	-

Fund service providers

Management company	Rothschild & Co Asset Management
Custodian	Rothschild Martin Maurel
Administrative Agent	Caceis Fund Administration
Fund manager	Yoann IGNATIEW / Emmanuel PETIT / Philippe LOMNE

Risk level

Lower risk							Higher risk
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7

Potentially lower return Higher yield potential

The synthetic risk indicator shows the level of risk of this product compared to others. It indicates the probability that this product will suffer losses in the event of market movements or our inability to pay you.

We have classified this product in risk class 3 out of 7, which is a low to medium risk class. This means that the potential losses associated with the future performance of the product are low to medium and, should market conditions deteriorate, it is unlikely that our ability to pay you will be affected.

Other important risk factors not adequately covered by the indicator :

Credit risk: Risk of deterioration in credit quality or risk of default by an issuer that could negatively impact the price of the assets in the portfolio.

Counterparty risk: Risk of default by a counterparty to an OTC transaction (swap, repo). These risks may have a negative impact on the net asset value of the Fund.

Impact of techniques such as derivatives: The use of derivatives can amplify the impact of market movement effects on the portfolio.

Fees

Subscription fee (max) / Redemption fee (max.)	3% / None
Financial management fees	1,30% Maximum total including VAT of net assets
Ex-post ongoing charges	1,32%
Performance fee	None
Administrative fees	-

Glossary

Carbon intensity

The Carbon Intensity of the portfolio is defined as the weighted sum of the carbon intensities of the underlying assets in the portfolio.

Science Based Targets initiative (SBTi)

Science Based Targets initiative is an international climate action organisation that develops standards, tools and advice that enable companies to set greenhouse gas (GHG) emission reduction targets based on climate science and what is needed to reach the target of net zero by 2050 at the latest.

Target Set: Corporate targets are clearly defined and science based programmes to reduce greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions that have been reviewed and validated by SBTi. The objectives of these undertakings are expressed by temperature alignments.

Committed: Commitments represent a company's intention to develop objectives and submit them for validation within 24 months. These companies do not yet have targets validated by SBTi.

SFDR articles

Article 6: the financial product does not necessarily promote ESG characteristics or have specific sustainable investment objectives.

Article 8: the financial product promotes certain environmental and social characteristics.

Article 9: the financial product has sustainable investment objectives.

Green share

Share of sales of underlying assets contributing to transition.

Category "transition to a low carbon economy"

This indicator classifies companies according to their exposure to the risks and opportunities associated with the transition to a low-carbon economy.

The different categories are :

Asset Stranding: assets that lose value due to unfavourable market developments (legislation, environmental constraints, technological disruptions) that cause significant devaluation (e.g. companies owning coal mines);

Operational transition: a company facing increased operating costs due to carbon taxes or having to make significant investments to implement solutions to reduce their greenhouse gas emissions (e.g. cement producers);

Product offering in transition: a company facing a decline in demand for carbon-intensive products and having to shift its product offering towards products compatible with a low-carbon economy (e.g. the automotive sector);

Neutral: a company with low exposure to increases in operating costs/capital expenditure associated with the transition to a low-carbon economy (e.g. the healthcare sector);

Solutions: a company that provides products or services that are expected to benefit from the transition to a low-carbon economy (e.g. renewable energy power producers).



Management report | ESG

ESG data are dated from the beginning of the quarter

ESG RATING

	Score	Rating
Fund	6,84	A
Management universe	6,01	A
Adjusted scores within their industry		
Coverage rate		94%
Number of holdings		203
Number of ESG rated holdings		185

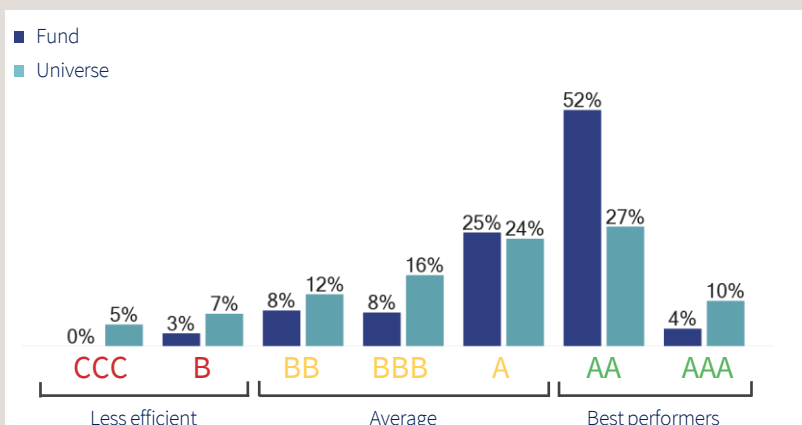
ESG SCORE COMPARISON BY PILLAR

	E	S	G
Fund	6,96	5,29	6,13
Management universe	5,94	4,99	5,51

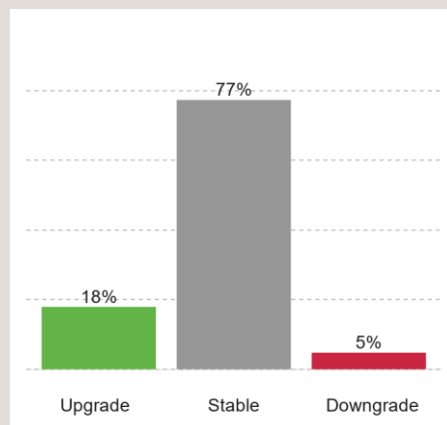
WOMEN REPRESENTATION ON THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Fund	36%
Management universe	29%

RATING DISTRIBUTIONS (% EXCLUDING CASH)



RATING EVOLUTION (OVER 12 MONTHS)



DISTRIBUTION OF RATINGS BY SECTOR (% EXCLUDING CASH)

Sector	Weight	Not rated	CCC	B	BB	BBB	A	AA	AAA
Consumer goods	3,5%	8,4%	-	12,2%	8,3%	10,6%	14,6%	45,9%	-
Oil & Gas	2,5%	-	-	-	-	-	34,6%	65,4%	-
Financials	29,7%	8,4%	-	1,2%	6,2%	6,1%	26,7%	48,8%	2,6%
Industrials	12,1%	7,5%	-	-	9,5%	5,8%	22,9%	45,5%	8,7%
Materials	6,9%	11,1%	-	-	16,1%	-	35,0%	37,8%	-
Health Care	4,1%	-	-	-	19,0%	18,1%	33,3%	29,6%	-
Utilities	1,9%	15,2%	-	-	-	-	-	42,0%	42,8%
Consumer services	12,9%	-	-	3,3%	3,4%	16,0%	48,1%	21,2%	8,0%
Sovereign	8,8%	-	-	-	-	-	9,9%	90,1%	-
Technology	6,7%	-	-	22,3%	25,6%	20,5%	12,5%	19,1%	-
Communication Services	0,7%	73,7%	-	-	26,3%	-	-	-	-
UCIs	10,2%	6,9%	-	-	-	-	-	93,1%	-

Source: Rothschild & Co Asset Management



Management report | ESG

CARBON INTENSITY (SCOPE 1 + 2) AND GREEN SHARE

	tons of CO2 per sales, in millions of USD
Fund	125
Management universe	107
<i>Relative Difference</i>	<i>18</i>
Coverage rate	77%
Green share	5%

MAIN SECTORS CONTRIBUTING TO CARBON INTENSITY

Sectors	Weight	Contribution to the carbon intensity	Contribution to the carbon intensity (%)
Materials	8,9%	50,3	40%
Utilities	2,5%	29,6	24%
Industrials	14,9%	14,6	12%
Top 3	26,2%	94,5	75%

MAIN CONTRIBUTORS TO CARBON INTENSITY

Issuers	Weight	ESG rating	E Score	Low carbon Transition Management Score	Annual emissions (MtCO2)	Carbon intensity	Contribution to the carbon intensity (%)
AES CORP/THE	0,8%	AA	7,0	6,8	40,3	3 192,4	19,2%
ARCELORMITTAL SA	0,8%	BB	3,2	6,1	116,5	1 671,1	10,7%
Air Liquide SA	0,9%	A	4,1	6,7	37,6	1 233,5	9,1%
Ivanhoe Mines Ltd	1,7%	A	3,5	2,0	0,1	495,6	6,6%
EASYJET FINCO BV	0,6%	AA	5,7	6,8	7,5	754,2	3,5%
Top 5	4,7%						49,1%

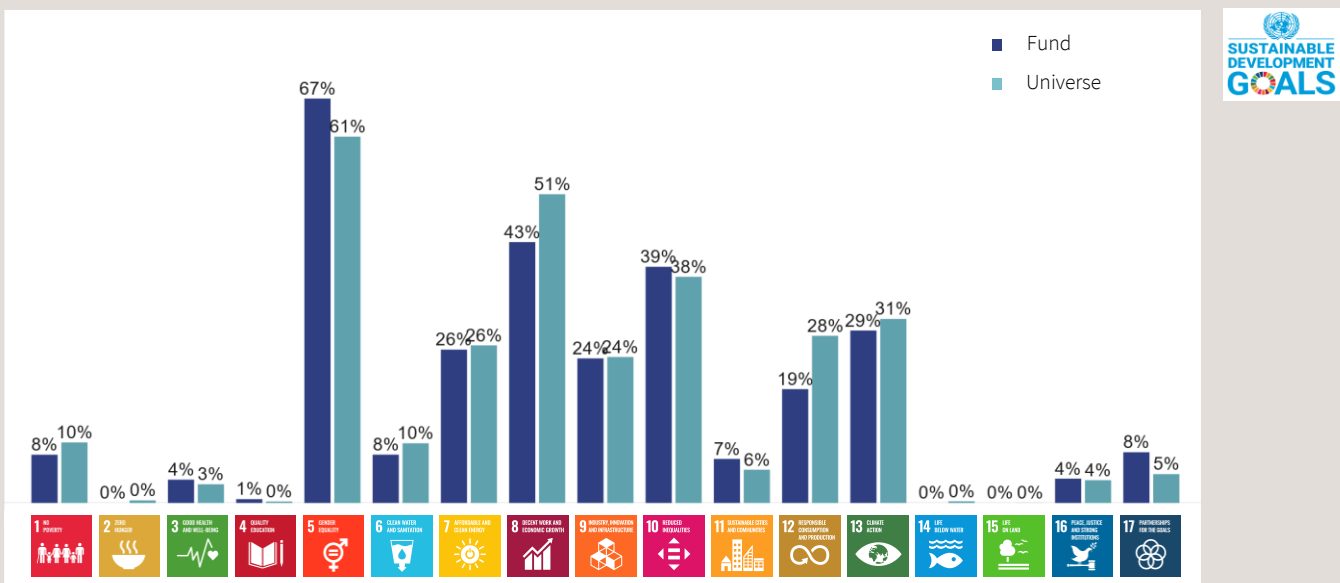
ISSUERS FROM THE "ASSET STRANDING" TRANSITION CATEGORY

Fund	1%
Management universe	1%

SBTi INVOLVED COMPANIES

Target Set	21%
Committed	24%

% OF PORTFOLIO ALIGNED WITH SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS





Disclaimer

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Pursuant to the U.S. Securities Act of 1933 as amended ("Securities Act of 1933"), units or shares in this fund are not and will not be registered in the United States, or admitted by virtue of any US law. These units must be neither offered, sold or transferred in the United States (including in its territories and possessions) nor benefit directly or indirectly a US person (as defined by Regulation S of the Securities Act of 1933) or similar (such as defined in the US "HIRE" law of 18 March 2010 and in the "FATCA" mechanism).

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The Fund's articles of incorporation or association, the full prospectus, the simplified prospectus, the annual and semi-annual reports of each Fund, may be obtained, on simple request and free of charge in French and Dutch from Rothschild Martin Maurel, having its registered office at 29, avenue de Messine, 75008 Paris, France, acting on behalf of its branch office Rothschild & Co Wealth Management Belgium having its registered office at: 166 avenue Louise B - 1050 Bruxelles, Belgique.

Any information for investors in Belgium pertaining to Rothschild & Co Asset Management or the fund will be published in a local Belgian media outlet or provided by the fund marketing entity.

- Information for Luxembourg investors

The Fund's articles of incorporation or association, the full prospectus, the simplified prospectus, the annual and semi-annual reports of each Fund, may be obtained, on simple request and free of charge from : CACEIS Bank, Luxembourg Branch, 5, allée Scheffer, L-2520 Luxembourg. Any information for investors in Luxembourg pertaining to Rothschild & Co Asset Management or the fund will be published in a local Luxembourg media outlet or provided by the fund marketing entity.

- Information for Dutch investors

The Fund's articles of incorporation or association, Key Investor Information document (KID), prospectus and the latest periodic documents (annual or semi-annual reports) of each fund may be obtained on simple request and free of charge in Dutch and in English from Rothschild & Co Asset Management - Service Commercial; 29, avenue de Messine; 75008 Paris; France. Any information for investors in the Netherlands pertaining to Rothschild & Co Asset Management or the fund will be published in a local Dutch media outlet or provided by the fund marketing entity.

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- Homepage

All documents are also available at:
am.eu.rothschildandco.com

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